

# **VistA Lab Enhancements (VLE) – Microbiology**

**Release: MMRs\*1.0\*5**

## **User Guide**



**April 2017**

**Document Version 1.0**

**Department of Veterans Affairs**

**Office of Information and Technology (OI&T)**

## Revision History

Date	Revision	Description	Author
04/21/2017	1.0	Document baselined.	REDACTED

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# 1. Introduction

## 1.1. Purpose

The Multi-Drug Resistant Organisms (MDRO) Program Tools (PT) application provides a method to extract data related to Methicillin-Resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* (MRSA), Carbapenem-Resistance (CRB-R), Vancomycin-Resistant *Enterococcus* (VRE), *Clostridium difficile* (C. diff), and Extended-spectrum beta-lactamase (ESBL). MDRO-PT contains reports that will extract and consolidate required data for entry into the Inpatient Evaluation Center (IPEC) system. Reports can also be generated to display real-time patient specific information, and can be used to identify patients that have a selected MDRO, and to identify patients who either received or did not receive a nares screening upon admission to the unit.

The warranty release MMRS\*1.0\*5 contains enhancements related to the data collected and displayed for the “CDI Report”. It also contains an enhancement to capture transfers from an observation unit which is related to the “MRSA Tools Ward Mapping Setup” menu.

In regards to enhancements, the “Facility CDI Cases Report” have been revised. The “Facility CDI Cases Report” has been amended to include a header entitled “Report Period” followed by the beginning and ending positive “CDI Lab ID Event” collection dates.

To comply with the National Healthcare Safety Network’s (NHSN) guidelines for determining and recording the number of patients in an inpatient unit, the Veterans Health Administration (VHA) MDRO Prevention Initiative program will now record observation patients that are either admitted to or monitored at an inpatient facility. As a result, facilities will now be required to report MDRO nares screening rates and bed days of care (BDOC) for these observation patients to the IPEC system. To facilitate the required reporting to IPEC, the MMRS\*1.0\*5 release includes updates to the “MRSA IPEC Report” which will capture transfers from an observation unit to an inpatient unit that have been properly configured in the MRSA Tools Ward Mapping Setup per the guidelines for creating geographical units.

## 1.2. Dependencies

Release MMRS\*1.0\*5 includes the following dependencies:

- MMRS\*1.0\*4
- LR\*5.2\*463
- Remediation steps completed per the MMRS\*1.0\*4 *Post-Installation Remediation Guide*. The guide is available on the Department of Veterans Affairs Software Document Library (VDL).

## 1.3. Constraints

Security controls will be inherited from VistA and therefore will be fully compliant with National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) controls and in compliance with Directive 6500. In addition, the MMRS\*1.0\*5 release will be 508 compliant and designed to ensure no performance impacts will be experienced in the production environments.

## **1.4. Document Orientation**

### **1.4.1. Organization of the Manual**

An explanation of the features and functions of the MMRS\*1.0\*5 release are provided in this guide.

### **1.4.2. Assumptions**

This guide was written with the following assumed experience/skills of the audience:

- User has basic knowledge of the operating system (such as the use of commands, menu options, and navigation tools).
- User has been provided the appropriate active roles, menus, and required security keys.
- User is familiar with the VistA Microbiology system.

### **1.4.3. Coordination**

Coordination of this release will be performed by Local Facility staff and supported by team members from one or more of the operations organizations: Enterprise Systems Engineering (ESE), Field Operations (FO), Enterprise Operations (EO), Lab SMEs and/or others.

### **1.4.4. Disclaimers**

#### **1.4.4.1. Software Disclaimer**

This software was developed at the Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) by employees of the Federal Government in the course of their official duties. Pursuant to title 17 Section 105 of the United States Code this software is not subject to copyright protection and is in the public domain. VA assumes no responsibility whatsoever for its use by other parties, and makes no guarantees, expressed or implied, about its quality, reliability, or any other characteristic. However, the VA would appreciate acknowledgement if the software is used. This software can be redistributed and/or modified freely if any derivative works bear some notice that they are derived from it, and any modified versions bear some notice that they have been modified.

#### **1.4.4.2. Documentation Disclaimer**

The appearance of external hyperlink references in this manual does not constitute endorsement by the VA of this Web site or the information, products, or services contained therein. The VA does not exercise any editorial control over the information you may find at these locations. Such links are provided and are consistent with the stated purpose of the VA.

### **1.4.5. Documentation Conventions**

This section includes descriptions of any formatting or symbols and their meaning.

Various symbols are used throughout the documentation to alert the reader to special information. Table 1 gives a description of each of these symbols.



**Table 1: Documentation Descriptions**

Font	Use	Example
Blue text, underlined	Hyperlink to another document or URL	For further instructions, refer to the link: <a href="http://www.va.gov/vdl">http://www.va.gov/vdl</a>
Courier New	Menu options	MDRO Tools Parameter Setup
	Screen prompts	Want KIDS to INHIBIT LOGONS during the install? YES//
	VistA filenames	XYZ file #798.1
	VistA field names	“In the Indicator field, enter the logic that is to be used to determine if the test was positive for the selected MDRO.”
Courier New, bold	User responses to screen prompts	<b>NO</b>
Courier New, bold	Keyboard keys	<b>&lt; F1 &gt;, &lt; Alt &gt;, &lt; L &gt;, &lt;Tab&gt;, &lt;Enter&gt;</b>
Courier New	Report names	Procedures report
Times New Roman	Body text (Normal text)	“There are no changes in the performance of the system once the installation process is complete.”
Times New Roman Bold	Emphasis	<b>Note:</b> You can also type the access code, followed by a semicolon, followed by the verify code.

### 1.4.6. References and Resources

Documentation is also available on the VDL. The online versions will be updated as needed. Please look for the latest version on the VDL: <http://www.va.gov/vdl>

## 1.5. National Service Desk and Organizational Contacts

The four tiers of support documented herein are intended to restore normal service operation as quickly as possible and minimize the adverse impact on business operations, ensuring that the best possible levels of service quality and availability are maintained.

The table below lists organizational contacts needed by site users for troubleshooting purposes. Support contacts are listed by name of service responsible to fix the problem, description of the incident escalation, associated tier level, and contact information.

**Table 2: Tier Support Contact Information**

Name	Role	Organization	Contact Information
Clinical Application Coordinator	Tier 0 Support	VHA	To be determined (TBD).
OI&T National Service Desk	Tier 1 Support	OI&T	REDACTED
OI&T Local Support	Tier 2 Support	OI&T	REDACTED
Health Product Support	Tier 2 Support	VHA	REDACTED
OI&T System Admin/Field Operation Support	Tier 2 & 3 support	OI&T	REDACTED
VistA Patch Maintenance	Tier 3 Application Support	OI&T	REDACTED
Enterprise Operations	Tier 3 & 4 Support	OI&T	OI&T Enterprise Operations Helpdesk

## 2. System Summary

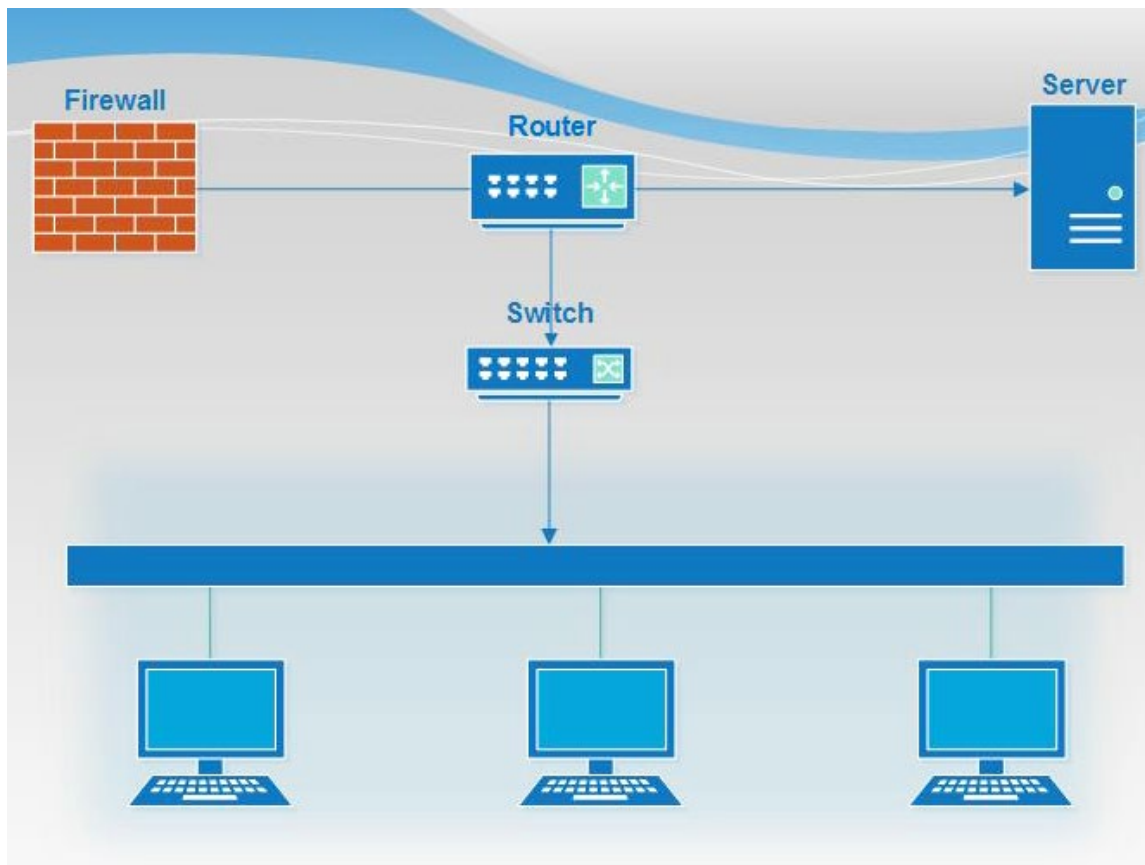
The features and functionality provided in the MMRS\*1.0\*5 release will provide technicians, MDRO Prevention Coordinators (MPCs) and Infection Prevention (IP) personnel automated tools thereby increasing efficiency and reducing the labor hours required previously with manual data mining.

**Note:** It is required that the LR\*5.2\*463 and the MMRS\*1.0\*4 releases are installed prior to the installation of the MMRS\*1.0\*5 release. It is also mandatory that sites perform the required remediation per the *Post-Installation Remediation Guide*.

### 2.1. System Configuration

The following diagram depicts the high-level network configuration for a Veteran Affairs Medical Center (VAMC).

**Figure 1: Simplified Topology for one VA Medical Center.**



## 2.2. User Access Levels

The core intended user base include Information Resource Management (IRM), LIMs and MPCs.

IRM and MPC personnel will be responsible for assigning the MDRO Tools Setup Menu, the MDRO Tools Reports Menu, and the MMRS SETUP security key to the appropriate users.

IRM personnel, LIMs, and MPCs will be jointly responsible for setting up the parameter options in the MDRO Tools Setup Menu.

## 2.3. Continuity of Operation

REDACTED.

## 3. Getting Started

This section provides a general walkthrough of the system from initiation through exit. The logical arrangement of the information shall enable the functional personnel to understand the sequence and flow of the system.

## 3.1. Logging On

Before you can login, you will need to obtain an access code and a verify code. Typically, your Clinical Coordinator issues these codes.

**To login, follow these steps:**

1. Open/access the **VistA** instance on your desktop.  
The VistA logo window and the VistA Sign-on dialog will appear.
2. If the Connect To dialog appears, click the **down-arrow**, select the appropriate account (if more than one exists), and click **OK**.
3. Type your access code into the Access Code field and press the **Tab** key.
4. Type the verify code into the verify code field and press the **Enter** key or click **OK**.

**Note:** You can also type the access code, followed by a semicolon, followed by the verify code. Once you have completed this process press the **Enter** key or click **OK**.

## 3.2. System Menu

Various menu options are available to the user. However, it should be noted that a user who does not have the MMRS Setup security key will only have access to the MDRO Tools Reports Menu.

## 3.3. Changing User ID and Password

To change your access and verify codes, contact your local or regional IT staff.

## 3.4. Exit System

To exit or opt out of answering any question or prompt, enter **HALT** and the **<ENTER>** key at the menu selection prompt.

## 3.5. Keyboard Conventions

Text centered between arrows represents a keyboard key that should be pressed in order for the system to capture a user response or to move the cursor to another field. **<Enter>** indicates that the Enter key (or Return key on some keyboards) must be selected. **<Tab>** indicates that the Tab key must be selected. For information on the use of the keys is provided below.

- Use the **<Tab>** key to move the cursor to the next field.
- Use the **<Enter>** to select the default.

One, two, or three question marks can be entered at any of the prompts for online help.

? One question mark displays a brief statement of what information is appropriate for the prompt.

?? Two question marks provide more help, plus any hidden actions.

??? Three question marks will provide more detailed help, including a list of possible answers, if appropriate.

The caret (^) plus the <Enter> key can be used to exit the current option.

## 4. Using the Software

### 4.1. Program Tools Setup Menu Options

This section describes the parameters for the five options listed under the MDRO Program Tools Menu. Included in this section are screen captures which contain examples with pre-populated fields. In order to obtain access to the menu, the IRM will need to assign access rights to the MDRO Program Tools Menu and provide the MMRS SETUP key.

The MDRO Tools Setup Menu options are illustrated in the screen capture below.

**Figure 2: MDRO Tools Setup Menu Options**

MMRS MDRO TOOLS SETUP MENU	MDRO Tools Setup Menu
1	MRSA Tools Site Parameter Setup
2	MDRO Tools Lab Parameter Setup
3	MRSA Tools Ward Mapping Setup
4	MDRO Historical Days Edit
5	Isolation Orders Add/Edit

#### 4.1.1. MDRO Tools Parameter Setup (Main)

The MDRO Tools Parameter Setup menu allows the user(s) to setup the following:

- Divisions for their facility.
- Business rules for nares screening for each division.

When adding divisions, include the following facility areas:

- Acute care hospital(s) (AC)
- Community Living Centers (CLC)

**Note:** When adding divisions, do not include Community Based Outreach Clinics (CBOC), behavioral/mental health facilities, domiciliary facilities, etc.

During parameter setup, the user will have to answer prompts regarding business rules for nares screening on transfer and discharge. Based on the business rules at the facility enter either **YES** or **NO** in the prompts.

Business rules for nares screening on transfer and/or discharge instituted by facilities are listed in the table below. Answer either **YES** or **NO** if the following prompt/statement is true for your facility.

After the parameters have been configured as directed in the sections that follow, the MDRO Tools parameters should not be changed except under one of the following five conditions:

1. Changes in business rules for nares screening upon transfer or discharge to ensure the program captures the most current practices.
2. Adding/Removing a ward/unit from the program.
3. Ward mapping.
4. A Lab changes how they report results for the specified MDROs.
5. Changes have been made to the orderable items used for isolation purposes.

**Note:** The MDRO-PT national package materials (i.e., IPEC Reports) should be reviewed periodically by the sites for data validation.

**Table 3: Business Rules for Nares Screening Compliance**

Business Rules/Prompts	Respond with: Yes	Respond with: No
Receiving unit screen on unit-to-unit transfers.	The receiving unit is responsible for nares screening for unit-to-unit transfers.	Only the discharging/sending unit is responsible for screening for unit-to-unit transfers, and not the receiving unit.
Discharging unit screen on unit-to-unit transfers.	The discharging/sending unit is responsible for nares screening on unit-to-unit transfers.	Only the receiving unit is responsible for nares screening on unit-to-unit transfers, and not the discharging unit.
Screen patients with MRSA history on transfer-in.	Patients are screened for MRSA on all transfer-ins, regardless of MRSA status.	Nares screens are not required for known MRSA positive patients (i.e., patients with a history of MRSA in the past year) for any transfer-in, via an inter-ward transfer. To be considered 'known positive' the lab result must have been verified before the patient entered the unit.
Screen patient with MRSA history on discharge/death/transfer-out.	Patients are screened for MRSA on all discharges/deaths/transfer-outs, regardless of MRSA status.	Nares screens are not required for known MRSA positive patients (i.e., patients with a history of MRSA in the past year) for any discharge, death, or transfer-out. To be considered 'known positive' the lab result must have been verified before the patient left the unit.

**Figure 3: MDRO Tools Parameter Setup**

```
Select MDRO Tools Setup Menu Option: MDRO Tools Parameter Setup
Select MRSA SITE PARAMETERS DIVISION: XXXXXX VAMC
  Are you adding 'XXXXXX VAMC' as
    a new MRSA SITE PARAMETERS (the 1ST)? No// Y (Yes)
1. Receiving unit screen on unit-to-unit transfers: YES
2. Discharging unit screen on unit-to-unit transfers: YES
3. Screen patients with MRSA history on transfer-in: YES
4. Screen patients with MRSA history on discharge/death/transfer-out: YES
```

**Note:** There should never be a NO listed for both the Receiving unit screen on unit-to-unit transfers and Discharging unit screen on unit-to-unit transfers prompts. This would indicate to the program that neither the receiving nor discharging unit is screening the patients on unit-to-unit transfers.

**Note:** It is required that business rules are added for each division.

## 4.2. MDRO Tools Lab Parameter Setup Screen and Help Prompts

MDRO Tools Lab Parameter Setup option screen prompts and help prompts definitions are described in the table below.

**Table 4: MDRO-PT Laboratory Parameter Options**

MDRO Tools Lab Parameter Setup Screen Prompt	MDRO Tools Lab Parameter Setup Screen Help Prompt
Laboratory Tests(s)	Used only for Chemistry(CH) subscribed tests. This is the test name to identify MRSA nares or CDI CH subscribed tests. Select from the LABORATORY TEST file #60.
Indicator (for Laboratory Test(s) only)	Select the code that will determine how to match lab results: 1 = Use Reference Ranges 2 = Contains 3 = Greater Than 4 = Less Than 5 = Equal To
Value	Enter POS, Positive, or 1. This is a free text field that allows letters, numbers, punctuation, and spaces. It is not case-sensitive. Answers must be 1-30 characters in length.
Selected Etiology	Consider synonymous with organism, final microbial

MDRO Tools Lab Parameter Setup Screen Prompt	MDRO Tools Lab Parameter Setup Screen Help Prompt
	diagnosis/isolate. Select from the ETIOLOGY FIELD file #61.2.
Antimicrobial Susceptibility	Enter the antimicrobial that will be used in screening out sensitive Etiologies (e.g., “Oxacillin” for Staphylococcus aureus). Select from the ANTIMICROBIAL SUSCEPTIBILITY file #62.06.
Indicator (for Antimicrobial Susceptibility only)	Select the code that will determine how to match susceptibility interpretations:  1 = Contains 2 = Greater Than 3 = Less Than 4 = Equal To
Indicated Value	Choose a code to report susceptibility to antimicrobial agents: For example: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• R for Resistant</li> <li>• S for Susceptible</li> </ul>
Include (for Bacteriology Report Remarks)	Enter information pertaining to positive results. This is a free text field that allows letters, numbers, punctuation, and spaces. Answers must be 1-68 characters in length.
Exclude (for Bacteriology Report Remarks)	Enter reporting information pertaining to negative results. This is a free text field that allows letters, numbers, punctuation, and spaces. Answers must be 1-68 characters in length.

