This report is submitted under Section 505, Personnel Transparency, of the VA Maintaining Internal Systems and Strengthening Integrated Outside Networks Act of 2018 (VA MISSION Act), P.L.115-182 (38 U.S.C. § 301 note). Under Section 505(a), the Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) Secretary shall make publicly available on a quarterly basis information pertaining to staffing and vacancies, specifically including the number of personnel encumbering positions, the number of accessions and separation actions processed during the prior quarter, the number of vacancies by occupation, and the percentage of new hires hired within the time-to-hire target of the Office of Personnel Management (OPM). The Johnny Isakson and David P. Roe, M.D. Veterans Health Care and Benefits Improvement Act of 2020, P.L.116-315 § 3008, added an additional requirement that VA report certain information concerning the time it takes to hire employees appointed under 38 U.S.C. § 7401(1) and § 7401(3).

As of March 31, 2022, VA had 411,919 onboard employees (includes full-time, part-time and seasonal employees), representing a total of 402,876 onboard full-time equivalent employees (FTEs). VA’s net gain of onboard employees during the 2nd quarter of fiscal year (FY) 2022 was 4,408, which was higher than the prior quarter.2

VA continues to successfully attract and retain talent and persists with aggressive hiring to meet expanding mission demands to provide top-quality health care, benefits and burial services to our Nation’s Veterans. As reported last quarter, VA’s turnover rate has increased in recent quarters, reflecting a high demand for healthcare providers and a tight labor supply, but remains competitive at 9.9% when compared to other private healthcare occupations.

VA facility leadership has the authority to use recruitment, retention and relocation incentives to attract and attain high-quality talent for specialized occupations. These incentives can be used to fill title 5, title 38 or hybrid title 38 positions, which are often hard to fill or necessary to retain due to being mission-critical or shortage occupations. VA maximizes the use of many other compensation flexibilities, e.g., superior qualifications appointments (also known as appointments above the minimum rate), special salary rates, student loan repayment, education debt reduction program and incentives for health care occupations, nurses and police officers across VA medical centers who have demonstrated recruitment and retention needs.

Note that these reported data represent a point in time (March 31, 2022) and may not align with data presented from other sources reflecting different points in time and different baseline measures. The reported vacancies are a best estimate based on available data in VA’s position management data system. Efforts to resolve issues impacting position and staffing


2 Net new employees are determined by the difference between new employee accessions of 12,524 and 8,116 losses, representing a net increase of 4,408 employees.
data quality, and to improve data systems, continue throughout FY 2022 to ensure position data accurately reflect VA’s budget and requirements.

VA remains committed to accurate position management together with efficient staffing to fill vacancies and increase the size of the workforce to meet Veteran demand for health care, benefits and memorial services. Historical staffing and vacancy data are available on VA’s website at https://www.va.gov/employee/va-mission-act-section-505-data/.

**How do I interpret the data?**

**Accessions (Hiring) and Separations**

Accessions are personnel actions that result in an employee’s addition to VA (i.e., transfers-in from another agency and new hires to the Federal Government) and contribute to increases in onboards. Separations are personnel actions resulting in the loss of an employee from VA (i.e., transfers-out, resignations, retirements, terminations or removals, death and other separations).

**Full-time equivalents (FTEs)**

Full-Time Equivalent refers to the total number of regular straight-time hours worked by employees divided by the number of compensable hours applicable to each fiscal year (regular method), or the total regular hours worked in a fiscal year (2,080 hours) divided by 26 biweekly pay periods (pay period method). OMB A-11 Circular § 85.5(c).

**Onboard Employees**

Onboards (i.e., the number of personnel encumbering positions) are the number of employees (i.e., headcount) onboard when the data are reported. Note, “onboards” differ from “FTE,” which is a budgetary term based on compensable hours as opposed to headcount. VA hires some part-time employees (i.e., partial FTEs), as such, onboard figures consistently exceed FTE figures. Onboard counts do not include employee categories excluded from MISSION Act reports (intermittent staff, non-salaried health professional trainees, COVID-19 hires, employees in a non-pay status or other volunteers).

**Time-To-Hire**

Time-To-Hire represents the percentage of new hires for the Department hired within the 80 calendar-day time-to-hire targets of the OPM, disaggregated by Administration. Per OPM’s new Mission Critical Occupation (MCO) Resource Chart guidance, all hires in USA Staffing are now included in the time-to-hire calculation, including New Hires that are simply onboarded in USA Staffing and are not associated with an announcement (i.e., non-competitive hiring actions). In Q2 FY 2021, VA added additional data on time-to-hire (T2H) to comply with requirements in the Isakson and Roe Veterans Health Care and Benefits Improvement Act of

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3 Accessions and separations data reflects VA MISSION Act exclusion criteria.
2020 (P.L. 116-315 § 3008). This quarter, that data has been refined and displayed in the last two tabs on the spreadsheet to better reflect the information requested in the law.

Vacant FTE

A vacant position is one that does not have an employee in the position, measured by the total number of compensable hours associated with that position (with one FTE equaling 2,080 hours). Vacant FTE does not include positions where the incumbent is in a non-pay status. Vacant positions may be funded or unfunded. As referenced earlier in this executive summary, work is ongoing to put controls in place to enhance position management processes with better data integrity and gain fidelity in the reported positions, particularly vacant positions. This work will improve the data quality of manpower and position funding data.

Applying for a position at VA

Section 505(b) of the VA MISSION Act Annual Report (June 2021) identifies the steps VA is taking to achieve full staffing capacity. VA is continuously recruiting committed professionals who are dedicated to serving our Nation’s Veterans. Employment at VA provides a competitive salary and benefits package and a strong work/life balance. Above all else, the highest honor in working at VA is the opportunity to serve the brave persons who have served our Nation. Additional information regarding careers at VA can be found at https://www.vacareers.va.gov/.