Medical Care Collection Fund (MCCF)
Electronic Data Interchange (EDI)
Transaction Applications Suite (TAS)

ePharmacy Build 21

Electronic Claims Management Engine BPS\*1.0\*33
Outpatient Pharmacy PSO\*7.0\*680

Deployment, Installation, Back-out, and Rollback Guide



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Revision History

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| December 2022 | 1.0 | Initial Version | EDI TAS ePharmacy Development Team |

Artifact Rationale

This document describes the Deployment, Installation, Back-out, and Rollback Plan for new products going into the VA Enterprise. The plan includes information about system support, issue tracking, escalation processes, and roles and responsibilities involved in all those activities. Its purpose is to provide clients, stakeholders, and support personnel with a smooth transition to the new product or software, and should be structured appropriately, to reflect particulars of these procedures at a single or at multiple locations.

Per the Veteran-focused Integrated Process (VIP) Guide, the Deployment, Installation, Back-out, and Rollback Plan is required to be completed prior to Critical Decision Point #2 (CD #2), with the expectation that it will be updated throughout the lifecycle of the project for each build, as needed.

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# Introduction

This document describes how to deploy and install the multi-build BPS PSO BUNDLE 21.0 (includes BPS\*1.0\*33 and PSO\*7.0\*680) and how to back-out the product and rollback to a previous version or data set.

## Purpose

The purpose of this plan is to provide a single, common document that describes how, when, where, and to whom the multi-build BPS PSO BUNDLE 21.0 (includes BPS\*1.0\*33 and PSO\*7.0\*680) will be deployed and installed, as well as how it is to be backed out and rolled back, if necessary. The plan identifies resources, communications plan, and rollout schedule. Specific instructions for installation, back-out, and rollback are included in this document.

## Dependencies

BPS\*1\*22 and BPS\*1\*32 must be installed BEFORE BPS\*1\*33.

PSO\*7\*562 must be installed BEFORE PSO\*7\*680.

## Constraints

This patch is intended for a fully patched VistA system.

# Roles and Responsibilities

Table : Deployment, Installation, Back-out, and Rollback Roles and Responsibilities

| ID | Team | Phase / Role | Tasks | Project Phase (See Schedule) |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1 | VA OIT, VA OIT Health Product Support, and PMO (Leidos) | Deployment | Plan and schedule deployment (including orchestration with vendors) | Planning |
| 2 | Local VAMC and CPAC processes | Deployment | Determine and document the roles and responsibilities of those involved in the deployment. | Planning |
| 3 | Field Testing (Initial Operating Capability - IOC), Health Product Support Testing & VIP Release Agent Approval  | Deployment | Test for operational readiness  | Testing |
| 4 | Health Product Support and Field Operations | Deployment | Execute deployment | Deployment |
| 5 | Individual Veterans Administration Medical Centers (VAMCs) | Installation | Plan and schedule installation  | Deployment |
| 6 | VIP Release Agent | Installation | Ensure authority to operate and that certificate authority security documentation is in place | Deployment |
| 7 |  | Installation | Validate through facility POC to ensure that IT equipment has been accepted using asset inventory processes | N/A; only existing VistA system will be used |
| 8 | VA’s eBusiness team | Installations | Coordinate training  | Deployment |
| 9 | VIP Release Agent, Health Product Support & the development team | Back-out | Confirm availability of back-out instructions and back-out strategy (what are the criteria that trigger a back-out)  | Deployment |
| 10 | VA OIT, VA OIT Health Product Support, and MCCF EDI TAS Development Team (Halfaker) | Post Deployment | Hardware, Software and System Support | Warranty |

# Deployment

The deployment is planned as a national rollout.

This section provides the schedule and milestones for the deployment.

## Timeline

The deployment and installation are scheduled to run for 30 days starting with the day after national release.

## Site Readiness Assessment

This section discusses the locations that will receive the deployment of the multi-build BPS PSO BUNDLE 21.0 (includes BPS\*1.0\*33 and PSO\*7.0\*680).

### Deployment Topology (Targeted Architecture)

This multi-build BPS PSO BUNDLE 21.0 (includes BPS\*1.0\*33 and PSO\*7.0\*680) is to be nationally released to all VAMCs.

### Site Information (Locations, Deployment Recipients)

The IOC sites are:

* Birmingham
* Greenville / Columbia
* Loveland / Cheyenne
* Richmond
* Wichita

### Site Preparation

The following table describes preparation required by the site prior to deployment.