### 4.3. MDRO Tools Lab Parameter Setup

This option allows the user to enter laboratory parameters for historical reporting of the following multi-drug resistant organisms (MDROs):

- Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus (MRSA)
- Carbapenem-Resistance (CRB-R)
- Vancomycin-Resistant Enterococcus (VRE)
- Clostridium difficile (C. diff)
- Extended-spectrum beta-lactamase (ESBL)

**Note:** The user may choose to configure all five of the MDROs or may choose to define only the required MDROs; the required MDROs are MRSA and Clostridium difficile. The other MDRO(s) are optional and will only need to be configured if the `Print Isolation Report` option will be utilized.



**Note:** The following Laboratory Tests do not need to be added to the laboratory parameters setup: MRSA SURVL NARES DNA, MRSA SURVL NARES AGAR, MRSA SURVL OTHER DNA, and MRSA SURVL OTHER AGAR.

**Note:** Do not add STAPHYLOCOCCUS AUREUS METHICILLIN RESISTANT to the Selected Etiology section. This information is already available in the program.

### 4.3.1. MDRO Tools Lab Parameter Setup for MRSA

Adding Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus to the MDRO Tools Lab Parameter Setup is mandatory. The purpose of adding this pathogen to the parameter set-up is to identify prior history of MRSA (either by clinical culture or nares screen) based on laboratory reporting. If the facility fails to use the laboratory standards set forth, the program will be unable to generate accurate reports.

Methicillin (or oxacillin)-resistant Staphylococcus aureus (MRSA) is a pathogen of continuing importance for healthcare facilities. It is a Gram-positive coccus that can be resistant to multiple antibiotics, causes serious disease, and is often difficult to treat. It is the cause of healthcare-associated infections (HAIs), and is an emerging pathogen from community-associated sources. MRSA can be cultured from the nares and other sites in patients who are colonized or infected with the organism. It is transmitted, in general, by contact with the hands of patients or health care workers or inanimate objects contaminated with MRSA. Such transmission amplifies the number of patients who may become colonized and who are then at risk for clinical infection.

It is important to capture all positive tests for MRSA, both clinical cultures and surveillance screening tests (e.g., nares screens). Any Staphylococcus aureus isolate that is resistant to Methicillin (or oxacillin) should be captured. Veterans Health Administration (VHA) Laboratory Service must record results of MRSA tests performed using the following methodology:

- MI-subscribed tests will be used for clinical cultures only. STAPHYLOCOCCUS AUREUS METHICILLIN RESISTANT (MRSA) is the only etiology that will be used to report positive clinical cultures.
- CH-subscribed tests will be used for MRSA nares screens or MRSA surveillance cultures. Laboratory is required to use the following test names: MRSA SURVL NARES DNA, MRSA SURVL OTHER DNA, MRSA SURVL NARES AGAR, MRSA SURVL OTHER AGAR.

**Note:** Refer to the "Laboratory Reporting of MRSA Test" for information on how to setup the standardized test names and etiologies.

This option allows the user to enter laboratory parameters for historical reporting of MRSA in the past 12 months. The data entered in using this option will be used by the MRSA IPEC Reports and the MDRO Isolation Report to obtain laboratory information.

**Figure 4: MDRO Tools Lab Parameter Setup Display**

```
Select MDRO Tools Setup Menu Option: MDRO Tools Lab Parameter Setup
Select the Division: XXXXXX VAMC
Select the MDRO: ?
    Answer with MDRO TYPES NUMBER, or ABBREVIATION
    Choose from:
    1          MRSA          Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus
    2          CRB-R         Carbapenem-Resistance
    3          VRE           Vancomycin-Resistant Enterococcus
    4          C. diff       Clostridium difficile
    5          ESBL          Extended-spectrum beta-lactamase

Select the MDRO: MRSA
Do you want to see a description for MRSA? YES//
```

1. Enter the name of the division. Press the **<ENTER>** key.  
**Note:** If only one division has been set up at the site, this prompt will not be displayed.
2. Enter **MRSA** for Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus and press the **<ENTER>** key.
3. At the prompt, Do you want to see a description for MRSA? YES//
  - a. To view the description, respond with **Y** and press the **<ENTER>** key twice to view the entire description.
  - b. Otherwise, respond with **N** and press the **<ENTER>** key.
4. In the Laboratory Test(s) field, enter **MRSA** and press the **<TAB>** key.
5. In the Indicator field, enter the logic that is to be used to determine if the test was positive. As this field utilizes a set of codes, enter the code that will determine how to match susceptibility interpretations:
  - **1** = Contains
  - **2** = Greater Than
  - **3** = Less Than
  - **4** = Equal ToAfter entering the code, press the **<TAB>** key.
6. In the Value field, enter either **POS**, **Positive**, or **1**. Press the **<TAB>** key.  
**Note:** This is a free text field that allows letters, numbers, punctuation, and spaces. It is not case-sensitive. Answers must be 1-30 characters in length. Do not search for negative results.

**Figure 5: MDRO Tools Lab Parameter Display for MRSA**

MDRO TOOLS LAB SEARCH/EXTRACT PARAMETERS SETUP			Page 1 of 2
DIVISION: XXXXX VAMC		MDRO: MRSA	
<hr/>			
Laboratory Test(s)	Indicator	Value	
MRSA (BY PCR) SCREEN	Contains	POS	
Selected Etiology			
<hr/>			
COMMAND:		Press <PF1>H for help	

7. Configure the MDRO by following the instructions below for either Chemistry (CH) subscripted tests or Microbiology (MI) subscripted tests:
  - a. Select the CH-subscripted test from the LABORATORY TEST file (#60) and press the **<TAB>** key.

**Note:** The system will not let you choose a test with a subscript field (Field #4 in File #60) set to anything other than CH. Laboratory is required to use the following test names: MRSA SURVL NARES DNA, MRSA SURVL OTHER DNA, MRSA SURVL NARES AGAR, MRSA SURVL OTHER AGAR.
  - b. For MI-subscripted tests, the Selected Etiology field will be used. Select the etiology from the ETIOLOGY FIELD file (#61.2) . For example, enter STAPHYLOCOCCUS AUREUS METHICILLIN RESISTANT and press the **<TAB>** key.

**Note:** STAPHYLOCOCCUS AUREUS METHICILLIN RESISTANT (MRSA) is the only etiology that will be used to report positive clinical cultures.

**Note:** Refer to the "Laboratory Reporting of MRSA Test" for information on how to setup the standardized test names and etiology.

**Figure 6: MDRO Tools Parameter Setup for MRSA Selected Etiology**

MDRO TOOLS LAB SEARCH/EXTRACT PARAMETERS SETUP			Page 1 of 2
DIVISION: XXXXX VAMC MDRO: MRSA			
<hr/>			
Laboratory Test(s)	Indicator	Value	
MRSA (BY PCR) SCREEN	Contains	POS	
Selected Etiology			
<b>STAPHYLOCOCCUS AUREUS</b>			
<hr/>			
COMMAND:		Press <PF1>H for help	

8. Enter the Antimicrobial Susceptibility for the organism and press the **<TAB>** key.

**Note:** Utilize the Susceptibility Template that is appropriate for the site.

**Note:** If an antimicrobial susceptibility is not entered, the program will consider the result positive. However, if an antimicrobial susceptibility is entered, the program will only consider the result positive if the organism meets the condition that is entered for one of the antimicrobials; for example, if Oxacillin Contains R (R for resistant) is entered in the Antimicrobial Susceptibility section for the Staphylococcus Aureus organism, then the test result will only be considered positive if it contains that organism, and it is Oxacillin Resistant.

If more than one antimicrobial susceptibility is entered, the program will consider the result positive if one of the antimicrobial susceptibilities entered matches the indicated value.

9. Enter the code for the Indicator field that will determine how to match susceptibility interpretations:
  - 1 = Contains
  - 2 = Greater Than
  - 3 = Less Than
  - 4 = Equal To
10. In the Indicated Value field, enter a code to report the susceptibility to antimicrobial agents and press the **<ENTER>** key:

- **R** for Resistant
- **S** for Susceptible

**Figure 7: MDRO Tools Parameter Setup for MRSA Antimicrobial Susceptibility**

MDRO TOOLS LAB SEARCH/EXTRACT PARAMETERS SETUP			Page 1 of 2
DIVISION: XXXXX VAMC			
MDRO: MRSA			
Laboratory Test(s)	Indicator	Value	
MRSA (BY PCR) SCREEN	Contains	POS	
Selected Etiology			
STAPHYLOCOCCUS AUREUS			
ANTIMICROBIAL SUSCEPTIBILITY		INDICATOR	INDICATED VALUE
<b>OXACILLIN</b>		<b>Contains</b>	<b>R</b>
COMMAND:		Press <PF1>H for help	

11. If desired, enter information in the second page of the form for the Bacteriology Report Remarks. Use discernment when entering information into the Bacteriology Report Remarks as it is a free text field and therefore introduces risk for entering information incorrectly which will adversely affect the results generated by the program.
  - a. If desired, enter reporting information pertaining to positive results into the Include field. This is a free text field that allows letters, numbers, punctuation, and spaces. Answers must be 1-68 characters in length.
  - b. If desired, enter reporting information pertaining to negative results into the Exclude field. This is a free text field that allows letters, numbers, punctuation, and spaces. Answers must be 1-68 characters in length.

**Note:** To include the positive results and exclude the negative results, use both the Include and the Exclude fields. For example, for molecular based tests, the following two phrases are commonly used: MRSA DNA DETECTED for positive results and NO MRSA DNA DETECTED for negative results. If NO MRSA DNA DETECTED has not been entered in the Exclude section, then a result that has the remark NO MRSA DNA DETECTED will be considered positive.
12. At the prompt, Save changes before leaving form (Y/N)? Respond with **Y** and press the **<ENTER>** key.
13. At the Command prompt, enter **E** to exit the form(s).

**Figure 8: MDRO Bacteriology Report Remarks Display for MRSA**

MDRO TOOLS LAB SEARCH/EXTRACT PARAMETERS SETUP		Page 2 of 2
DIVISION: XXXXX VAMC		MDRO: MRSA
<hr/>		
BACTERIOLOGY REPORT REMARKS		
Include	Exclude	
MRSA DNA DETECTED	NO MRSA DNA DETECTED	
<hr/>		
Exit	Save	Next Page      Refresh
Enter a command or '^' followed by a caption to jump to a specific field.		
Save changes before leaving form (Y/N)?    Y		Press <PF1>H for help

#### 4.3.2. MDRO Tools Lab Parameter Setup for Carbapenem-Resistance

Carbapenems are a class of beta-lactam antibiotics with a broad spectrum of antibacterial activity. These agents have the broadest antibacterial spectrum compared to other beta-lactam classes. They are active against both Gram positive and Gram negative bacteria, and can be used to treat nosocomial and mixed bacterial infections. Resistance to carbapenems is of importance because it limits therapeutic options.

**Note:** The purpose of adding carbapenem-resistant enterobacteriaceae (CRE) etiologies to the MDRO Tools Lab Parameter Setup is to identify a patient's current or prior history of CRE based on laboratory reporting and the time frames that are entered to search for the patient's status. The result must occur as a CRE bacterial etiology and any result contained in a "free-text" section will not allow incorporation of the CRE into the MDRO Program Tools software.

**Note:** If desired, configure the Lab Parameter for CRE for multiple divisions. Setup the divisions according to local facility policy.

1. Enter the name of the division. Press the **<ENTER>** key.

**Note:** If only one division has been set up at the site, this prompt will not be displayed.

2. Enter **CRB-R** for Carbapenem-Resistance and press the **<ENTER>** key.
3. At the prompt, Do you want to see a description for CRB-R? YES//
  - a. To view the description, respond with **Y** and press the **<ENTER>** key twice to view the entire description.
  - b. Otherwise, respond with **N** and press the **<ENTER>** key.
4. In the Laboratory Test(s) field, press the **<TAB>** key to leave the field blank.

5. In the Indicator field, press the <TAB> key to leave the field blank.
6. In the Value field, press the <TAB> key to leave the field blank.

**Figure 9: MDRO Tools Lab Parameter Display for CRB-R**

MDRO TOOLS LAB SEARCH/EXTRACT PARAMETERS SETUP		Page 1 of 2
DIVISION: XXXXX VAMC	MDRO: CRB-R	
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; margin-bottom: 10px;"> <span>Laboratory Test(s)</span> <span>Indicator</span> <span>Value</span> </div> <div style="padding: 10px 0;"> <div style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin-bottom: 10px;"> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <span>Selected Etiology</span> </div> <div style="height: 100px;"></div> </div> </div>		
COMMAND:		Press <PF1>H for help

7. For MI-subscribed tests, the Selected Etiology field will be used. Select the organism from the ETIOLOGY FIELD file (#61.2) For example, enter part of the etiology name; for example, enter **kleb** to display a list associated with KLEBSIELLA. Select the organism from the list. After the installation of patch LR\*5.2\*463, the following organisms will be available for configuration from the ETIOLOGY FIELD file:

- KLEBSIELLA PNEUMONIAE, CARBAPENEM RESISTANT (CRE)
- KLEBSIELLA OXYTOCA, CARBAPENEM RESISTANT (CRE)
- ESCHERICHIA COLI, CARBAPENEM RESISTANT (CRE)
- ENTEROBACTER CLOACAE, CARBAPENEM RESISTANT (CRE)
- ENTEROBACTER SPP, CARBAPENEM RESISTANT (CRE)

**Note:** If your facility is not currently using an etiology for CRE reporting, the newly added entries from LR\*5.2\*463 will still be available for use. However, it is important to note that CRE reporting is dependent upon the data in your system. Enter only the organisms your facility is reporting out for CRE.

- a. Enter the name of each etiology from the Etiology Field File and press the <ENTER> key until all reported etiologies for CRE have been entered.

**Figure 10: MDRO Tools Parameter Setup for Selected Etiology**

MDRO TOOLS LAB SEARCH/EXTRACT PARAMETERS SETUP		Page 1 of 2
DIVISION: XXXXX VAMC		MDRO: CRB-R
<hr/>		
Laboratory Test(s)	Indicator	Value
Selected Etiology		
KLEBSIELLA PNEUMONIAE (CRE)		
KLEBSIELLA OXYTOCA, CARBAPENEM RESISTANT (CRE)		
ESCHERICHIA COLI, CARBAPENEM RESISTANT (CRE)		
ENTEROBACTER CLOACAE, CARBAPENEM RESISTANT (CRE)		
ENTEROBACTER SPP, CARBAPENEM RESISTANT (CRE)		
<hr/>		
COMMAND:		Press <PF1>H for help

8. Do not enter the Antimicrobial Susceptibility for the organism. Select the **<TAB>** key to exit.
- Note:** When the antimicrobial susceptibility is not entered, the program will consider the result positive. Only positive results will be obtained.
9. At the Command prompt, select the **<ENTER>** key to accept the default to close the form.
10. At the prompt, Save changes before leaving form (Y/N)? Respond with **Y** and press the **<ENTER>** key.
11. At the Command prompt, enter **E** to exit the form(s).

#### 4.3.3. MDRO Tools Lab Parameter Setup for Vancomycin-Resistant Enterococcus

Adding Vancomycin-resistant Enterococcus (VRE) to the MDRO Tools Lab Parameter Setup is optional. The purpose of adding VRE to the parameter set-up is to identify a patient's current or prior history of the MDRO. This information can optionally be displayed on the Isolation Report and will include positive cultures for prevalence and surveillance review, with specimens of stool and rectal swabs.

VRE is a pathogen of increasing importance for healthcare facilities. Enterococcus is a bacterium that lives in the intestinal tract and in the female genital tract. Vancomycin is an antibiotic that is often used to treat infections caused by enterococci, and recently enterococci have become resistant to this drug. Most VRE infections occur in the hospital.



**Note:** The laboratory parameter setup for the MDRO Program Tools should match the same parameter setup for the EPI (Emerging Pathogens Initiative). If changes are made to how VRE is reported it should also be changed in EPI parameter setup.

1. Enter the name of the division. Press the **<ENTER>** key.  
**Note:** If only one division has been set up at the site, this prompt will not be displayed.
2. Enter **VRE** for Vancomycin-resistant Enterococcus and press the **<ENTER>** key.
3. At the prompt, Do you want to see a description for VRE? YES//
  - a. To view the description, respond with **Y** and press the **<ENTER>** key twice to view the entire description.
  - b. Otherwise, respond with **N** and press the **<ENTER>** key.
4. In the Laboratory Test(s) field, press the **<TAB>** key.
5. In the Indicator field, press the **<TAB>** key.
6. In the Value field, press the **<TAB>** key.

**Figure 11: MDRO Tools Lab Parameter Display for VRE**

MDRO TOOLS LAB SEARCH/EXTRACT PARAMETERS SETUP		Page 1 of 2
DIVISION: XXXXX VAMC	MDRO: VRE	
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; padding: 5px 0;"> <span>Laboratory Test(s)</span> <span>Indicator</span> <span>Value</span> </div>		
<div style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; min-height: 40px;">           Selected Etiology         </div>		
COMMAND:		Press <PF1>H for help

7. For MI-subscribed tests, the Selected Etiology field will be used. Select the etiology from the ETIOLOGY FIELD file (#61.2). Enter the name of the etiology, for example, ENTEROCOCCUS, and press the **<TAB>** key.

**Figure 12: MDRO Tools Parameter Setup for Selected Etiology**

MDRO TOOLS LAB SEARCH/EXTRACT PARAMETERS SETUP		Page 1 of 2
DIVISION: XXXXX VAMC		MDRO: VRE
<hr/>		
Laboratory Test(s)	Indicator	Value
Selected Etiology		
<b>ENTEROCOCCUS</b>		
<hr/>		
COMMAND:		Press <PF1>H for help

8. Enter the code for the Indicator field that will determine how to match susceptibility interpretations:
  - 1 = Contains
  - 2 = Greater Than
  - 3 = Less Than
  - 4 = Equal To
9. In the Indicated Value field, enter a code to report the susceptibility to antimicrobial agents and press the <ENTER> key:
  - R for Resistant
  - S for Susceptible
10. At the prompt, Save changes before leaving form (Y/N)? Respond with Y and press the <ENTER> key.
11. At the Command prompt, enter E to exit the form(s).

**Figure 13: MDRO Tools Parameter Setup for Antimicrobial Susceptibility**

MDRO TOOLS LAB SEARCH/EXTRACT PARAMETERS SETUP		Page 1 of 2						
DIVISION: XXXXX VAMC	MDRO: VRE							
Laboratory Test(s)	Indicator	Value						
Selected								
ENTEROCOCCUS								
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="text-align: left; padding: 5px;">ANTIMICROBIAL SUSCEPTIBILITY</th> <th style="text-align: left; padding: 5px;">INDICATOR</th> <th style="text-align: left; padding: 5px;">INDICATED VALUE</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="padding: 5px;"><b>VANCOMYCIN</b></td> <td style="padding: 5px;"><b>Contains</b></td> <td style="padding: 5px;"><b>R</b></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>			ANTIMICROBIAL SUSCEPTIBILITY	INDICATOR	INDICATED VALUE	<b>VANCOMYCIN</b>	<b>Contains</b>	<b>R</b>
ANTIMICROBIAL SUSCEPTIBILITY	INDICATOR	INDICATED VALUE						
<b>VANCOMYCIN</b>	<b>Contains</b>	<b>R</b>						
COMMAND:		Press <PF1>H for help						

#### 4.3.4. MDRO Tools Lab Parameter Setup for Clostridium difficile

*Clostridium difficile* (C. difficile or C. diff) is a species of gram-positive bacteria. The disease is associated with the presence of *Clostridium difficile* enterotoxin, which can cause significant morbidity, as well as mortality. It is of importance, as its predominant acquisition appears to occur nosocomially and is the most serious cause of antibiotic-associated diarrhea. Presence of clostridium toxin (either enterotoxin or cytotoxin L) by assay (whether it be EIA, latex agglutination, cytotoxicity of cell culture neutralization, or culture of organism with subsequent colony testing) is the best indicator that an inflammatory diarrheal disease is due to presence of *Clostridium difficile*.

Laboratory services are quite varied as to how they identify the presence of *Clostridium difficile*. Some labs are set up to identify C. difficile as the final microbiological (bacterial) etiology of a culture, even if a culture method was not used. Other labs use a final etiology of "see comment" and then enter the results in a free text format. Still others enter the text under a hematology or chemistry format where a reference range and "positive" and "negative" result values can be entered. Wherever the VHA Laboratory Service places the results, which are used to demonstrate the presence of toxin-producing C. difficile, should be accessible as a standardized field in order to allow the MDRO Programs Tool software to capture its presence.

**Note:** The purpose of adding *Clostridium difficile* to the MDRO Tools Lab Parameter Setup is to identify a patient's current or prior history of *Clostridium difficile* based on laboratory reporting and the time-frames that are entered to search for the patient's status. The result must occur as a *Clostridium difficile* (a bacterial etiology) or as a retrievable "positive" result for a chemistry/serology laboratory test. Any results contained in a "Free-Text" section will not allow

incorporation of Clostridium difficile into the MDRO Program Tools/Print CDI Report format.

1. Enter the name of the division. Press the **<ENTER>** key.

**Note:** If only one division has been set up at the site, this prompt will not be displayed.

2. Enter **C. diff** for Clostridium difficile and press the **<ENTER>** key.
3. At the prompt, Do you want to see a description for C. diff?  
YES//
  - a. To view the description, respond with **Y** and press the **<ENTER>** key twice to view the entire description.
  - b. Otherwise, respond with **N** and press the **<ENTER>** key.

**Note:** The instructions provided below are in regard to the configuration of Laboratory Tests and Etiologies. Facilities have the option of configuring for Laboratory Tests only, Etiologies only, or for configuring for both Lab Tests and Etiologies.

4. In the Laboratory Test(s) field, enter or select the CH subscripted test from the Laboratory Test File (#60), for example, **CLOSTRIDIUM DIFFICILE TOXIN**. Press the **<TAB>** key.
  5. In the Indicator field, enter **Contains** and press the **<TAB>** key.
  6. In the Value field, enter **POS** and press the **<TAB>** key.
- Note:** This is a free text field that allows letters, numbers, punctuation, and spaces; it is not case-sensitive. Answers must be 1-30 characters in length. Do not search for negative results.

**Figure 14: MDRO Tools Lab Parameter Display for C. Diff**

MDRO TOOLS LAB SEARCH/EXTRACT PARAMETERS SETUP		Page 1 of 2
DIVISION: XXXXX VAMC		MDRO: C. diff
<hr/>		
Laboratory Test(s)	Indicator	Value
<b>CLOSTRIDIUM DIFFICILE TOXIN</b>	<b>CONTAINS</b>	<b>POS</b>
Selected Etiology		
<hr/>		
COMMAND:		Press <PF1>H for help

7. For MI-subscripted tests, the Selected Etiology field will be used. Select **CLOSTRIDIUM DIFFICILE** from the ETIOLOGY FIELD file (#61.2).

8. Do not enter the Antimicrobial Susceptibility for the organism. Select the <TAB> key to exit.

**Note:** When the antimicrobial susceptibility is not entered, the program will consider the result positive. Only positive results will be obtained for C. diff.

9. At the command prompt, type **C**lose and press the <ENTER> key.

10. Press the <TAB> key.

11. At the command prompt, type **S** to save the form and press the <ENTER> key.

12. At the command prompt, type **E** to exit and press the <ENTER> key.

**Note:** When the antimicrobial susceptibility is not entered, or the field is left blank, the program will consider the result positive. Only positive results will be obtained for C. diff.

**Note:** Do not enter Bacteriology Report Remarks.

**Figure 15: MDRO Tools Parameter Setup for Selected Etiology**

MDRO TOOLS LAB SEARCH/EXTRACT PARAMETERS SETUP			Page 1 of 2
DIVISION: XXXXX VAMC		MDRO: C. diff	
<hr/>			
Laboratory Test(s)	Indicator	Value	
CLOSTRIDIUM DIFFICILE TOXIN	CONTAINS	POS	
Selected Etiology			
<b>CLOSTRIDIUM DIFFICILE</b>			
<hr/>			
COMMAND:		Press <PF1>H for help	

### 4.3.5. MDRO Tools Lab Parameter Setup for Extended-Spectrum Beta-Lactamase

Adding Extended-Spectrum Beta-Lactamase (ESBL) to the MDRO Tools Lab Parameter setup is optional. The purpose of adding pathogens containing this form of antimicrobial resistance to the parameter set-up is to identify a patient's current or prior history of ESBL. This information can optionally be displayed on the Isolation Report. To find and display this information, enter information into the Bacteriology Report Remarks section.

ESBLs are enzymes that mediate resistance to extended-spectrum (third generation) cephalosporins (e.g., ceftazidime, cefotaxime, and ceftriaxone) and monobactams (e.g., aztreonam) but do not affect cephamycins (e.g., cefoxitin and cefotetan) or carbapenems (e.g., imipenem or meropenem).

ESBLs can be difficult to detect because they have different levels of activity against various cephalosporins. It is critical to test the appropriate antimicrobial agent, thus an appropriate Committee on Laboratory Standards Institute (CLSI) testing schema should be utilized. If an isolate is confirmed as an ESBL-producer by the CLSI-recommended phenotypic confirmatory test procedure, then all penicillins, cephalosporins and aztreonams should be reported as resistant. Cephamycins should be reported according to their routine test results.

**Note:** Any information contained in a free-text section will not allow incorporation of ESBL into the Isolation Report.

1. Enter the name of the division. Press the **<ENTER>** key.  
**Note:** If only one division has been set up at the site, this prompt will not be displayed.
2. Enter **ESBL** for Extended-Spectrum Beta-Lactamase and press the **<ENTER>** key.
3. At the prompt, Do you want to see a description for ESBL? YES//
  - a. To view the description, respond with **Y** and press the **<ENTER>** key twice to view the entire description.
  - b. Otherwise, respond with **N** and press the **<ENTER>** key.
4. In the Laboratory Test (s) field, press the **<TAB>** key.
5. In the Indicator field, press the **<TAB>** key.
6. In the Value field, press the **<TAB>** key.

**Figure 16: MDRO Tools Lab Parameter Display for ESBL**

MDRO TOOLS LAB SEARCH/EXTRACT PARAMETERS SETUP		Page 1 of 2
DIVISION: XXXXX VAMC		MDRO: ESBL
<hr/>		
Laboratory Test(s)	Indicator	Value
Selected Etiology		
<hr/>		
COMMAND:		Press <PF1>H for help

7. For MI-subscribed tests, the Selected Etiology field will be used. Select the etiology from the ETIOLOGY FIELD file (#61.2) . In the example below, *ESCHERICHIA COLI* was entered. Enter the name of the etiology and press the **<TAB>** key.

**Figure 17: MDRO Tools Parameter Setup for Selected Etiology**

MDRO TOOLS LAB SEARCH/EXTRACT PARAMETERS SETUP		Page 1 of 2
DIVISION: XXXXX VAMC		MDRO: ESBL
<hr/>		
Laboratory Test(s)	Indicator	Value
Selected Etiology		
<b>ESCHERICHIA COLI</b>		
<hr/>		
COMMAND:		Press <PF1>H for help

8. Enter the Antimicrobial Susceptibility for the organism.

**Note:** If an antimicrobial susceptibility is not entered, the program will consider the result positive. However, if an antimicrobial susceptibility is entered, the program will only

consider the result positive if the organism meets the condition that is entered for one of the antimicrobials; for example, if Meropenem Contains R (R for resistant) is entered in the Antimicrobial Susceptibility section for the organism, then the test result will only be considered positive if it contains that organism, and it is Meropenem Resistant.

**Note:** If more than one antimicrobial susceptibility is entered, the program will consider the result positive if one of the antimicrobial susceptibilities entered matches the indicated value.

9. In the **Indicator** field, enter the logic that is to be used to determine if the test was positive. As this field utilizes a set of codes, enter the code that will determine how to match susceptibility interpretations:

- **1** = Contains
- **2** = Greater Than
- **3** = Less Than
- **4** = Equal To

After entering the code, press the **<TAB>** key.

10. In the **Indicated Value** field, enter a code to report the susceptibility to antimicrobial agents and press the **<ENTER>** key:

- **R** for Resistant
- **S** for Susceptible

**Figure 18: MDRO Tools Parameter Setup for Antimicrobial Susceptibility**

MDRO TOOLS LAB SEARCH/EXTRACT PARAMETERS SETUP      Page 1 of 2

DIVISION: XXXXX VAMC

MDRO: ESBL

---

Laboratory Test(s)

Indicator

Value

Selected  
ESCHERICHIA COLI

ANTIMICROBIAL SUSCEPTIBILITY	INDICATOR	INDICATED VALUE
<b>CEFPODOXIME</b>	<b>Contains</b>	<b>R</b>

COMMAND:

Press <PF1>H for help

14. If desired, enter information in the second page of the form for the Bacteriology Report Remarks. Use discernment when entering information into the



Bacteriology Report Remarks as it is a free text field and therefore introduces risk for entering information incorrectly which will adversely affect the results generated by the program.

- a. If desired, enter reporting information pertaining to positive results into the `Include` field. This is a free text field that allows letters, numbers, punctuation, and spaces. Answers must be 1-68 characters in length.
- b. If desired, enter reporting information pertaining to negative results into the `Exclude` field. This is a free text field that allows letters, numbers, punctuation, and spaces. Answers must be 1-68 characters in length.

**Note:** To include the positive results and exclude the negative results, use both the `Include` and the `Exclude` fields. For example, for molecular based tests, the following two phrases are commonly used: `ESBL POSITIVE` for positive results and `NOT ESBL POSITIVE` for negative results. If `NOT ESBL POSITIVE` has not been entered in the `Exclude` section, then a result that has the remark `NOT ESBL POSITIVE` will be considered positive.

15. At the prompt, `Save changes before leaving form (Y/N)?` Respond with **Y** and press the **<ENTER>** key.

16. At the Command prompt, enter **E** to exit the form(s).

**Figure 19: Bacteriology Report Remarks**

MDRO TOOLS LAB SEARCH/EXTRACT PARAMETERS SETUP		Page 2 of 2
DIVISION: XXXXX VAMC		MDRO: ESBL
<hr/>		
BACTERIOLOGY REPORT REMARKS		
Include	Exclude	
<b>ESBL POSITIVE</b>	<b>NOT ESBL POSITIVE</b>	
<hr/>		
COMMAND:	Press <PF1>H for help	

#### 4.3.6. MDRO Tools Lab Parameter Setup: Deleting Information Previously Entered

Facilities may delete information that has been previously entered from the following fields:

VLE Microbiology MMRS\*1.0\*5

- Laboratory Test
- Selected (Etiology)
- Antimicrobial Susceptibility
- Bacteriology Report Remarks

To delete information previously entered, perform the following steps:

1. Go to the field where the change needs to occur and place the @ symbol in the field.
2. When prompted, Are you sure you want to delete this entire Subrecord (Y/N)? respond with Y with the <ENTER> key to delete the information from the field.

**Figure 20: Deleting information from MDRO Tools Lab Parameters Setup**

MDRO TOOLS LAB SEARCH/EXTRACT PARAMETERS SETUP      Page 1 of 2

DIVISION: XXXXX VAMC

MDRO: MRSA

---

Laboratory Test(s)	Indicator	Value
MRSA (BY PCR) SCREEN	Contains	POS

Selected  
STAPHYLOCOCCUS AUREUS

ANTIMICROBIAL SUSCEPTIBILITY	INDICATOR	INDICATED VALUE
@	Contains	R

WARNING: DELETIONS ARE DONE IMMEDIATELY!

(EXITING WITHOUT SAVING WILL NOT RESTORE DELETED RECORDS.)

Are you sure you want to delete this entire Subrecord (Y/N)? **Y**

## 4.4. MRSA Tools Ward Mapping Setup

This option allows the user to define Geographical Units within each division for the purpose of running reports.

If a Geographical Unit consists of one or more wards listed in VistA, the Geographical Unit is considered one unit by the program for report generation purposes. For example, one unit may be divided into Unit X Medicine, Unit X Surgery, and Unit X Observation but is considered one

Geographical Unit. By mapping the wards as one unit, the program will ignore the transfers between the units (Unit X Medicine, Unit X Surgery, and Unit X Observation).

Use the guidelines below for creating or editing the Geographical Units:

- a. Ward mappings must be configured for every unit for the purpose of generating reports.
- b. Configure observation (OBS) wards that are physically located with inpatient wards together for the purpose of reporting to IPEC. For example, a site may have three wards in VistA entitled “4West Medicine”, “4West Surgery” and “4West OBS” and may desire to create a Geographical Location entitled “4West”; “4West” would consist of “4West Medicine”, “4West Surgery” and “4West OBS”. Set the Location Type to Acute Care (AC).
- c. OBS patients that are physically located in an inpatient ward should be included in the number of admissions, discharges, and bed days of care that are reported to IPEC for the Inpatient unit; these patients are considered inpatients.
- d. OBS patients that are not physically located in an inpatient ward should not be included in the number of admissions, discharges, and bed days of care that are reported to IPEC for the inpatient unit; these patients are considered outpatients in an outpatient OBS Ward. Do not generate a MRSA IPEC Report for any outpatient OBS unit(s).
- e. Do not map any outpatient OBS wards with inpatient wards (i.e., AC or Community Living Center); this will eliminate any data from outpatient OBS Wards from being erroneously reported to IPEC.

To configure the MRSA Tools Ward Mapping, perform the following steps:

1. When prompted, enter the name of the Unit to either create a new Geographical Unit or to edit an existing one.  
**Note:** When adding a new location, use discretion and enter a descriptive name.
2. When prompted, enter the MRSA Ward Mappings Type and IPEC Unit ID.  
**Note:** This information is required for the program to extract the data for upload to the IPEC website for data reporting purposes.
3. For the Location Type, choose from the following: **Acute Care (AC)**, **Community Living Center (CLC)**, **Observation (OBS)**, or **Other (OT)**.
4. When prompted, enter the location’s IPEC Unit ID.  
**Note:** This is the ID number that identifies this unit in IPEC which is only for Acute Care and CLC units reported to IPEC. Do not assign a Unit ID to any unit that is classified as OBS or Other. IPEC Unit IDs are available from the VHA MRSA Program Office and/or IPEC.
5. When prompted, enter the ward(s) in VistA to be included in the Geographical Unit.
6. Enter the <TAB> key to get to the Command prompt.
7. At the command prompt, enter **S** and the <ENTER> key to save.
8. At the command prompt, enter **E** and the <ENTER> key to exit.

9. To return to the main menu, enter ^ and the <ENTER> key.  
An example is provided below.

**Figure 21: MDRO Tools Ward Mapping Setup**

```
Select MDRO Tools Setup Menu Option: MDRO Tools Ward Mapping Setup

Select Geographical Unit: 11AB
  Are you adding '11AB' as a new MRSA WARD MAPPINGS (the 2ND)? No// Y (Yes)
  MRSA WARD MAPPINGS TYPE: ACUTE CARE
  MRSA WARD MAPPINGS IPEC UNIT ID: 999

                                MDRO TOOLS WARD MAPPING SETUP

DIVISION: XXXXX VAMC
GEOGRAPHICAL UNIT: 11AB

WARD LOCATIONS:

11AB
11ASURG
11ABOBS

COMMAND:                                     Press <PF1>H for help
```

#### 4.4.1. Deleting a Geographical Unit

To delete a Geographical Unit, perform the following steps:

1. Select the desired geographical unit.
2. Enter the @ symbol and press the <ENTER> key.
3. When prompted, SURE YOU WANT TO DELETE THE ENTIRE 'UNIT NAME' MRSA WARD MAPPINGS? respond with **Y** and the <ENTER> key to delete the entire geographical unit from the setup.

An example is provided below.

**Figure 22: MDRO Tools Ward Mapping Setup: Deleting a Geographical Unit**

Select MDRO Tools Setup Menu Option: <b>MDRO Tools Ward Mapping Setup</b>
DIVISION: <b>XXXXXX VAMC</b>
SELECT GEOGRAPHICAL UNIT: <b>PACU</b>
NAME: PACU//@
SURE YOU WANT TO DELETE THE ENTIRE 'PACU' MRSA WARD MAPPINGS? <b>Y</b> (Yes)

## 4.5. MDRO Historical Days Edit

This option allows the user to define the time frame selected for each MDRO defined in the MDRO Tools Lab Parameter Setup. The information entered in this menu provides information for the Print Isolation Report option (the report displays patient's historical lab data for certain MDROs). The user will be asked to enter the number of historical days the program should search for a positive result for each MDRO. This information can only be entered in days (e.g., 30 for 1 month; 90 for 1 quarter; 365 for 1 year). If no response is entered, the program will not display that MDRO on the Isolation Report.