Table : Site Preparation

| Site / Other | Problem / Change Needed | Features to Adapt / Modify to New Product | Actions / Steps | Owner |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |

## Resources

### Facility Specifics

The following table lists facility-specific features required for deployment.

Table : Facility-Specific Features

| Site | Space / Room | Features Needed | Other |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |

### Hardware

The following table describes hardware specifications required at each site prior to deployment.

Table : Hardware Specifications

| Required Hardware | Model | Version | Configuration | Manufacturer | Other |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Existing VistA system | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |

Please see the Roles and Responsibilities table in Section 2 for details about who is responsible for preparing the site to meet these hardware specifications.

### Software

The following table describes software specifications required at each site prior to deployment.

Table : Software Specifications

| Required Software | Make | Version | Configuration | Manufacturer | Other |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Fully patched Electronic Claims Management Engine package within VistA | N/A | 1.0 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Fully patched Outpatient Pharmacy package within VistA | N/A | 7.0 | N/A | N/A | N/A |

Please see the Roles and Responsibilities table in Section 2 above for details about who is responsible for preparing the site to meet these software specifications.

### Communications

The sites that are participating in field testing (IOC) will use the “Patch Tracking” message in Outlook to communicate with the ePharmacy eBusiness team, developers, and product support personnel.

#### Deployment / Installation / Back-out Checklist

The Release Management team will deploy the multi-build BPS PSO BUNDLE 21.0, which is tracked nationally for all VAMCs in the National Patch Module (NPM) in Forum. Forum automatically tracks the patches as they are installed in the different VAMC production systems. One can run a report in Forum to identify when and by whom the patch was installed into the VistA production at each site. A report can also be run to identify which sites have not currently installed the patch into their VistA production system. Therefore, this information does not need to be manually tracked in the chart below.

Table 6: Deployment / Installation / Back-out Checklist

| Activity | Day | Time | Individual who completed task |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Deploy | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Install | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Back-out | N/A | N/A | N/A |

# Installation

## Pre-installation and System Requirements

Multi-build BPS PSO BUNDLE 21.0 is installable on a fully patched M(UMPS) VistA system and operates on the top of the VistA environment provided by the VistA infrastructure packages. The latter provides utilities that communicate with the underlying operating system and hardware, thereby providing each VistA package independence from variations in hardware and operating system.

## Platform Installation and Preparation

Refer to the BPS\*1.0\*33 documentation on the NPM in Forum for the detailed installation instructions. These instructions include any pre-installation steps if applicable.

## Download and Extract Files

Refer to the BPS\*1.0\*33 and PSO\*7.0\*680 documentation on the NPM to find related documentation that can be downloaded. The patch description of each patch will be transmitted as a MailMan message from the NPM. These messages can also be pulled from the NPM. The patches themselves are bundled together into the multi-build BPS PSO BUNDLE 21.0. The host file containing these patches must be downloaded separately. The file name is BPS\_1\_33\_PSO.KID and it can be found on the [VistA software download site](https://download.vista.med.va.gov/index.html/SOFTWARE/).

## Database Creation

Multi-build BPS PSO BUNDLE 21.0 modifies the VistA database. All changes can be found on the NPM documentation for this patch.

## Installation Scripts

No installation scripts are needed for multi-build BPS PSO BUNDLE 21.0 installation.

## Cron Scripts

No Cron scripts are needed for multi-build BPS PSO BUNDLE 21.0 installation.

## Access Requirements and Skills Needed for the Installation

Staff performing the installation of this multi-build will need access to FORUM’s NPM to view all patch descriptions. Staff will also need access and ability to download the host file from the VistA software download site. The software is to be installed by each site’s or region’s designated VA OIT IT Operations Service, Enterprise Service Lines, VistA Applications Division[[1]](#footnote-1).

## Installation Procedure

Detailed instructions for installing the multi-build BPS PSO BUNDLE 21.0 (includes BPS\*1.0\*33 and PSO\*7.0\*680) can be found on the patch description for BPS\*1.0\*33, which can be found on the NPM. Installing the multi-build BPS PSO BUNDLE 21.0 will install all component patches (BPS\*1.0\*33 and PSO\*7.0\*680).

## Installation Verification Procedure

Refer to the BPS\*1.0\*33 documentation on the NPM for detailed installation instructions. These instructions include any post installation steps if applicable.

## System Configuration

No system configuration changes are required for this patch.

## Database Tuning

No reconfiguration of the VistA database, memory allocations, or other resources is necessary.