**Note:** All sites must enter the following for MRSA in historical days: **365**; this will ensure that the history of MRSA within the past year is identified for prevalence and transmission purposes. **However, the MPC at the site may provide different guidelines.**

To define the time frame selected for each MDRO defined in the MDRO Tools Lab Parameter Setup, follow the instructions below.

1. Select the division by entering it. Press the **<ENTER>** key. For a list of divisions, enter a **?**
2. When prompted, enter the number of historical days the program should search for a positive result for each MDRO.

An example is provided below.

**Figure 23: MDRO Historical Days Edit**

Select MDRO Tools Setup Menu Option: **MDRO Historical Days Edit**

Select the Division: **XXXXX VAMC**

Enter the number of days to search for MRSA: **365**

Enter the number of days to search for IMP: **365**

Enter the number of days to search for VRE: **365**

Enter the number of days to search for C. diff: **365**

Enter the number of days to search for ESBL: **365**

## 4.6. Isolation Orders Add/Edit

The Isolation Orders Add/Edit option allows the user to enter the orderable item(s) at their site that are used for isolation purposes. Each Isolation Order added must be mapped to one of the following Expanded Precaution Types: Contact Precautions, Contact Precautions Special, Airborne Infection, Droplet, Protective Environment, and Isolation Order. The information entered will be used to populate the Print Isolation Report option.

**Note:** This option should only be used if the site uses orderable items when a patient is required to be in isolation.

1. Select the division.
2. At the Isolation Orders, enter an order and press **<TAB>**
3. At the Expanded Precaution Type, enter a precaution type and press **<TAB>** to return to the Isolation Orders field.
4. When finished, enter the **<TAB>** key at the Isolation Orders field.
5. At the Command prompt, enter **S** to save the form and press the **<ENTER>** key.
6. At the Command prompt, enter **E** to exit the form and press the **<ENTER>** key.

**Figure 24: MDRO Tools Isolation Orders Setup**

MDRO TOOLS ISOLATION ORDERS SETUP	
DIVISION: XXXXX VAMC	
<hr/>	
Isolation Orders	Expanded Precaution Type
CONTACT PRECAUTIONS	CONTACT PRECAUTIONS
CONTACT PRECAUTIONS SPECIAL	CONTACT PRECAUTIONS SPECIAL
AIRBORNE INFECTION ISOLATIOTI	AIRBORNE INFECTION
DROPLET PRECAUTIONS	DROPLET
PROTECTIVE ENVIRONMENT	PROTECTIVE ENVIRONMENT
ISOLATION ORDER	ISOLATION ORDER
<hr/>	
COMMAND:	Press <PF1>H for help

## 4.7. MDRO Tools Reports Menu

After the five options in the MRSA Tools Setup Menu have been configured, reports may be printed for a particular Division and/or Unit from the MRSA Tools Reports Menu. The following options are available from the MRSA Tools Reports Menu:

- Print MRSA IPEC Report
- Print Isolation Report
- Print Nares Screen Compliance List
- Print CDI Report

**Figure 25: MDRO Tools Reports Menu**

MDRO Tools Reports Menu	
1	Print MRSA IPEC Report
2	Print Isolation Report
3	Print Nares Screen Compliance List
4	Print CDI Report
Select MDRO Tools Reports Menu <TEST ACCOUNT> Option:	

### 4.7.1. MRSA IPEC Report

The MRSA IPEC Report is used to obtain all pertinent information for data entry into IPEC for Facility-Wide Prevalence Measures and Unit-Specific Prevalence and Transmission Measures.

The Admission Report uses unit admission dates, while the Discharge Report uses unit discharge dates. For example, if the Admission Report is set to run for the CCU for the month of February 2017, it will display all patients admitted into the CCU during February 2017, regardless of when they were discharged from the unit (or if they still remain on the unit). If the Discharge Report is run for February 2017, it will display all patients that were discharged from the CCU during February 2017, regardless of when they entered the unit. The Discharge report will also display all patients that were still on the unit at the end of February.

More information regarding the reports follow in this section.

**Note:** The MRSA IPEC Report should be run no earlier than 5 business days after the close of the month. This allows the laboratory to complete testing and enter the results into VistA. This is a suggested timeframe; it will be dependent on the laboratory practices at each facility.

**Note:** The MRSA IPEC Report should be run monthly to gather the required data for entry into IPEC. The reports are not meant for daily monitoring. Daily monitoring can be conducted using the Isolation Report and Nares Screen Compliance Report.

To generate the report, perform the following steps:

1. When prompted, select the report; choose either the Admission Report or Discharge/Transmission Report.
2. When prompted, enter a start date to run the report and an end date for the report.

**Note:** Reports should be run beginning with the first day of the month and should end with the last day of the month.

3. When prompted, enter the Geographical Locations for the report.

**Note:** The report can be run for one unit or all units. Only Geographical Units created using the MRSA Tools Ward Mapping Setup option may be selected. The report is designed for a 176 column format (landscape).

**Note:** Do not generate a MRSA IPEC Report for any Geographical Unit that is an OBS unit.



**Figure 26: Print MRSA IPEC Report**

```
Select MRSA Tools Reports Menu Option: Print MRSA IPEC Report

Select the Division: XXXXXX VAMC

    Select one of the following:
        A      Admission Report
        D      Discharge/Transmission Report

Run (A)dmission Or (D)ischarge/Transmission Report: Admission Report

Begin with ward admission date: 020117  (FEB 01, 2017)
End with ward admission date: 022817  (FEB 28, 2017)

Do you want to select all locations? NO//

Select Geographical Location: 11AB
Select another Geographical Location:

Do you want to only print the summary report? NO//
This report is designed for a 176 column format (landscape).

DEVICE: HOME// IDM1$PRT LANDSCAPE
```

#### 4.7.1.1. Admission Report

The Admission Report displays the listing of patients that have been admitted to the unit for the calendar month. If a patient was admitted to the unit multiple times during the calendar month, then the patient will be displayed for each admission to the unit.

**Figure 27: Print MRSA IPEC Admission Report**

MRSA IPEC ADMISSION REPORT										
GEOGRAPHICAL LOCATION: 11AB										
Report period: Oct 01, 2016 to Oct 31, 2016@24:00										
Report printed on: Jan 16, 2017@14:07:26							PAGE: 1			
WARD	PATIENT	SSN	DATE ENTERED WARD	ADT	MAS MOVE TYPE	NARES SCREEN 24H	NARES RESULT 48H	CULTURE RESULT 48H	MRSA IN PAST YEAR	
-----										
11ABSURG	*XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXX	10/1/16@09:43	A	DIRECT	Y				
11ABSURG	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXX	10/1/16@16:11	T	INTEWARD TRA	Y				
11ABMED	*XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXX	10/1/16@20:25	A	DIRECT	Y				
11ABSURG	*XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXX	10/1/16@23:49	A	DIRECT	Y				
11ABSURG	*XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXX	10/1/16@19:57	A	DIRECT					
11ABMED	*XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXX	10/1/16@11:01	A	DIRECT	Y				
11ABSURG	*XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXX	10/13/16@13:42	A	DIRECT	Y	POS			
11ABMED	*XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXX	10/13/16@18:41	A	DIRECT	Y				
11ABSURG	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXX	10/20/16@23:14	T	INTERWARD TRA	Y				
11ABMED	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXX	10/21/16@14:34	T	INTERWARD TRA	Y	POS		POS	
11ABSURG	*XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXX	10/23/16@01:19	A	DIRECT	Y	POS			
11ABSURG	*XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXX	10/13/16@13:42	A	DIRECT	Y				

A description for the headings from the report are outlined in the table below.

**Table 5: Descriptions for MRSA IPEC Admission Report**

Heading	Description
WARD	The patient was admitted or transferred into this Ward location.
PATIENT	The patient's last name, followed by first name. An asterisk (*) before the patient's name denotes that the patient was indicated for a nasal screen upon admission to the unit based on the site's business rules.
SSN	The last 4 digits of the patient's social security number
DATE ENTERED WARD	The date patient was admitted or transferred into the unit.
ADT	How the patient entered the unit, either by: admission or transfer into the unit.
MAS MOVE TYPE	The type of Medical Administration Service (MAS) movement.

Heading	Description
NARES SCREEN 24H	<p>This will be a Y (yes) if the patient received a nares screen within 24 hours of arriving on the unit. Only tests that follow the new MRSA lab standards will be captured.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> The test names must be called MRSA SURVL NARES AGAR or MRSA SURVL NARES DNA.</p>
NARES RESULT 48H	<p>This will be POS (positive) if the patient's nares screen or surveillance culture was positive within 48 hours of admission/transfer into the unit. Only tests that follow the new MRSA lab standards will be captured.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> For nares screens, the test names must be called MRSA SURVL NARES AGAR or MRSA SURVL NARES DNA; for surveillance cultures the test names must be called MRSA SURVL OTHER AGAR or MRSA SURVL OTHER DNA.</p>
CULTURE RESULT 48H	<p>This will be POS (positive) if the patient had a clinical culture and it was positive within 48 hours of admission/transfer-in to the unit. Only cultures that were reported using the new MRSA lab standards will be captured.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> The site must report positives cultures using the Etiology STAPHYLOCOCCUS AUREUS METHICILLIN RESISTANT (MRSA).</p>
MRSA IN PAST YEAR	<p>The patient's MRSA history going back one year prior to admission/transfer into the unit until the date/time of admission/transfer in. It will display a POS, if the patient ever had a positive nares screen, surveillance culture or clinical culture for MRSA in the past year. The program will determine a MRSA positive based on the parameter setup and national standards for laboratory reporting of MRSA.</p>

#### 4.7.1.2. Admission Summary Report

The Admission Summary Report displays all pertinent information to enter Prevalence Measure data into the IPEC system. The report displays Facility-Wide and Unit-Specific information.

The report will print a summary report for each unit. If multiple units were printed together, then an additional summary report will print which will contain a summary for all the units combined. This combined summary report can be useful to obtain the Facility-Wide prevalence measures that are required entries into IPEC, thereby eliminating the task of adding all the individual Facility wide measures together.

## Figure 28: MRSA IPEC Admission Summary Report

MRSA IPEC ADMISSION SUMMARY REPORT	
Geographical Location: 11AB	
Report period: Oct 01, 2007 to Oct 31, 2007@24:00	
Report printed on: Jan 16, 2017@14:07:26	PAGE: 2
Prevalence Measures (Facility Wide)	
1. Number of Admissions to the facility: 31	
2. Number of (1) who received MRSA nasal screening upon admission to facility: 28	
3. Number of (1) positive for MRSA based on nasal screening upon admission to facility: 5	
4. Number of those in (1) positive for MRSA based on clinical cultures upon admission to facility: 0	
Prevalence Measures (Unit Specific)	
1. Number of admissions (admissions + transfers in) to the unit for the month: 41	
2. Number of (1) for whom nasal screening was indicated: 41	
3. Number of (2) who received nasal screening upon admission to unit (within 24 hours): 38	
4. Number of (1) positive for MRSA based on nasal screening upon admission to unit: 6	
5. Number of (1) positive for MRSA based on clinical cultures upon admission to unit: 0	

A description for the headings from the report are outlined in the tables below.

**Table 6: Descriptions for Prevalence Measures (Facility Wide)**

Heading	Description
Number of admissions to the facility	Direct admissions to the facility for the calendar month. <b>Note:</b> This includes all admissions (direct, non-service connected, etc.) and TO ASIH admissions; it does not include unit-to-unit transfers.
Number of (1) who received MRSA nasal screening upon admission to facility	Direct admissions who received a MRSA nasal screen within 24 hours of admission to the facility.
Number of (1) positive for MRSA based on nasal screening upon admission to facility	Direct admissions who received a MRSA nares screen or surveillance culture within 48 hours of arriving to the facility and results were positive for MRSA, plus those direct admissions that had a prior history of MRSA in the past 12 months based on nares screen or clinical culture. Patients who had a positive clinical culture within 48 hours of arriving to the facility will be excluded.
Number of those in (1) positive for MRSA based on clinical cultures upon admission to facility	Direct admissions that had a clinical culture upon admission to the facility and results were positive within 48 hours of admission. <b>Note:</b> If a patient has a positive nares screen or history of MRSA, and positive clinical culture, it is counted once

Heading	Description
	under the clinical culture category.

**Table 7: Descriptions for Prevalence Measures (Unit Specific)**

Heading	Description
Number of admissions (admissions + transfers) into the unit for the month	Direct admissions plus transfers into the unit for the calendar month.
Number of (1) for whom nasal screening was indicated	<p>The number of admissions and transfers into the unit for the calendar month for whom a nasal screen was indicated. The program will determine this information based on the site parameters entered during setup.</p> <p>If the admitting unit at a site does not screen patients on unit-to-unit transfers, but the discharging unit does, then only Facility admissions will be indicated for a swab.</p> <p>If a site does not screen patients with MRSA history on transfers into the unit, then a patient with a known MRSA history (within 365 days prior to entering the unit) will not be indicated for a swab on unit-to-unit transfers. To be considered “known positive” the lab result must have been verified before the patient entered the unit.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> This is different from the column heading MRSA IN PAST YEAR, where the collection date, not the verification date, was used.</p>
Number of (2) who received MRSA nasal screening upon admission to unit (within 24 hours)	Admissions and transfers into the unit for the calendar month that were indicated for a MRSA nares screen and who received a MRSA nasal screen within 24 hours of admission to the unit.
Number of (1) positive for MRSA based on nasal screening upon admission to unit	Admissions and transfers into the unit for the calendar month who received a MRSA nares screen or surveillance culture within 48 hours of arriving to the unit and results were positive for MRSA, plus those admissions and transfers into the unit that had a prior history of MRSA in the past 12 months, either by nares screen or clinical culture. Patients who had a positive clinical culture within 48 hours of arriving to the unit will be excluded.

Heading	Description
Number of (1) positive for MRSA based on clinical cultures upon admission to unit	Admissions and transfers into the unit who had a clinical culture upon admission to the unit and results were positive within 48 hours of admission to unit. <b>Note:</b> If a patient has a positive nares screen or history of MRSA, and positive clinical culture, it is counted once under the clinical culture category.

#### 4.7.1.3. Discharge/Transmission Report

The Discharge/Transmission Report displays all discharges that occurred for the calendar month. It also includes all patients that were still on the unit at the end of the calendar month. If a patient was discharged from the unit more than once, they will show up multiple times.

**Figure 29: MRSA IPEC Discharge/Transmission Report**

MRSA IPEC DISCHARGE/TRANSMISSION REPORT													
Geographical Location: 11AB													
Report period: Oct 01, 2007 to Pct 31, 2007@24:00													
Report printed on: Jan 16, 2017#14:25:15													
PAGE: 1													
NARES	NARES	MRSA	ADM				NARES	NARES	DIS				
SCREEN	RESULT	IN CURR	DATE	ADM	MAS	MOVE	SCREEN	RESULT	MRSA IN	DATE	DIS	MAS	MOVE
WARD	PATIENT		SSN	ENTERED	WARD	ADT	TYPE	24H	48H	PAST YR	LEFT WARD	ADT	TYPE
24H	48H	PRD	TRANS										
11ABS	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXX	9/7/07@17:51	T	INTERWARD	TRA			POS	10/27/07@18:20	D	NON-SERVICE	C Y
11ABM	*XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXX	9/26/07@18:17	A	DIRECT		Y	POS		10/12/07@15:24	D	MPM-SERVICE	C Y
11ABS	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXX	9/27/07@16:26	T	INTERWARD	TRA	Y	POS	POS	10/1/07@12:07	T	INTERWARD	TRA Y
POS	POS												
11ABM	*XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXX	9/28/07@19:58	A	DIRECT		Y			10/2/07@21:22	D	MOM-SERVICE	C Y
11ABS	*XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXX	9/28/07@20:03	A	DIRECT		Y			10/2/07@21:12	D	TRANSFER OUR	Y
11ABS	*XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXX	9/28/07@22:11	A	DIRECT		Y			10/1/07@16:40	D	NON-SERVICE	C Y
11ABM	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXX	10/13/07@13:42	A	DIRECT		Y	POS	POS	10/14/07@23:57	D	IRREGULAR	
POS													
11ABS	*XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXX	10/14/07@15:11	A	DIRECT		Y			10/26/07@17:21	D	NON-SERVICE	C Y
11ABS	*XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXX	10/16/07@11:05	T	INTERWARD	TRA	Y			10/18/07@19:50	T	INTEWARD	TRA Y
11ABS	*XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXX	10/16/07@17:35	A	DIRECT		Y			10/20/07@13:10	D	NON-SERVICE	C Y
POS	POS	T											
11ABS	*XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXX	10/17/07@17:00	A	DIRECT		Y			10/17/07@22:19	T	INTERWARD	TRA

A description for the headings from the report are outlined in the table below.

**Table 8: Descriptions for MRSA IPEC Discharge/Transmission Report**

Heading	Description
WARD	The patient was admitted/transferred into this Ward location.
PATIENT	Patient's last name, followed by first name. An asterisk (*) before the patient's name denotes that the patient was indicated for a nasal screen upon discharge from the unit based on the site's business rules.
SSN	The last 4 digits of the patient's social security number.
DATE ENTERED WARD	The date patient was admitted or transferred into the unit.
ADM ADT	How the patient entered the ward, either by admission or transfer into the unit.

Heading	Description
MAS MOVE TYPE	The type of Medical Administration Service (MAS) movement.
NARES SCREEN 24H	<p>This will be Y (yes) if the patient received a nares screen within 24 hours of arriving on the unit. Only tests that follow the new MRSA laboratory standards will be captured.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> The test names must be called MRSA SURVL NARES AGAR or MRSA SURVL NARES DNA.</p>
NARES RESULT 48H	<p>This will be POS (positive) if the patient's nares screen or surveillance culture was positive within 48 hours of admission to the unit. Only tests that follow the new MRSA lab standards will be captured.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> For nares screens, the test names must be called MRSA SURVL NARES AGAR or MRSA SURVL NARES DNA; for surveillance cultures they must be called MRSA SURVL OTHER AGAR or MRSA SURVL OTHER DNA.</p>
MRSA IN PAST YEAR	<p>The patient's MRSA history going back one year prior to admission until 48 hours after admission. It will display a POS, if the patient ever had a positive nares screen, surveillance culture or clinical culture for MRSA in the past year.</p> <p>Begin time frame: (Admission – 365 days) or (report start date – 365 days); use the later timeframe.</p> <p>End time frame: (Admission + 48 hours) or (report start date); use the later timeframe.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> The program will determine a MRSA positive based on the parameter set-up (MDRO Tools Lab Parameter Setup) and national standards for laboratory reporting of MRSA.</p>
DATE LEFT WARD	Date the patient left the unit.
DIS ADT	How the patient left the unit: Discharge or Transfer-out.
DIS MAS MOVE TYPE	Type of discharge movement.
NARES SCREEN 24H	<p>Y (yes) if the patient had a nares screen within 24 hours of being discharged from the unit. Only tests that follow the new MRSA lab standards will be captured.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> The test names must be called MRSA SURVL NARES AGAR or MRSA SURVL NARES DNA.</p>
NARES RESULT	POS (positive) if the patient's nares screen or surveillance culture was

Heading	Description
48H	<p>positive within 48 hours of exiting the unit. Only tests that follow the new MRSA lab standards will be captured.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> For nares screens, the test names must be called MRSA SURVL NARES AGAR or MRSA SURVL NARES DNA; for surveillance cultures they must be called MRSA SURVL OTHER AGAR or MRSA SURVL OTHER DNA.</p>
MRSA IN CURR PRD	<p>POS (positive) if the patient had a positive MRSA nasal screen, surveillance culture or clinical culture during the current admission.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Begin time frame: (Admission + 48 hours) or (Report start date); use the later timeframe.</li> <li>• End time frame: (Discharge + 48 hours) or (Report end date); use the earlier timeframe.</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> The program will determine what's considered a MRSA positive based on the parameter set-up (MDRO Tools Lab Parameter Setup) and national standards for laboratory reporting of MRSA.</p>
TRANS	<p>T if the patient had a transmission within the selected time range.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Transmission is defined as a patient with a negative nares screen within 48 hours of admission to the unit (NARES RESULT 48H) and no history of MRSA within the past 365 days (MRSA IN PAST YEAR). In addition, on transfer and/or discharge from the unit the patient must have a positive nares screen (NARES RESULT 48H), or be positive for MRSA during the current admission (MRSA IN CURR PRD).</p>

#### 4.7.1.4. Discharge/Transmission Summary Report

The Discharge/Transmission Summary Report displays all pertinent information to enter Transmission Measure data into the IPEC system. The report displays information for Unit-Specific data entry.

**Figure 30: MRSA IPEC Discharge/Transmission Summary Report**

<p>MRSA IPEC DISCHARGE/TRANSMISSION SUMMARY REPORT</p> <p>Geographical Location: SICU</p> <p>Report period: Mar 01, 2017 to Mar 15, 2017@24:00</p> <p>PAGE: 1</p> <p>Transmission Measures (Unit Specific)</p> <p>10. Number of bed days of care for the unit: 115</p> <p>11. Number of exits (discharges + deaths + transfers out) from the unit: 33</p> <p>12. Number of (11) for whom a discharge/transfer swab was indicated: 33</p> <p>13. Number of (12) who received MRSA nasal screening upon exit from unit: 31</p> <p>14. Number of MRSA transmissions on unit based on MRSA nasal screening or clinical cultures: 0</p>
--

A description for the headings from the report are outlined in the table below.



**Table 9: Descriptions for Transmission Measures (Unit Specific)**

Heading	Description
Number of bed days of care for the unit	Bed days of care for the unit for the calendar month.
Number of exits (discharges + deaths + transfers out) from the unit	The number of exits (discharges/deaths/transfers out) from the unit for the calendar month.
Number of (11) for whom a discharge/transfer swab was indicated	<p>The number of discharges, deaths and transfer out from the unit for the calendar month, for whom a nasal screen was indicated. The program will determine this information based on the site parameters entered during setup.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> If the discharging unit at a site does not screen patients on unit-to-unit transfers (but the admitting unit does), then only facility discharge(s) or death will be indicated for a swab.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> If a site does not screen patients with MRSA history on discharge/death/transfer-outs, then a patient with a known MRSA history (within 365 days prior to leaving the unit) will not be indicated for a swab. To be considered “known positive” the lab result must have been verified before the patient left the unit.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> This is different than the column heading MRSA IN PAST YEAR, where the collection date (not verification date) was used.</p>
Number of (12) who received MRSA nasal screening upon exit from the unit	Those discharges, deaths and transfers out who were indicated for a MRSA nares screen and received a MRSA nares screen within 24 hours from exit from the unit.
Number of MRSA transmissions on unit based on MRSA nasal screening or clinical cultures	The number of transmissions on the units for the calendar month identified either by MRSA nares screen or clinical culture, while taking into account the patient’s history of MRSA in the past 12 months.

### 4.7.2. Print Isolation Report

The Print Isolation Report is an optional report. It can be used to print a ward census and will identify patients on the unit that have a selected MDRO (i.e., MRSA, CRB-R, VRE, C. diff, VRE, ESBL). The report displays real-time unit-specific patient information and is based on the information entered in the parameter setup (MDRO and Historical Days, and Isolation Orders, if applicable). The report will display the patient’s last known positive MDRO and active Isolation Orders if this information is used by the facility.

The report is designed for a 176 column (landscape) format.

VLE Microbiology MMRS\*1.0\*5

User Guide

**Figure 31: Print Isolation Report Option**

```

Select MRSA Tools Reports Menu Option: Print Isolation Report

Select the Division: XXXXX VAMC

Do you want to select all locations? NO//

Select Geographical Location: 11AB
Select another Location:

This report is designed for a 176 column format (landscape).

DEVICE: HOME// IDM1$PRT LANDSCAPE

```

The Print Isolation Report may be tasked to print to a specific unit at one or more specific times of day which will allow the unit to identify patients to be placed in contact precautions and to see if any Isolation Orders have been ordered for the patient. An example is provided below.

**Note:** See information regarding the Print Isolation Report (Tasked) for configuration instructions for this option.

**Figure 32: Isolation Report**

CENSUS LIST AND MDRO HISTORY							PAGE: 1
Geographical location: 11AB							
Report printed on: Mar 05, 2017@14:28:10							
PATIENT START DATE	SSN	LAST MRSA POS IN 365 DAYS	LAST CRB-R POS IN 365 DAYS	LAST ESBL POS IN 356 DAYS	LAST VRE POS IN 365 DAYS	LAST CDF POS IN 28 DAYS	ISOLATION ORDER
-----							
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX 3/1/16	XXXX						CONTACT PRECAUTIONS
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX 2/27/16	XXXX	2/28/16@17:00	6/1/16@13:30	5/13/16@15:15	6/5/16@13:30		CONTACT PRECAUTIONS
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX 11/13/16	XXXX	2/28/16@17:00	6/1/16@13:30	5/13/16@15:15	6/5/16@13:30		CONTACT PRECAUTIONS
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX 2/25/16	XXXX	10/7/16@21:57					
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX 2/25/16	XXXX	2/25/16@15:05			5/14/16@20:01		CONTACT PRECAUTIONS
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX 3/4/16	XXXX	3/3/16@18:44					CONTACT PRECAUTIONS

A description for the headings from the report are outlined in the table below.

**Table 10: Descriptions for Census List and MDRO History**

Heading	Description
PATIENT	The patient's last name, followed by first name.
SSN	The last 4 digits of the patient's social security number.
MRSA IN 365 DAYS	<p>The last positive MRSA result (either by nares screen, surveillance culture or clinical culture) in the past 365 days.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> The program will determine a MRSA positive based on the parameter setup (MDRO Tools Lab Parameter Setup) and national standards for laboratory reporting of MRSA.</p>
CRB-R IN XXX DAYS	<p>The last positive CRB-R result in the past XXX day; it is optional. It will only be displayed if during the initial setup the user identified the number of historical days for this MDRO (using the MDRO Historical Days Edit option).</p> <p><b>Note:</b> The program will determine a CRB-R positive based on the parameter set-up (MDRO Tools Lab Parameter Setup).</p>
ESBL IN XXX DAYS	<p>The last positive ESBL result in the past XXX days; it is optional. It will only be displayed if during the initial setup the user identified the number of historical days for this MDRO (using the MDRO Historical Days Edit option).</p> <p><b>Note:</b> The program will determine an ESBL positive based on the parameter set-up (MDRO Tools Lab Parameter Setup).</p>
VRE IN XXX DAYS	<p>This will display the last positive VRE result in the past XXX days; it is optional. It will only be displayed if during the initial setup the user identified the number of historical days for this MDRO (using the MDRO Historical Days Edit option).</p> <p><b>Note:</b> The program will determine a VRE positive based on the parameter set-up (MDRO Tools Lab Parameter Setup).</p>
CDIFF IN XXX DAYS	<p>Last positive C. difficile result in the past XXX days; it is optional. It will only be displayed if during the initial setup the user identified the number of historical days for this MDRO (using the MDRO Historical Days Edit option).</p> <p><b>Note:</b> The program will determine a C. diff positive based on the parameter set-up (MDRO Tools Lab Parameter Setup).</p>
ISOLATION ORDER	Type of Isolation Order the provider has ordered for the patient. Note that the information will only be displayed if the site uses Isolation Orders; the information about Isolation Orders was added during the initial set-up (using option Isolation Orders Add/Edit). If more than one Isolation Order has been ordered for the patient, then the patient will be listed multiple times on the report, dependent on the number of Isolation Orders.

Heading	Description
START DATE	Start Date for the Isolation Order that the provider ordered for the patient. Note that the information will only be displayed if the site uses Isolation Orders, and information about Isolation Orders was added during the initial set-up (using option Isolation Orders Add/Edit).

### 4.7.3. Print Nares Screen Compliance List

The Print Nares Screen Compliance List is an optional report. If desired, the report may be used to print a ward census and identify if a MRSA nares screen was ordered for the patient. The report prints real-time patient information on the unit and is designed for a 132 column (compressed) format. Examples are provided below.

**Figure 33: Nares Screen Compliance List**

```

Select MRSA Tools Reports Menu Option: Print Nares Screen Compliance List

Select the Division: XXXXX VAMC

Do you want to select all locations? NO//
Select Geographical Location: 11AB
Select another Location:

This report is designed for a 132 column format (compressed).

DEVICE: HOME// IDM1$PRT COMPRESSED

```

**Figure 34: Nares Swab Order List**

NARES SWAB ORDER LIST							
Geographical Location: 11AB							
Report printed on: Mar 02, 2017@15:31:27							
PAGE: 1							
PATIENT	SSN	DATE ENTERED	WARD	ADT	MRSA IN PAST YEAR	NARES ORDERED	LAB RECEIVED
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXX	2/27/17@19:13	T	POS	YES	2/27/17@18:53	YES
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXX	2/27/17@19:37	A	POS	YES	2/27/17@23:30	YES
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXX	2/24/17@18:37	A	POS	YES	2/24/17@22:05	YES
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXX	3/2/17@14:19	A				
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXX	3/2/17@02:48	A		YES	3/2/17@07:00	YES
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXX	3/1/17@13:40	A		YES	3/1/17@14:15	YES
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXX	2/22/17@11:02	T	POS	YES	2/22/17@01:48	YES

A description for each of the headings from the report are outlined in the table below.

**Table 11: Descriptions for Nares Screen Compliance List**

Heading	Description
PATIENT	Patient's last name, first name.
SSN	Last 4 digits of the patient's social security number.
DATE ENTERED WARD	Date the patient was admitted to the unit.
ADT	How the patient entered the ward: Admission or Transfer-In to the unit
MRSA IN PAST YEAR	<p>POS (positive) if the patient had a positive MRSA result (either by nares screen or clinical culture).</p> <p><b>Note:</b> The program will determine a MRSA positive based on the parameter set-up (MDRO Tools Lab Parameter Setup) and national standards for laboratory reporting of MRSA.</p>
NARES ORDERED	<p>If a nares screen was ordered for the patient, the report starts searching for a nares screen beginning 24 hours before admission – going forward. The first active or completed order it finds once it starts searching, is the order that gets displayed on the report. If there are no active or completed orders, then the first pending order within that time frame will be displayed.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Only orders for tests that follow the new MRSA lab standards will be picked up (the test names must be called 'MRSA SURVL NARES AGAR' or 'MRSA SURVL NARES DNA').</p>
ORDER DATE	Date the nares screen was ordered for the patient.
LAB RECEIVED	If the nares screen was received in the lab, labs received will be utilized during the search by the program.

The Print Nares Screen Compliance List report can be tasked to print to a specific unit at one or more specified times of the day. This allows the unit to determine if a patient did not have a nares screen upon admission and to obtain one, if needed.

**Note:** The Print Nares Screen Compliance List report is based on the laboratory standards for the following test names: MRSA SURVL NARES DNA and MRSA SURVL NARES AGAR. If the standards have not been implemented or have been set up incorrectly, then the report will not display accurate information.

#### 4.7.4. Print CDI Report

This section provides instructions for printing the CDI Report to a printer or to a display screen.

#### 4.7.4.1. Printing the Facility CDI Cases Report to a Printer

**Note:** Before running the report, ensure that the laboratory test(s), e.g., the Clostridium difficile Etiology, are configured in the MDRO TOOLS LAB SEARCH/EXTRACT file (#104.1). To configure the lab test(s), use the MDRO Tools Lab Parameter Setup option.

To generate the report, perform the following steps:

1. From the MDRO Tools Reports Menu, enter **4** for Print CDI Report and press the **<ENTER>** key.
2. At the Do you want to select all Divisions: NO// prompt, enter either **Yes** or **No** based on the following criteria:
  - a. Entering **Yes** will obtain results for all divisions.
  - b. Entering **No** will obtain results for a particular division or divisions. After No is entered, a prompt will be displayed to enter the name of the division. Enter the name of the division and press the **<ENTER>** key. If desired, enter additional divisions.

**Note:** The prompt will not display for a facility that is setup as a Single Division, it will only display for a Multi-Division Facility.

3. At the prompt, Beginning POS CDI Lab ID Event (Collection) Date: Nov 12, 2015// enter a start date to run the report or accept the default for 365 days.
  4. At the prompt Ending POS CDI Lab ID Event (Collection) Date: enter an end date. **Note:** An end date must be entered to run the report.
  5. At the prompt, Device: HOME//, enter the name of the printer.
- Note:** This report is designed for a 132 column format (compressed).

Examples are provided below.

**Figure 35: Example of Printing the CDI Report for a Division with multiple Locations**

```

Select MDRO Tools Reports Menu <TEST ACCOUNT> Option: 4  Print CDI Report

Do you want to select all divisions: NO// n NO

Select Division:      CHEYENNE VAMROC
Select another Division:

Beginning POS CDI Lab ID Event (Collection) Date: Jan 21, 2016//0811  (AUG 11, 2016)
Ending POS CDI Lab ID Event (Collection) Date: 0818  (AUG 18, 2016)

This report is designed for a 132 column format (compressed).

DEVICE: HOME// Printer RM104

FACILITY CDI CASES REPORT
Division: CHEYENNE VAMROC
Geographical Location: C MEDICINE
Report period: Aug 11, 2016 to Aug 18, 2016@24:00
Report printed on: Jan 19, 2017@11:38:37
PAGE: 1
PATIENT      SSN  DOB      CDI Event D/T      ADM D/T
LOCATION      DC D/T      PREV CDI Event D/T
-----
SQA,TESTPATIENTFOUR      5543 04/13/1969  8/14/16 08:00      8/13/16 00:39:23
C MEDICINE      8/13/16 17:31:37

FACILITY CDI CASES REPORT
Division: CHEYENNE VAMROC
Geographical Location: CHY ANTICOAG
Report period: Aug 11, 2016 to Aug 18, 2016@24:00
Report printed on: Jan 19, 2017@11:38:37
PAGE: 2
PATIENT      SSN  DOB      CDI Event D/T      ADM D/T
LOCATION      DC D/T      PREV CDI Event D/T
-----
SQA,TESTPATIENTONE      0090 09/05/1989  8/13/16 08:00
CHY ANTICOAG
SQA,TESTPATIENTTWO      4412 07/30/1969  8/13/16 09:00
CHY ANTICOAG

FACILITY CDI CASES REPORT
Division: CHEYENNE VAMROC
Geographical Location: CLC
Report period: Aug 11, 2016 to Aug 18, 2016@24:00
Report printed on: Jan 19, 2017@11:38:37
PAGE: 3
PATIENT      SSN  DOB      CDI Event D/T      ADM D/T
LOCATION      DC D/T      PREV CDI Event D/T
-----
SQA,TESTPATIENTFOUR      5543 04/13/1969  8/16/16 12:26:15      8/13/16 00:39:23
ICU-M      8/14/16 08:00
SQA,TESTPATIENTTHREE      2254 05/14/1977  8/13/16 17:25:25      8/13/16 00:36:44
ICU-M
SQA,TESTPATIENTTWO      4412 07/30/1969  8/14/16 22:25:16      8/14/16 22:06:52
ICU-M      8/13/16 09:00
SQA,TESTPATIENTTWO      4412 07/30/1969  8/16/16 12:37:27      8/14/16 22:06:52
ICU-M      8/16/16 10:45:11

END OF REPORT.

```

**Figure 36: Rendition of Printing the CDI Report to a Printer**

FACILITY CDI CASES REPORT									
Division: CASPER									
Geographical Location: ICU-M									
Report period: Aug 11, 2016 to Aug 18, 2016@24:00									
Report printed on: Dec 16, 2016@13:20:44								PAGE: 1	
PATIENT	SSN	DOB	CDI Event D/T		ADM D/T		LOCATION	DC D/T	PREV CDI Event D/T
-----									
XXXXXXXX	XXXX	04/13/1969	8/16/16	12:26:15	8/13/16	00:39:23	ICU-M	8/14/16	08:00
XXXXXXXX	XXXX	05/14/1977	8/13/16	17:25:25	8/13/16	00:36:44	ICU-M	8/15/16	08:00
XXXXXXXX	XXXX	07/30/1969	8/14/16	22:25:16	8/14/16	22:06:52	ICU-M	8/13/16	09:00
XXXXXXXX	XXXX	07/30/1969	8/16/16	12:37:27	8/14/16	22:06:52	ICU-M	8/16/16	10:00
END OF REPORT.									

#### 4.7.4.2. Displaying the Facility CDI Cases report to screen.

**Note:** Before running the report, ensure that the laboratory test(s), e.g., the Clostridium difficile Etiology, are configured in the MDRO TOOLS LAB SEARCH/EXTRACT file (#104.1). To configure the lab test(s), use the MDRO Tools Lab Parameter Setup option.

To generate the report, perform the following steps:

1. From the MDRO Tools Reports Menu, enter **4** for Print CDI Report and press the **<ENTER>** key.
2. At the Select Division: prompt, enter the name of the Division.
3. At the Do you want to select all Divisions: NO// prompt, enter either **Yes** or **No** based on the following criteria:
  - a. Entering **Yes** will obtain results for all divisions.
  - b. Entering **No** will obtain results for a particular division or divisions. After No is entered, a prompt will be displayed to enter the name of the division. Enter the name of the division and press the **<ENTER>** key. If desired, enter additional divisions.