# Back-out Procedure

Back-out pertains to a return to the last known good operational state of the software and appropriate platform settings.

## Back-out Strategy

A decision to back out could be made during Site Mirror Testing, during Site Production Testing, or after National Release to the field (VAMCs). The best strategy decision is dependent on the stage during which the decision is made.

### Mirror Testing or Site Production Testing

If a decision to back out is made during Mirror Testing or Site Production Testing, a new version of the patch can be used to restore the build components to their pre-patch condition.

### After National Release but During the Designated Support Period

If a decision to back out is made after national release and within the designated support period, a new patch will be entered into the NPM in Forum and will go through all the necessary milestone reviews, etc. as a patch for a patch. This patch could be defined as an emergency patch, and it could be used to address specific issues pertaining to the original patch or it could be used to restore the build components to their original pre-patch condition.

### After National Release and Warranty Period

After the 90-day warranty period, the VistA Maintenance Program will produce the new patch, either to correct the defective components or restore the build components to their original pre-patch condition.

## Back-out Considerations

Changes implemented with multi-build BPS PSO BUNDLE 21.0 can be backed out in their entirety or on an enhancement-by-enhancement basis. Either could be accomplished via a new version of multi-build BPS PSO BUNDLE 21.0 if before national release or a new multi-build if after national release.

### Load Testing

N/A. The back-out process will be executed at normal rather than raised job priority and is expected to have no significant effect on total system performance. After the reversion, the performance demands on the system will be unchanged.

### User Acceptance Testing

Below are the acceptance criteria for each story included in BPS PSO BUNDLE 21.0.

**EPHAR-2118**

* The Edit ECME Pharmacy Data option displays a new field: BPS PHARMACY FOR CS when there is an additional dispensing pharmacy in addition to the pharmacy being edited.
* The BPS PHARMACY FOR CS field is located after “Default DEA #:”
* The BPS PHARMACY FOR CS field can only be populated with another BPS Pharmacy currently available in the specific VistA system.
* A null value is allowed for the BPS PHARMACY FOR CS field.
* If the BPS PHARMACY FOR CS field is populated, the field can be cleared out by entering the @ sign.
* If the BPS PHARMACY FOR CS field is populated, the value will appear as the default.
* When entering ?, ?? or an invalid BPS Pharmacy name, display the following message and redisplay the list of valid BPS Pharmacies for selection:

\*\*\* BPS PHARMACY FOR CS is an optional field.

This field should only be used when a dispensing pharmacy does not have a valid DEA Controlled Substance Registration Certificate and therefore those products are dispensed by a different pharmacy. Press Enter to bypass the prompt.\*\*\*

* The current Pharmacy will not be displayed in the list of BPS PHARMACY FOR CS and will be invalid for selection.
* Pharmacies with a status of Inactive will not be displayed in the list of BPS PHARMACY FOR CS and will be invalid for selection.
* If the Pharmacy being edited has a status of Inactive, the BPS PHARMACY FOR CS prompt will not be displayed.
* Entering a valid BPS Pharmacy name will auto populate the NCPDP # and NPI.
* The NPI transmitted on the ePharmacy claim will accurately display in the Claim Log.
* If the BPS PHARMACY FOR CS field is populated: claims for controlled substances transmit the NPI associated with the “BPS PHARMACY FOR CS”.
* Claims for non-controlled substances continue to transmit with the NPI of the BPS Pharmacy where the prescription is finished (Regression testing).
* If the BPS PHARMACY FOR CS field is not populated, claims for controlled substances continue to transmit with the NPI of the BPS Pharmacy where the prescription is finished. (Regression testing)
* If the BPS PHARMACY FOR CS field is populated, the claim will display the NPI associated with the BPS PHARMACY FOR CS.
* Claims will continue displaying under the current location for the worklist. (Regression testing)
* Claims will continue displaying on the Payable and Rejected Claims Report as appropriate based on the current claim status. (Regression testing)
* A Pharmacy that has the BPS PHARMACY FOR CS populated will not be displayed in the list of valid BPS Pharmacies for selection. If the user tries typing the name, it will redisplay the help message and the valid list.
* If the BPS PHARMACY FOR CS field is populated and the claim is routed to the Worklist, the Reject Information Screen will show the NPI and NCPDP # associated with the BPS PHARMACY FOR CS.
* If the BPS Pharmacy for CS field is populated, the Claim ID will include the NPI associated with the BPS PHARMACY FOR CS.