**Note:** The prompt will not display for a facility that is setup as a Single Division, it will only display for a Multi-Division Facility.

4. At the prompt, Beginning POS CDI Lab ID Event (Collection) Date: Nov 12, 2015// enter a start date to run the report or accept the default for 365 days.
5. At the prompt Ending POS CDI Lab ID Event (Collection) Date: enter an end date. **Note:** An end date must be entered to run the report.
6. At the prompt, Device: HOME//, press the **<ENTER>** key.



7. At the prompt, Print a delimited report to the screen? (Y/N) : enter **No** and press the **<ENTER>** key.

An example is provided below.

**Figure 37: Example of Displaying the CDI Report to Screen**

```
Select MDRO Tools Reports Menu <TEST ACCOUNT> Option: 4  Print CDI Report

Do you want to select all divisions: NO// n NO

Select Division:      CHEYENNE VAMROC
Select another Division:

Beginning POS CDI Lab ID Event (Collection) Date: Jan 21, 2016//0811  (AUG 11, 2016)
Ending POS CDI Lab ID Event (Collection) Date: 0818  (AUG 18, 2016)

This report is designed for a 132 column format (compressed).

DEVICE: HOME// ;160;999  HOME  (CRT)

      FACILITY CDI CASES REPORT
      Division: CHEYENNE VAMROC
      Geographical Location: C MEDICINE
      Report period: Aug 11, 2016 to Aug 18, 2016@24:00
      Report printed on: Jan 19, 2017@11:38:37
      PAGE: 1
PATIENT      SSN  DOB      CDI Event D/T      ADM D/T
LOCATION      DC D/T      PREV CDI Event D/T
-----
SQA,TESTPATIENTFOUR      5543 04/13/1969  8/14/16 08:00      8/13/16 00:39:23
C MEDICINE      8/13/16 17:31:37

      FACILITY CDI CASES REPORT
      Division: CHEYENNE VAMROC
      Geographical Location: CHY ANTICOAG
      Report period: Aug 11, 2016 to Aug 18, 2016@24:00
      Report printed on: Jan 19, 2017@11:38:37
      PAGE: 2
PATIENT      SSN  DOB      CDI Event D/T      ADM D/T
LOCATION      DC D/T      PREV CDI Event D/T
-----
SQA,TESTPATIENTTONE      0090 09/05/1989  8/13/16 08:00
CHY ANTICOAG
SQA,TESTPATIENTTWO      4412 07/30/1969  8/13/16 09:00
CHY ANTICOAG

      FACILITY CDI CASES REPORT
      Division: CHEYENNE VAMROC
      Geographical Location: CLC
      Report period: Aug 11, 2016 to Aug 18, 2016@24:00
      Report printed on: Jan 19, 2017@11:38:37
      PAGE: 3
PATIENT      SSN  DOB      CDI Event D/T      ADM D/T
LOCATION      DC D/T      PREV CDI Event D/T
-----
SQA,TESTPATIENTFOUR      5543 04/13/1969  8/16/16 12:26:15      8/13/16 00:39:23
ICU-M      8/14/16 08:00
SQA,TESTPATIENTTHREE      2254 05/14/1977  8/13/16 17:25:25      8/13/16 00:36:44
ICU-M
SQA,TESTPATIENTTWO      4412 07/30/1969  8/14/16 22:25:16      8/14/16 22:06:52
ICU-M      8/13/16 09:00
SQA,TESTPATIENTTWO      4412 07/30/1969  8/16/16 12:37:27      8/14/16 22:06:52
ICU-M      8/16/16 10:45:11

END OF REPORT.
```

#### 4.7.4.3. Displaying and Importing the Delimited data into Excel™ Spreadsheet

An Excel™ spreadsheet has been developed entitled CDI Reporting Tool which can be utilized to determine how a case should be defined (e.g. duplicate, recurrent, incident, CO-, CO-CLC-Associated, CO-not-CLC-Associated, CLC Onset-CLC-Associated, etc.) for reporting to IPEC. All CDI positive laboratory assays (obtained from inpatients as well as outpatients) should be captured each month in the CDI Reporting Tool. Choose the appropriate spreadsheet for reporting.

**Note:** Before running the report, ensure that the laboratory test(s), e.g., the Clostridium Difficile Etiology, are configured in the MDRO TOOLS LAB SEARCH/EXTRACT file (#104.1). To configure the lab test(s), use the MDRO Tools Lab Parameter Setup option.

To generate the report, perform the following steps:

1. From the MDRO Tools Reports Menu, enter **4** for Print CDI Report and press the **<ENTER>** key.
2. At the Do you want to select all Divisions: NO// prompt, enter either **Yes** or **No** based on the following criteria:
  - a. Entering **Yes** will obtain results for all divisions.
  - b. Entering **No** will obtain results for a particular division or divisions. After No is entered, a prompt will be displayed to enter the name of the division. Enter the name of the division and press the **<ENTER>** key. If desired, enter additional divisions.

**Note:** The prompt will not display for a facility that is setup as a Single Division, it will only display for a Multi-Division Facility.

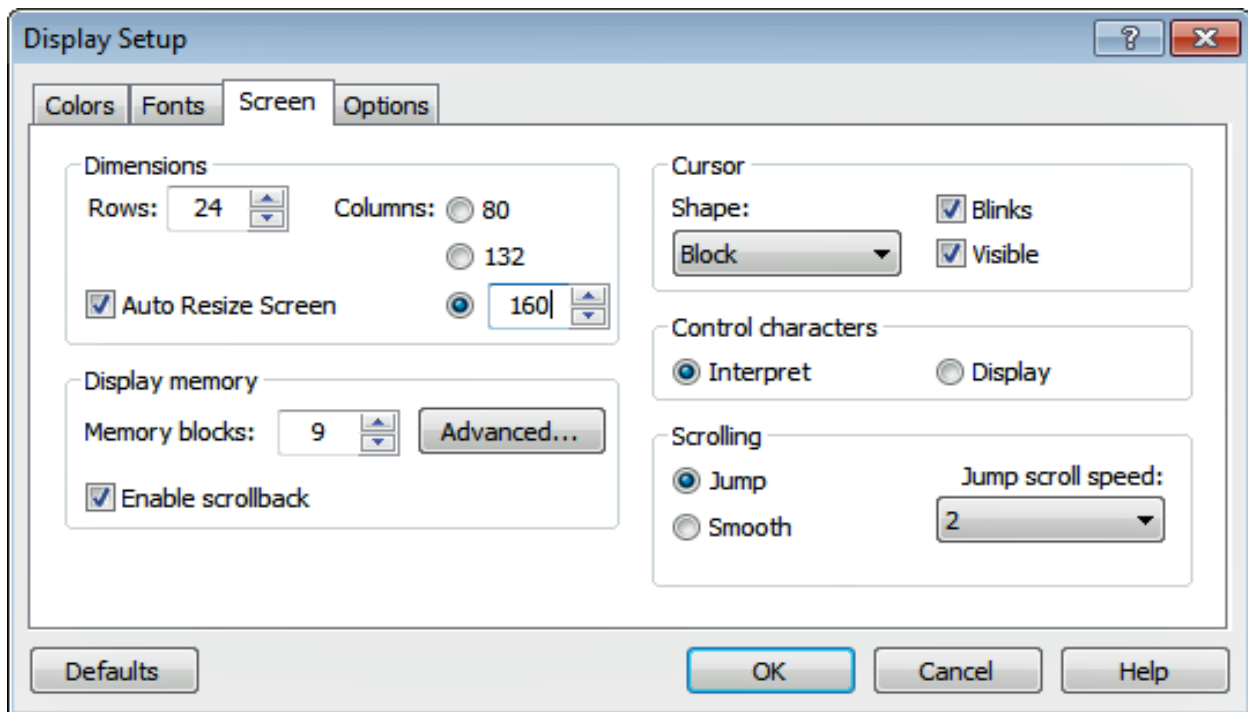
3. At the Beginning POS CDI LAB ID Event (Collection)Date: prompt, enter a begin date and press the **<ENTER>** key.
4. At the Ending POS CDI LAB ID Event (Collection)Date: prompt, enter an end date and press the **<ENTER>** key.
5. At the prompt, Device: HOME//, press the **<ENTER>** key.

**Note:** The Facility CDI Cases Report will display to screen.

6. At the prompt, Print a delimited report to the screen? (Y/N): enter **Yes** and press the **<ENTER>** key.
7. Open Reflection™
8. Select **Setup** from the File Menu toolbar.
9. Select **Display** from Setup drop down.
10. From the Display window, Select the **Screen** tab.
11. Select **Auto Resize Screen**.
12. Enter **160** into the Columns box. Press the **<OK>** button.

An example is provided below.

**Figure 38: Reflection™ Column Size**



13. In VistA, when prompted at Device: Home// enter the following: ;160;9999 and press the **<ENTER>** key.

An example is provided below.

**Figure 39: Displaying the CDI Report to Screen**

```
Print a delimited report to the screen? (Y/N): y  YES
Delimited Report will now be printed to the screen...
DEVICE: HOME// ;160;999  HOME  (CRT)

SQA,TESTPATIENTONE^0090^09/05/1989^8/13/16 08:00^^CHY ANTICOAG^CLINIC^MEDICINE^161^^^
SQA,TESTPATIENTTWO^4412^07/30/1969^8/13/16 09:00^^CHY ANTICOAG^CLINIC^MEDICINE^161^^^
SQA,TESTPATIENTFIVE^3389^07/16/1972^8/16/16 10:27:39^8/13/16 00:14:13^TRANSITIONAL^WARD^^145^^^
END OF REPORT.
```

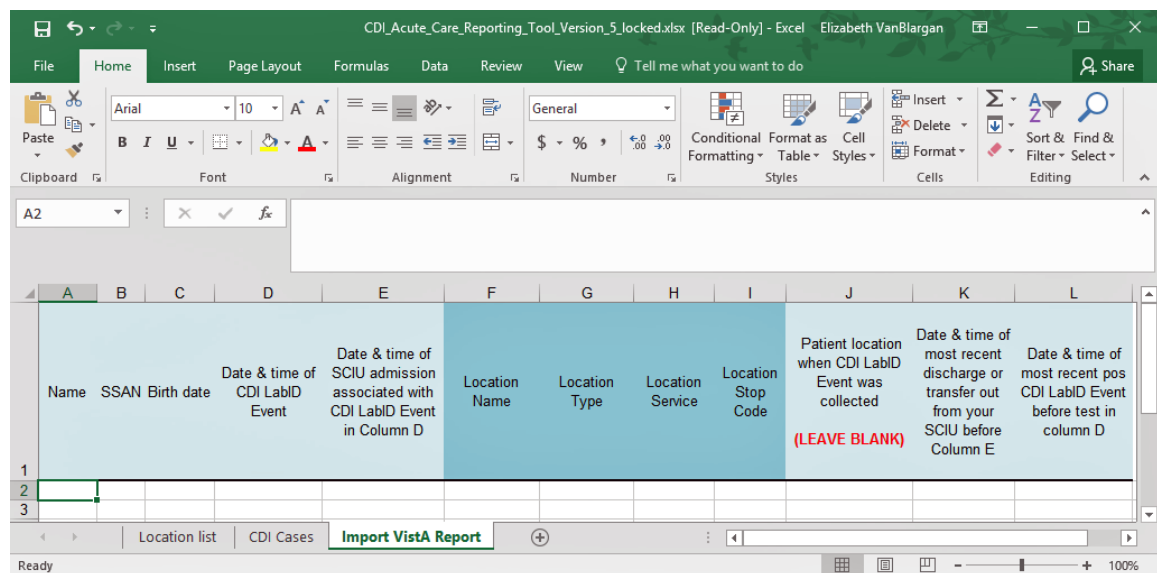
14. Select all of the delimited data when it is displayed.
15. Copy the selected delimited data.
16. Open the NotePad™ application.
17. Select **Paste** from the Menu toolbar.
18. Save the file as a Text file with a .TXT extension to either the desktop or network drive. Write down the location of the saved file.

**Note:** The delimited data should not wrap to next line; the data should be on one line to ensure a successful import of the data.

19. Open the Excel™ spreadsheet CDI Reporting Tool. Choose the appropriate spreadsheet: CDI\_Acute\_Care\_Reporting\_Tool, CDI\_Acute\_Care\_SCIU\_Reporting\_Tool, or CDI\_CLC\_Reporting\_Tool.
20. Click once on the tab entitled Import VistA Report.
21. Select the cell A2 by placing the mouse in the cell and clicking once in the cell.

**Note:** The example shown below is the CDI CLC Reporting Tool. Select the CDI Reporting Tool that is applicable.

**Figure 40: Select A2 in CDI Reporting Tool**



22. Select **Data** from the Excel™ Menu toolbar.
23. Select **From Text** to import data from the previously saved text file.
24. Navigate to the location of the previously saved Text file and select the **Import** button.
25. Select the **Delimited** button in the Text Import Wizard – Step 1 of 3 window. See the figure shown below for more information.

**Figure 41: Importing Delimited Data, Import Wizard Step 1 of 3**

Text Import Wizard - Step 1 of 3

The Text Wizard has determined that your data is Delimited.  
If this is correct, choose Next, or choose the data type that best describes your data.

Original data type

Choose the file type that best describes your data:

☒ Delimited - Characters such as commas or tabs separate each field.

☐ Fixed width - Fields are aligned in columns with spaces between each field.

Start import at row: 1 File origin: 437 : OEM United States

Preview of file C:\Users\vhaisdcrosbm\...\CHEYL174\_CDI\_TEST UNLOCKED SPREADSHEET DATA.txt.

```

5 SQA,TESTPATIENTFOUR^5543^04/13/1969^8/16/16 12:26:15^8/13/16 00:39:23~ICU
6 SQA,TESTPATIENTTHREE^2254^05/14/1977^8/13/16 17:25:25^8/13/16 00:36:44~ICU
7 SQA,TESTPATIENTTWO^4412^07/30/1969^8/14/16 22:25:16^8/14/16 22:06:52~ICU
8 SQA,TESTPATIENTTWO^4412^07/30/1969^8/16/16 12:37:27^8/14/16 22:06:52~ICU
9 SQA,OUTPATIENTSIX^3876^03/18/1973^8/14/16 22:54:18^8/14/16 08:00~INTERME

```

Cancel < Back Next > Finish

26. Select the **Next** button in the Text Import Wizard – Step 1 of 3 window.
27. In the Text Import Wizard – Step 1 of 2 window, deselect the Tab Delimiter by clicking once in the checkbox.
28. In the Text Import Wizard – Step 1 of 2 window, select the Other Delimiter by clicking once in the checkbox and placing the carat ^ symbol in the box. See the figure shown below for more information.

**Figure 42: Importing Delimited Data, Import Wizard Step 2 of 3**

Text Import Wizard - Step 2 of 3

This screen lets you set the delimiters your data contains. You can see how your text is affected in the preview below.

**Delimiters**

☐ Tab

☐ Semicolon

☐ Comma

☐ Space

☒ Other: ^|

☐ Treat consecutive delimiters as one

Text qualifier: " ▾

**Data preview**

SQA, TESTPATIENTFOUR	5543	04/13/1969	8/16/16 12:26:15	8/13/16 00:39:23	ICU-	▲
SQA, TESTPATIENTTHREE	2254	05/14/1977	8/13/16 17:25:25	8/13/16 00:36:44	ICU-	
SQA, TESTPATIENTTWO	4412	07/30/1969	8/14/16 22:25:16	8/14/16 22:06:52	ICU-	▾
SQA, TESTPATIENTTWO	4412	07/30/1969	8/16/16 12:37:27	8/14/16 22:06:52	ICU-	
SQA, OUTPATIENTSIX	3876	03/18/1973	8/14/16 22:54:18	8/14/16 08:00	INT-	▼

Cancel < Back Next > Finish

29. Select the **Next** button in the Text Import Wizard - Step 2 of 3 window.
30. Select the **Finish** button in the Text Import Wizard - Step 3 of 3 window.

An example is provided below.

**Figure 43: Importing Delimited Data, Import Wizard Step 3 of 3**

Text Import Wizard - Step 3 of 3

This screen lets you select each column and set the Data Format.

Column data format

☒ General  
☐ Text  
☐ Date: MDY  
☐ Do not import column (skip)

'General' converts numeric values to numbers, date values to dates, and all remaining values to text.

Advanced...

Data preview

General	General	General	General	General	General
SQA, TESTPATIENTFOUR	5543	04/13/1969	8/16/16 12:26:15	8/13/16 00:39:23	ICU
SQA, TESTPATIENTTHREE	2254	05/14/1977	8/13/16 17:25:25	8/13/16 00:36:44	ICU
SQA, TESTPATIENTTWO	4412	07/30/1969	8/14/16 22:25:16	8/14/16 22:06:52	ICU
SQA, TESTPATIENTTWO	4412	07/30/1969	8/16/16 12:37:27	8/14/16 22:06:52	ICU
SQA, OUTPATIENTSIX	3876	03/18/1973	8/14/16 22:54:18	8/14/16 08:00	INT

Cancel < Back Next > Finish

31. In the Import Data Window, select the **OK** button to accept the Existing Worksheet=\$A\$2.
32. After importing the data, select **Save As** from the File Menu and save the worksheet to the local desktop or network drive.
33. Select all of the data imported in columns A through L by dragging the mouse across the data.  
**Note:** Select only the cells that contain data.
34. Select **Copy** from the Home menu.
35. Select the CDI Cases tab at the bottom of the Excel™ spreadsheet.
36. Click once into the A2 cell.
37. Select **Paste** from the Home menu.
38. Select **Paste Special**.
39. Select **Values** from Paste Special to import data values.  
**Note:** It is important to select Values from Paste Special to ensure proper formatting.
40. Evaluate the data in cells F through I (regarding location) to determine a selection in cell J. Select a Patient location when CDI LabID Event was collected from the drop down list in cell J. Repeat this step for each patient.
41. Select **Save** from the File Menu to save the worksheet.



A description for the headings from the report are outlined in the table below.

**Table 12: Descriptions for Excel™ spreadsheet CDI Reporting Tool**

Heading	Description
Name	This field contains the patient's name.
SSAN	This field contains the last 4 numbers of the patient's Social Security Account Number (SSAN).
Birth date	This field contains the patient's birth date and may be useful as some patients have the same name and last 4 digits of the SSAN. It is displayed in MM/DD/YY format.
Date & time of CDI LabID Event	This field contains the date and time that the <i>C. difficile</i> positive stool specimen for this episode was <u>collected</u> in MM/DD/YY HH:MM format.
Date & time of admission associated with CDI LabID Event in Column D	This field contains the date and time the patient was admitted to the facility in MM/DD/YY HH:MM format.
Location Name	Information shown in this column will enable the user to choose the appropriate Patient Location when CDI LabID Event was collected in Column J.
Location Type	Information shown in this column will enable the user to choose the appropriate Patient Location when CDI LabID Event was collected in Column J.
Location Service	Information shown in this column will enable the user to choose the appropriate Patient Location when CDI LabID Event was collected in Column J.
Location Stop Code	Information shown in this column will enable the user to choose the appropriate Patient Location when CDI LabID Event was collected in Column J.
Patient location when CDI LabID Event collected	Select either acute input, output/ED, SCIU, CLC, or mental health as appropriate from the drop-down box.
Date & time of most recent discharge from your inpt facility before Column E	This field contains the most recent discharge date & time (MM/DD/YY HH:MM) if patient was discharged from the facility at any time prior to the admission date in Column E;  Note: Mental health or observation discharges should not be included.
Date & time of most recent pos CDI LabID Event before test in	If the patient had a previous CDI LabID Event, the date and time the most recent previous positive CDI LabID Event was collected (MM/DD/YY HH:MM) from any setting (acute inpatient, outpatient/ED, SCIU, CLC, or mental health) will be displayed. A



Heading	Description
Column D	CDI LabID Event can be counted from an outside (either VA or non-VA) facility if there is documentation (e.g. a scanned report) in CPRS.
Duplicate case	This field is automatically calculated using the formula: (TRUE/FALSE) = number of days from previous positive CDI LabID Event to current positive CDI LabID Event $\leq 14$ days.
Recurrent case	This field is automatically calculated using the formula: (TRUE/FALSE) = number of days from previous positive CDI LabID Event to current positive CDI LabID Event is $>14$ and $\leq 56$ .
Incident case	This field is automatically calculated using the formula: (TRUE/FALSE) = number of days from previous positive CDI LabID Event to current positive CDI LabID Event is $>56$ or there was no positive stool specimen.
Pos CDI LabID Event collected upon admission	This field is automatically calculated using the formula: (TRUE/FALSE) = case where non-duplicate CDI LabID Event (Column D) was collected as an outpatient $\leq 24$ hours before admission or as an inpatient $\leq 48$ hours after the admission to your CLC facility listed in Column E. This includes recurrent cases (non-duplicate CDI LabID Events where the second CDI LabID Event was collected $>14$ and $\leq 56$ days after the first CDI LabID Event).
Community-Onset CDI (CO-CDI)	This field is automatically calculated using the formula: (TRUE/FALSE) = Patient admitted and a positive stool CDI LabID Event was collected as an outpatient $\leq 24$ hours before admission or as an inpatient $\leq 48$ hours after admission to your CLC facility AND non-duplicate/non-recurrent case AND patient location when the CDI LabID Event was collected was "CLC", "acute inpt," "outpt/ED," or "SCIU."
Community-Onset, CLC-Associated CDI (CO-CLC-Associated CDI)	This field is automatically calculated using the formula: (TRUE/FALSE) = Patient admitted and a positive stool CDI LabID Event was collected as an outpatient $\leq 24$ hours before admission or as an inpatient $\leq 48$ hours after admission to your CLC facility AND non-duplicate/non-recurrent case AND patient discharged from your CLC facility $\leq 28$ days from date positive stool specimen was collected AND patient location when the CDI LabID Event was collected was "CLC", "acute inpt," "outpt/ED," or "SCIU."
CLC -Onset, CLC-Associated CDI case (CLC-Onset, CLC-Associated CDI)	This field is automatically calculated using the formula: field (TRUE/FALSE) = Positive stool CDI LabID Event collected $>48$ hours after admission to your Community Living Center facility AND non-duplicate/non-recurrent case AND patient location when the CDI LabID Event was collected was "CLC".

Heading	Description
Clinically Confirmed CLC-Onset-CLC-Associated CDI	From the drop-down menu, enter whether the patient was a Clinically Confirmed CLC-Onset, CLC-Associated CDI case (i.e. a patient with a positive CDI LabID Event plus either 1) diarrhea or 2) colonoscopic or histopathologic findings of pseudomembranous colitis). Enter “yes,” “no,” or “N/A” (not applicable) after chart review.
Date for 30-day review	This field is automatically calculated using the formula: when 30 days have passed since the positive laboratory CDI LabID Event in Column D.  <b>Note:</b> This is the time to determine whether CDI complications occurred.
CDI Complications	From the drop-down menu, select any adverse outcomes associated with CDI: ICU admit, colectomy, death, or combinations of outcomes if known.
Comments	If desired, enter any relevant notes or clinical details.

## 4.8. Tasked Reports

The following reports can be set up in TaskMan to run automatically and print to a designated printer at specified frequencies during the day:

- MMRS ISOLATION REPORT (TASKED)      Print Isolation Report (Tasked)
- MMRS NARES SWAB LIST (TASKED)      Print Nares Screen Compliance List
- MDRO PRINT CDI REPORT (TASKED)      Print Facility CDI Report (Tasked)

If the clinical staff desires to schedule any of the reports to automatically print to designated printers at specified times during the day, schedule these tasks in TaskMan.

### 4.8.1. Print Isolation Report (Tasked)

This option should not be run interactively. It should be scheduled by IRM staff to run via TaskMan using option Schedule/Unschedule Options [XUTM SCHEDULE]; this option will print the Isolation Report at specified times.

An example is provided below.

**Figure 44: Print Isolation Report (Tasked)**

```
Select TaskMan Management Option: Schedule/Unschedule Options

Select OPTION to schedule or reschedule: "MMRS ISOLATION REPORT (TASKED)"
Are you adding 'MMRS ISOLATION REPORT (TASKED)' as
a new OPTION SCHEDULING (the 329TH)? No// Y (Yes)

Edit Option Schedule
Option Name: MMRS ISOLATION REPORT (TASKED
Menu Text: Print Isolation Report (Tasked)                TASK ID:

-----

QUEUED TO RUN AT WHAT TIME: MAR 5,2017@15:50

DEVICE FOR QUEUED JOB OUTPUT: IDM1$PRT LANDSCAPE;P-TCP LANDS

QUEUED TO RUN ON VOLUME SET:

RESCHEDULING FREQUENCY: 12H

TASK PARAMETERS:

SPECIAL QUEUEING:

-----

COMMAND:                                                    Press <PF1>H for help
```

**Note:** In order for the report to run correctly, when the option is scheduled to run in TaskMan via the option Schedule / Unschedule Options [XUTM SCHEDULE], several variables need to be configured on the second page of the form as described below.

1. Add the Variable Name `MMRSDIV` and set the value of it to the Internal Entry Number (IEN) in File #104 for the applicable Division.  
**Note:** See the section entitled Obtaining a Division IEN Number for more information.
2. To set the variables for a division or for multiple divisions, follow the instructions below.
  - a. To print the report for all locations or divisions, add the Variable Name. Set the value of the variable to **"ALL"**; the quotations are required.
  - b. To print for specific locations, add the Variable Name for each location. For example: `MMRSLOC (LOC IEN)`, where `LOC IEN` is the geographical unit IEN from File #104.3. Set its value to double quotes (`" "`). Use the **<TAB>** key to enter each variable.  
**Note:** The double quotes are required for the Value; do not leave the Value blank.
3. After configuring the variables, press the **<ENTER>** key.

4. At the command prompt, type **S** to save the form and press the **<ENTER>** key.
5. At the command prompt, type **E** to exit and press the **<ENTER>** key.

The figure below illustrates how to generate the option for Division 1 with geographical locations 3 and 5.

**Figure 45: Print Isolation Report (Tasked) with Division 1 and Geographical Locations 3, 5**

```

                                Edit Option Schedule
Option Name: MMRS ISOLATION REPORT (TASKED)
-----
USER TO RUN TASK:

VARIABLE NAME: MMRSDIV                VALUE: 1
VARIABLE NAME: MMRSLOC (3)            VALUE: ""
VARIABLE NAME: MMRSLOC (5)            VALUE: ""
VARIABLE NAME:                        VALUE:

COMMAND:                               Press <PF1>H for help

```

The figure below illustrates how to generate the option for Division 1 with all Geographical Locations.

**Note:** When tasking options, ALL has to be in quotations (i.e., “ALL”).

**Figure 46: Print Isolation Report (Tasked) with Division 1 and All Geographical Locations**

```

                                Edit Option Schedule
Option Name: MMRS ISOLATION REPORT (TASKED)
-----
USER TO RUN TASK:

VARIABLE NAME: MMRSDIV                VALUE: 1
VARIABLE NAME: MMRSLOC                VALUE: "ALL"
VARIABLE NAME:                        VALUE:
VARIABLE NAME:                        VALUE:
VARIABLE NAME:                        VALUE:

COMMAND:                               Press <PF1>H for help

```

**Note:** This option may be scheduled more than once. For example, if the site wants to schedule the report to print at different printers for different locations, place the option name in quotes as it will allow for the scheduling of the option for more than a single time.

### 4.8.2. Print Nares Screen Compliance List (Tasked)

The Print Nares Screen Compliance List (Tasked) option should not be run interactively; it should only be scheduled by IRM staff to run via TaskMan using option Schedule/Unschedule Options [XUTM SCHEDULE]. This option will print the Nares Compliance List at specified times.

**Figure 47: Print Nares Screen Compliance List (Tasked)**

```
Select TaskMan Management Option: Schedule/Unschedule Options

Select OPTION to schedule or reschedule: "MMRS NARES SWAB LIST (TASKED)"
Are you adding 'MMRS NARES SWAB LIST (TASKED)' as
a new OPTION SCHEDULING (the 329TH)? No// Y (Yes)

                                Edit Option Schedule
Option Name: MMRS NARES SWAB LIST (TASKED
Menu Text:  Print Nares Screen Compliance List (Tasked)           TASK ID:

-----

QUEUED TO RUN AT WHAT TIME: MAR 5,2017@15:50

DEVICE FOR QUEUED JOB OUTPUT: IDM1$PRT LANDSCAPE;P-TCP LANDS

QUEUED TO RUN ON VOLUME SET:

                                RESCHEDULING FREQUENCY: 12H

                                TASK PARAMETERS:

                                SPECIAL QUEUEING:

-----
COMMAND:                               Press <PF1>H for help
```

**Note:** In order for the report to run correctly, when the option is scheduled to run in TaskMan via the option Schedule / Unschedule Options [XUTM SCHEDULE], several variables need to be configured on the second page of the form as described below.

1. Add the Variable Name MMRSDIV and set the value of it to the Internal Entry Number (IEN) in File #104 for the applicable Division.  
**Note:** See the section entitled Obtaining a Division IEN Number for more information.
2. To set the variables for a division or for multiple divisions, follow the instructions below.
  - a. To print the report for all locations or divisions, add the Variable Name. Set the value of the variable to "**ALL**"; the quotations are required.
  - b. To print for specific locations, add the Variable Name for each location. For example: MMRSLOC (LOCIEN), where LOCIEN is the geographical unit IEN from File #104.3. Set its value to double quotes (" "). Use the **<TAB>** key to enter each variable.

**Note:** The double quotes are required for the Value; do not leave the Value blank.

3. After configuring the variables, press the **<ENTER>** key.
4. At the command prompt, type **S** to save the form and press the **<ENTER>** key.
5. At the command prompt, type **E** to exit and press the **<ENTER>** key.

The figure below illustrates how to generate the option for Division 1 with geographical locations 3 and 5.

**Figure 48: Print Nares Swab List (Tasked) with Division 1 and Geographical Locations 3, 5**

Edit Option Schedule	
Option Name: MMRS NARES SWAB LIST (TASKED)	
USER TO RUN TASK:	
VARIABLE NAME: MMRSDIV	VALUE: 1
VARIABLE NAME: MMRSLOC(3)	VALUE: ""
VARIABLE NAME: MMRSLOC(5)	VALUE: ""
VARIABLE NAME:	VALUE:
COMMAND: Press <PF1>H for help	

The figure below illustrates how to generate the option for Division 1 and all Geographical Locations.

**Figure 49: Print Nares Swab List (Tasked) with Division 1 and All Geographical Locations**

Edit Option Schedule	
Option Name: MMRS NARES SWAB LIST (TASKED)	
USER TO RUN TASK:	
VARIABLE NAME: MMRSDIV	VALUE: 1
VARIABLE NAME: MMRSLOC	VALUE: "ALL"
VARIABLE NAME:	VALUE:
VARIABLE NAME:	VALUE:
COMMAND: Press <PF1>H for help	

### 4.8.3. MDRO Print CDI Report (Tasked)

The MDRO Print CDI Report (Tasked) option should not be run interactively. It should only be scheduled by IRM staff to run via TaskMan using option Schedule/Unschedule Options [XUTM SCHEDULE or MAIN^MMRSCDI2]. This option will print the Facility CDI report at specified times utilizing the default date range of the previous month.

1. In TaskMan, Select the option Schedule/Unschedule and press the <ENTER> key.
2. When prompted, Select OPTION to schedule or reschedule:, enter **MDRO** and press the <ENTER> key.
3. When prompted, enter the option number for **MDRO PRINT CDI REPORT (TASKED)** and press the <ENTER> key.
4. When prompted, Are you adding 'MDRO PRINT CDI REPORT (TASKED)' as a new OPTION SCHEDULING (the 237TH)? No// Y respond Yes and press the <ENTER> key.

An example is provided below.

**Figure 50: MDRO Print CDI Report (Tasked)**

```
Select Taskman Management <TEST ACCOUNT> Option: Schedule/Unschedule Options

Select OPTION to schedule or reschedule: MDRO
 1 MDRO PRINT CDI REPORT (TASKED) Print Facility CDI Report (Tasked)
 2 MDRO HISTORICAL DAYS EDIT MMRS MDRO HIST DAYS EDIT MDRO Historical
   Days Edit
 3 MDRO TOOLS LAB PARAMETER SETUP MMRS MDRO LAB PARAMETER SETUP MDRO
   Tools Lab Parameter Setup

CHOOSE 1-3: 1 MDRO PRINT CDI REPORT (TASKED)      Print Facility CDI Report
(Tasked)
Are you adding 'MDRO PRINT CDI REPORT (TASKED)' as
a new OPTION SCHEDULING (the 237TH)? No// Y (Yes)

                                Edit Option Schedule
Option Name: MDRO Print CDI Report (TASKED)
Menu Text: MDRO Print CDI Report (Tasked)                TASK ID:

_____|_____

QUEUED TO RUN AT WHAT TIME: JAN 5,2017@15:50

DEVICE FOR QUEUED JOB OUTPUT: IDM1$PRT LANDSCAPE;P-TCP LANDS

QUEUED TO RUN ON VOLUME SET:

                                RESCHEDULING FREQUENCY: 1D

                                TASK PARAMETERS:

                                SPECIAL QUEUEING:

_____|_____

COMMAND:                                                    Press <PF1>H for help
```

**Note:** In order for the report to run correctly, when the option is scheduled to run in TaskMan via the option Schedule / Unschedule Options [XUTM SCHEDULE], several variables need to be configured on the second page of the form as described below.

5. Add the Variable Name based on the following criteria:
  - a. Entering MMRSDIV (Internal Entry Number (IEN) in File #104 for the applicable Division) will obtain results for a particular division. Use the **<TAB>** key to enter each variable name.
  - b. Entering MMRSDIV will obtain results for all divisions.**Note:** See the section entitled Obtaining a Division IEN Number for more information.
6. To set the variables for a division or for multiple divisions, follow the instructions below.
  - a. To print for a specific division, add the Variable Name for each division. Set the value to "". Use the **<TAB>** key to enter each variable.**Note:** The double quotes are required for the Value; do not leave the Value blank.
- b. To print the report for all divisions, add the Variable Name. Set its value to "ALL" ; the quotations are required.
7. After configuring the variables, press the **<ENTER>** key.
8. At the command prompt, type **S** to save the form and press the **<ENTER>** key.
9. At the command prompt, type **E** to exit and press the **<ENTER>** key.

The figure below illustrates how to generate the option for a specific Division.

**Figure 51: MDRO Print CDI Report (Tasked) for a Division**

Edit Option Schedule	
Option Name: MDRO PRINT CDI REPORT (TASKED)	
<hr/>	
USER TO RUN TASK:	
VARIABLE NAME: MMRSDIV(1)	VALUE: ""
VARIABLE NAME: MMRSDIV(3)	VALUE: ""
VARIABLE NAME:	VALUE:
VARIABLE NAME:	VALUE:
<hr/>	
COMMAND:	Press <PF1>H for help



The figure below illustrates how to generate the option for all Divisions.

**Figure 52: MDRO Print CDI Report (Tasked) with all Divisions**

```
Edit Option Schedule
Option Name: MDRO PRINT CDI REPORT (TASKED)

USER TO RUN TASK:

VARIABLE NAME: MMRSDIV          VALUE: "ALL"
VARIABLE NAME:                  VALUE:
VARIABLE NAME:                  VALUE:
VARIABLE NAME:                  VALUE:

COMMAND:                        Press <PF1>H for help
```

#### 4.8.4. Obtaining a Division IEN

To obtain a division IEN, follow the instructions below.

1. In FileMan, enter the option **INQUIRE TO FILE ENTRIES** and press the **<ENTER>** key.
2. When prompted, OUTPUT FROM WHAT FILE:, enter **MRSA SITE PARAMETERS** and press the **<ENTER>** key.
3. When prompted, Select MRSA SITE PARAMETERS DIVISION:, enter the division and press the **<ENTER>** key.

The figure below illustrates how to obtain the IEN for a Division. The number highlighted in yellow is the IEN.

**Figure 53: Obtain MRSA Division IEN**

```
VA FileMan 22.0

Select OPTION: INQUIRE TO FILE ENTRIES

OUTPUT FROM WHAT FILE: MRSA SITE PARAMETERS
Select MRSA SITE PARAMETERS DIVISION: XXXXX VAMC
ANOTHER ONE:
STANDARD CAPTIONED OUTPUT? Yes// (Yes)
Include COMPUTED fields: (N/Y/R/B): NO// Record Number (IEN)

NUMBER: 1                                DIVISION: XXXXX VAMC
RECEIVING UNIT SCREEN: YES                DISCHARGING UNIT SCREEN: YES
SCREEN POS ON TRANSFER IN: YES             SCREEN POS ON DISCHARGE: YES
```

To obtain a Geographical Location IEN, follow the instructions below.

1. In FileMan, enter the option **INQUIRE TO FILE ENTRIES** and press the **<ENTER>** key.
2. When prompted, **OUTPUT FROM WHAT FILE:**, enter **MRSA WARD MAPPINGS** and press the **<ENTER>** key.
3. When prompted, **Select MRSA WARD MAPPINGS NAME:**, enter the ward and press the **<ENTER>** key.

The figure below illustrates how to obtain the IEN for a Geographical Location. The number highlighted in yellow is the IEN.

**Figure 54: Obtain Geographical Location IEN**

```
VA FileMan 22.0

Select OPTION: INQUIRE TO FILE ENTRIES

OUTPUT FROM WHAT FILE: MRSA WARD MAPPINGS
Select MRSA WARD MAPPINGS NAME: 11AB
ANOTHER ONE:
STANDARD CAPTIONED OUTPUT? Yes//      (Yes)
Include COMPUTED fields:  (N/Y/R/B): NO// Record Number (IEN)

NUMBER: 5                                NAME: 11AB
      DIVISION: XXXXX VAMC                    TYPE: ACUTE CARE
      IPEC UNIT ID: 726
      WARD LOCATION: 11AB
      WARD LOCATION: 11ASURG
```

#### 4.8.5. Deleting a Variable Name

To delete a variable name, follow the instructions below.

1. Select the desired variable.
2. Enter the @ symbol and press the **<ENTER>** key.

**Figure 55: Deleting a Variable Name**

```
Edit Option Schedule
  Option Name: MDRO PRINT CDI REPORT (TASKED)

USER TO RUN TASK:

      VARIABLE NAME: @                      VALUE: "ALL"
      VARIABLE NAME:                      VALUE:
      VARIABLE NAME:                      VALUE:
      VARIABLE NAME:                      VALUE:

COMMAND:                                     Press <PF1>H for help
```

3. When prompted, SURE YOU WANT TO DELETE This entire subrecord? respond with Y and the <ENTER> key to delete the entire geographical unit from the setup.

## 5. Troubleshooting

This section describes warning messages that will be displayed if errors are encountered when generating a report.

### 5.1. Warning Message that Lab Test or Etiology Parameters are not configured

If the Laboratory Test or Etiology parameters have not been configured, and a user attempts to generate the CDI Report, the following message will be displayed to the user:

**Figure 56: Warning Dialog regarding Lab Test/Etiology Configuration**

The report cannot be run because the Laboratory Test(s) or the Etiology is not configured in the MDRO TOOLS LAB SEARCH/EXTRACT file, (104.1). Use the MDRO Tools Lab Parameter Setup option to configure.

Consult the on MDRO Tools Lab Parameter Setup for information on how to enter laboratory and/or etiology parameters for historical reporting of multi-drug resistant organisms (MDROs). Consult the section regarding the CRE Tools Parameter Setup menu option on how to configure the CRE parameters for division(s).

### 5.2. Warning Message that Division(s) are not configured

If divisions have not been configured, and the user attempts to generate a report without first defining a Division, a warning dialog will be displayed.

**Figure 57: Warning Dialog regarding Division Setup**

>>> Make sure the division has been setup using option:  
'MDRO Tools Parameter Setup (Main)'

Correct the issue by configuring the division(s). Consult the MDRO Tools Parameter Setup section for more information.

### 5.3. Warning Message that Chemistry Subscribed Tests are not configured

If Chemistry subscribed tests (MRSA SURVL NARES DNA, MRSA SURVL NARES AGAR) have not been configured, and the user attempts to generate a report, a warning dialog will be displayed.

**Figure 58: Warning Dialog regarding Chemistry Subscribed Tests**

```
>>> Make sure the MRSA Chemistry subscribed tests have been setup
      according to the National Guidelines. Laboratory needs to
      setup at least one of the lab tests in the system before
      generating reports:
      1. 'MRSA SURVL NARES DNA'
      2. 'MRSA SURVL NARES AGAR'
```

Correct the issue by configuring the Chemistry subscribed tests. Consult the MDRO Tools Parameter Setup section for more information.

## **5.4. Warning Message that the etiology Staphylococcus Aureus Methicillin Resistant (MRSA) has not been configured**

If the Staphylococcus Aureus Methicillin Resistant etiology has not been configured, and the user attempts to generate a report, a warning dialog will be displayed.

**Figure 59: Warning Dialog regarding Staphylococcus Aureus Methicillin Resistant etiology**

```
>>> Make sure the Etiology has been setup according to the National
      Guidelines. The following etiology must be added to the
      Etiology Field File (#61.2):
      'STAPHYLOCOCCUS AUREUS METHICILLIN RESISTANT (MRSA)'
```

Correct the issue by configuring the etiology parameters. Consult the section regarding MDRO Tools Lab Parameter Setup for more information.

## **5.5. Warning Message that the Geographical Unit has not been configured**

If the Geographical Unit has not been configured, and the user attempts to generate a report, a warning dialog will be displayed.

**Figure 60: Warning Dialog regarding Geographical Unit**

```
>>> Make sure the Ward Mappings for each Geographical Unit has been setup
```

Correct the issue by configuring the Geographical Unit. Consult the section regarding MDRO Tools Ward Mapping Setup for more information.

## 6. Printing in Landscape

The following is a sample Terminal Type for a landscape setup. Actual entries may vary depending on make and model of the printer.

**Figure 61: Printing in Landscape**

NAME: P-TCP LANDSCAPE	RIGHT MARGIN: 176
FORM FEED: #	PAGE LENGTH: 51
BACK SPACE: \$C(8)	
OPEN EXECUTE: W \$C(27), "&l10", \$C(27), "&l7C", \$C(27), "&k2S", \$C(27), "&l2E"	
CLOSE EXECUTE: W \$C(27), "E" D CLOSE^NVSPRTU	

## 7. MAS Movement

This section describes how MDRO-PT handles or interprets Medical Administration Service (MAS) movements.

For example, for a transaction type of Specialty Transfer, the MAS movement is excluded as there was not a change to the patient's room; there was only a change to the patient's status or service.

In the scenario of patients who float between the CLC and acute care, theoretically, two movements are created: one for the actual Transfer and one for the Absent Sick in Hospital (ASIH); however, the program will ignore the ASIH. The program will respond to the patient's movement as a discharge from the CLC and an Admission back into the CLC.

The table below states how the MDRO-PT handles or interprets Medical Administration Service (MAS) movements.

**Table 13: MAS Movement Program Explanations**

Name	Description	Clinical Transaction Type	Include/ Exclude	MDRO-PT Program Response
AMBULATORY CARE (OPT-AC)	Admission to the VA facility from the Ambulatory Care (A/C) rolls.	Admission	Include	Admission
DIRECT	Direct admission to the VA facility for treatment.	Admission	Include	Admission
NON-SERVICE CONNECTED (OPT-NSC)	Admission for inpatient treatment from the facility OPT-NSC program.	Admission	Include	Admission

Name	Description	Clinical Transaction Type	Include/ Exclude	MDRO-PT Program Response
NON-VETERAN (OPT-NVE)	Admission of a patient who is not a veteran applicant for inpatient treatment.	Admission	Include	Admission
OPT-SC	Admission for inpatient treatment from the facility OPT-SC program.	Admission	Include	Admission
PRE-BED CARE (OPT-PBC)	Admission from the OPT-PBC program for inpatient treatment.	Admission	Include	Admission
READMISSION TO IMLTC/NHCU/DOMICILIARY	Readmission to NHCU or Domiciliary within 30 days of last discharge from NHCU/Domiciliary.	Admission	Include	Admission
TO ASIH	To the parent VA Hospital from the VANH or VAD in Absent Sick in Hospital (ASIH) status. Does not cause discharge from sending facility.	Admission	Include	Admission
TRANSFER IN	Transfer in (admission) from another VA facility to this VA facility.	Admission	Include	Admission
WAITING LIST	Admission type to be used when admitting a patient from a waiting list.	Admission	Include	Admission
CHECK-IN LODGER	Check a lodger into the VA facility without impacting census data.	Check-in lodger	Exclude	<u>Excluded</u>
CHECK-IN LODGER (OTHER FACILITY)	Check a lodger into a non-VA facility such as a local hotel.	Check-in lodger	Exclude	<u>Excluded</u>

Name	Description	Clinical Transaction Type	Include/ Exclude	MDRO-PT Program Response
CHECK-OUT LODGER	Check a lodger out of lodger status from either VA or non-VA facility.	Check-out lodger	Exclude	<u>Excluded</u>
CONTINUED ASIH (OTHER FACILITY)	Discharge from the parent facility to ASIH in another VA (or non-VA) facility. Patient must have been sent to parent facility in ASIH status originally.	Discharge	Exclude	<u>Excluded</u>
DEATH	Expired while in receipt of inpatient care either in VA facility or in non-VA facility under VA auspices. Autopsy was NOT accomplished.	Discharge	Include	Discharge
DEATH WITH AUTOPSY	Expired while in receipt of inpatient care either in VA facility or in non-VA facility under VA auspices. Autopsy was accomplished.	Discharge	Include	Discharge
DISCHARGE FROM IMLTC/NHCU/DOM WHILE ASIH	This movement type is used when discharging a patient from the NHCU/DOM ward prior to his hospital discharge and prior to 30 days. Use this type when it is evident that the patient will not return to the NHCU/DOM ward.	Discharge	Exclude	<u>Excluded</u>
DISCHARGE TO CNH	Discharge type for the AMIE package for use when discharging a patient to a community nursing home.	Discharge	Include	Discharge

Name	Description	Clinical Transaction Type	Include/ Exclude	MDRO-PT Program Response
FROM ASIH	Discharge from VAH ASIH status with resumption of VANH/VAD episode of care.	Discharge	Include	Discharge
IRREGULAR	Discharge from inpatient treatment against medical advice.	Discharge	Include	Discharge
NON-BED CARE	Discharge from inpatient treatment to the NBC (Non-bed care) rolls.	Discharge	Exclude	<u>Excluded</u>
NON-SERVICE CONNECTED (OPT-NSC)	Discharge from inpatient treatment to the facility OPT-NSC rolls.	Discharge	Include	Discharge
NON-VETERAN	Discharge of a patient from inpatient care who was treated in a status other than as a veteran.	Discharge	Include	Discharge
OPT-SC	Discharge from inpatient treatment to the OPT-SC rolls.	Discharge	Include	Discharge
REGULAR	Regular discharge from inpatient treatment.	Discharge	Include	Discharge
TO DOM FROM HOSP	Discharge type created for the AMIE package to be used when discharging a hospital patient for admission to a domiciliary ward.	Discharge	Include	Discharge
TO IMLTC/NHCU FROM DOM	Discharge type created for AMIE for use when discharging a patient from a ward for admission to a nursing home care unit.	Discharge	Exclude	<u>Excluded</u>



Name	Description	Clinical Transaction Type	Include/Exclude	MDRO-PT Program Response
TO IMLTC/NHCU FROM HOSP	Discharge type created for the AMIE package used when discharging a hospital patient to the nursing home care unit.	Discharge	Include	Discharge
TRANSFER OUT	Transfer out (discharge) to another VA facility from this VA facility.	Discharge	Include	Discharge
VA IMLTC/NHCU TO CNH	Discharge type added for the AMIE package to be used when discharging a patient from a VA nursing home care unit to a community nursing home.	Discharge	Include	Discharge
WHILE ASIH	Discharge from VAD/VANH while in an ASIH status at other facility either by termination of inpatient care or exceeding the 30-day ASIH period.	Discharge	Exclude	<u>Excluded</u>
PROVIDER/SPECIALTY CHANGE	Change of provider and/or treating specialty without any other change in status, <i>i.e.</i> , ward, room remain same as prior to change.	Specialty transfer	Exclude	<u>Excluded</u>
AUTH ABSENCE 96 HOURS OR LESS	Transfer to an absence (pass) of 96 hours or less.	Transfer	Exclude	<u>Excluded</u>
AUTHORIZED ABSENCE	To an authorized absence status of more than 96 hours but not greater than 7 days for hospital or 30 days for NHCU/Domiciliary.	Transfer	Include	Discharge

Name	Description	Clinical Transaction Type	Include/Exclude	MDRO-PT Program Response
CHANGE ASIH LOCATION (OTHER FACILITY)	Continuation of ASIH status but to another VA or Non-VA facility at VA expense. [Previously called CONTINUED ASIH (OTHER FACILITY)]	Transfer	Exclude	<u>Excluded</u>
FROM ASIH (VAH)	Return to NHCU or Domiciliary within the 30-day timeframe from Absence Sick in Hospital status.	Transfer	Include	Admission
FROM AUTH. ABSENCE OF 96 HOURS OR LESS	Return from a pass status which didn't exceed 96 hours in duration.	Transfer	Exclude	<u>Excluded</u>
FROM AUTHORIZED ABSENCE	Return from authorized absence which was scheduled for greater than 96 hours.	Transfer	Include	Admission
FROM AUTHORIZED TO UNAUTHORIZED ABSENCE	Transfer from an authorized absence status to an unauthorized absence status.	Transfer	Exclude	<u>Excluded</u>
FROM UNAUTHORIZED ABSENCE	Return from an unauthorized absence status within the 30-day limit (hospital) or 90-day limit (NHCU/Domiciliary).	Transfer	Include	Admission
FROM UNAUTHORIZED TO AUTHORIZED ABSENCE	Transfer from unauthorized absence to authorized absence status.	Transfer	Exclude	<u>Excluded</u>
INTERWARD TRANSFER	Transfer from one ward location in the VA facility to another.	Transfer	Include	Transfer

Name	Description	Clinical Transaction Type	Include/Exclude	MDRO-PT Program Response
RESUME ASIH IN PARENT FACILITY	Return to the parent VAH to continue ASIH status after being ASIH in another VA or non-VA facility. [Previously called CONTINUED ASIH]	Transfer	Include	Admission
TO ASIH (OTHER FACILITY)	To Absent Sick in Hospital Status (ASIH) to somewhere other than the parent VA Hospital.	Transfer	Include	Discharge
TO ASIH (VAH)	Transfer from NHCU/Domiciliary to VA hospital for further care in Absent Sick in Hospital status. Can't exceed 30 days in duration.	Transfer	Include	Discharge
UNAUTHORIZE D ABSENCE	To an unauthorized absence status of not more than 30 days for hospital or 90 days for NHCU/Domiciliary.	Transfer	Include	Discharge

# Glossary

Glossary of Terms	Definitions
Access Code	A code that allows the computer to identify a user authorized to gain access to the computer. The code is greater than six and less than twenty characters long; can be numeric, alphabetic, or a combination of both. The code is usually assigned to a user by a site manager or application coordinator.
ADPAC	<p>Automated Data Processing Coordinator.</p> <p>The ADPAC is the person responsible for planning and implementing new work methods and technology for employees throughout a medical center. ADPACs train employees and assist users when they run into difficulties, and needs to know how all components of the system work. ADPACs maintain open communication with their supervisors and Service Chiefs, as well as their counterparts in Fiscal and Acquisitions and Materiel Management (A&amp;MM), or Information Resource Management (IRM).</p>
Community Living Center (CLC)	VA Community Living Centers (formerly known as nursing home care) are care services provided to Veterans who need a skilled environment for short or long term care. A CLC provides a safe and homelike environment for veterans who have a wide variety of medical, nursing and rehab needs.
FileMan	<p>FileMan is a set of M or MUMPS utilities written in the late 1970s and early 1980s which allow the definition of data structures, menus and security, reports, and forms.</p> <p>FileMan's first use was in the development of medical applications for the Veterans Administration (now the Department of Veterans Affairs). Since it was a work created by the government, the source code cannot be copyrighted, placing that code in the public domain. For this reason, it has been used for rapid development of applications across a</p>

Glossary of Terms	Definitions
	number of organizations, including commercial products.
FORUM	FORUM is the VA's national-scale email system. FORUM uses the VistA mail software and provides an excellent interface for threaded messages that can take the form on ongoing discussions. The National Patch Module is a VistA application that helps developers to manage the numbering, inventory, and release of patches. Patches are developed in response to request submissions and an error reporting request system known as National Online Information Sharing. A process called the Kernel Installation Distribution System (KIDS) is used to roll up patches into text messages that can be sent to sites along with installation instructions. The patch builds are sent as text messages via email, and the recipient (e.g., a site administrator) can run a PackMan function to unpack the KIDS build and install the selected routines.
File Transfer Protocol (FTP)	A client-server protocol which allows a user on one computer to transfer files to and from another computer over a TCP/IP network. Also the client program the user executes to transfer files. It is defined in Internet Standard 9, Request for Comments 959.
Globals	<p>M uses globals or variables which are intrinsically stored in files and which persist beyond the program or process completion. Globals appear as normal variables with the caret character in front of the name. For example, the M statement...</p> <pre>SET ^A("first_name")="Keeley"</pre> <p>...will result in a new record being created and inserted in the persistent just as a file persists in an operating system. Globals are stored, naturally, in highly structured data files by the language and accessed only as M</p>

Glossary of Terms	Definitions
	<p>globals. Huge databases grow randomly rather than in a forced serial order, and the strength and efficiency of M is based on its ability to handle all this flawlessly and invisibly to the programmer.</p> <p>One of the most common M programs is a database management system; FileMan is an example. M allows the programmer much wider control of the data; there is no requirement to fit the data into square boxes of rows and columns.</p>
Kernel	The VistA software that enables VistA applications to coexist in a standard operating system independent computing environment.
Kernel Installation and Distribution System (KIDS)	KIDS provides a mechanism to create a distribution of packages and patches; allows distribution via a MailMan message or a host file; and allows queuing the installation of a distribution for off-hours.
LIM	<p>Laboratory Information Manager.</p> <p>The LIM manages the laboratory files in VistA. Additional duties include creation of new tests, interface set-up and maintenance of instruments, coordination with staff outside of lab to create quick orders, order sets and other Computerized Patient Record System (CPRS) functions.</p>
M	<p>M is a procedural, interpreted, multi-user, general-purpose programming language designed to build and control massive databases. It provides a simple abstraction that all data values are strings of characters, and that all data can be structured as multiple dimensional arrays. M data structures are sparse, using strings of characters as subscripts.</p> <p>M was formerly (and is still commonly) called MUMPS, for Massachusetts General</p>

Glossary of Terms	Definitions
	Hospital Utility Multiprogramming System.
Massachusetts General Hospital Utility Multi-Programming System (MUMPS)	See M
MailMan	MailMan is an electronic messaging system that transmits messages, computer programs, data dictionaries, and data between users and applications located at the same or at different facilities. Network MailMan disseminates information across any communications medium.
MUMPS	See M
Namespace	A logical partition on a physical device that contains all the artifacts for a complete M system, including globals, routines, and libraries. Each namespace is unique, but data can be shared between namespaces with proper addressing within the routines. In VistA, namespaces are usually dedicated to a particular function. The MMMS namespace, for example, is designed for use by MDRO-PT.
Observation (OBS) Unit	An OBS Unit provides a setting for observing a patient for an extended period of time as an outpatient before admitting them as an inpatient. For further information, review VHA Directive 1036.
PackMan	A specific type of MailMan message used to distribute KIDS builds.
VAMC	Department of Veterans Affairs Medical Center.