**EPHAR-2455**

* When a CMOP prescription is released and the claim is resubmitted following an auto reversal, the claim will use the NDC received in the CMOP release message on the claim submission.
* When a CMOP prescription is released and the claim is resubmitted because of a change in NDCs, the claim will use the NDC received in the CMOP release message on the claim submission.
* When a CMOP prescription is released and the claim is resubmitted following an auto reversal for an original fill, the NDC used to fill the prescription is stored in the NDC Field in the Prescription File #52.
* When a CMOP prescription is released and the claim is resubmitted following an auto reversal for a refill, the NDC used to fill the prescription is stored in the NDC Field in the Prescription File, Refill subfile #52.1.
* When a CMOP prescription original fill is released without an auto reversal, the NDC stored in the original NDC field will contain the NDC used to fill the prescription. (Prescription File #52) Regression testing.
* When a CMOP prescription refill is released without an auto reversal, the NDC stored in the refill NDC field will contain the NDC used to fill the prescription. (Prescription File, Refill subfile #52.1) Regression testing.

**EPHAR-2532**

* If the claim activity is a Release/Rebill scenario that was triggered by OPAI and a change in the NDC for a TRICARE/CHAMPVA patient and the payer’s response is delayed, the prescription is not put back into suspense.
* If the claim activity is a Release/Rebill scenario that was triggered by CMOP and a change in the NDC for a TRICARE/CHAMPVA patient and the payer’s response is delayed, the prescription is not put back into suspense. Regression
* If the claim activity is a Release/Rebill scenario that was triggered by OPAI and a resubmit after an auto-reversal for a TRICARE/CHAMPVA patient and the payer’s response is delayed, the prescription is not put back into suspense.

Testing limitation: Can only be created using manual reversal.

* If the claim activity is a Release/Rebill scenario that was triggered by CMOP and a resubmit after an auto-reversal for a TRICARE/CHAMPVA patient and the payer’s response is delayed, the prescription is not put back into suspense.
* If the claim activity is a Release/Rebill scenario that was triggered by OPAI and a change in the NDC for a Veteran patient and the payer’s response is delayed, the prescription is not put back into suspense. Regression
* If the claim activity is a Release/Rebill scenario that was triggered by CMOP and a change in the NDC for a Veteran patient and the payer’s response is delayed, the prescription is not put back into suspense. Regression
* If the claim activity is a Release/Rebill scenario that was triggered by OPAI and a resubmit after an auto-reversal for a Veteran patient and the payer’s response is delayed, the prescription is not put back into suspense. Regression

Testing limitation: Can only be created using manual reversal.

* If the claim activity is a Release/Rebill scenario that was triggered by CMOP and a resubmit after an auto-reversal for a Veteran patient and the payer’s response is delayed, the prescription is not put back into suspense. Regression
* If the claim activity is triggered by the CMOP transmission process for a Veteran patient and the payer’s response is delayed, the prescription is correctly put back into suspense. Regression
* If the claim activity is triggered by the CMOP transmission process for a TRICARE/CHAMPVA patient and the payer’s response is delayed, the prescription is correctly put back into suspense. Regression
* If the claim activity is triggered by a window prescription for a TRICARE/CHAMPVA patient and the payer’s response is delayed, the prescription is correctly put into suspense. Regression
* If the claim activity is a Release/Rebill scenario that was triggered by CMOP and a change in the NDC for a TRICARE/CHAMPVA patient and the payer’s response is delayed, a log entry indicating the prescription is being sent to suspense is not created.

## Back-out Criteria

It may be decided to back out this patch if the project is canceled, the requested changes implemented by multi-build BPS PSO BUNDLE 21.0 are no longer desired by VA OIT and the ePharmacy eBusiness team, or the patch produces catastrophic problems.

## Back-out Risks

Since the ePharmacy software is tightly integrated with external systems, any attempt at a back-out should include close consultation with the external trading partners such as the Financial Services Center (FSC) and the Health Care Clearing House (HCCH) to determine risk.

## Authority for Back-out

Any back-out decision should be a joint decision of the Business Owner (or their representative) and the Program Manager with input from the Health Services Portfolio (HSP) Application Coordinator, developers (both project and Tier 3 HSP), and if appropriate, external trading partners such as the VA FSC or Change Healthcare.

## Back-out Procedure

The back-out plan for VistA applications is complex and not a “one size fits all” solution. The general strategy for a VistA back-out is to repair the code with a follow-up patch. The development team recommends that sites log a ticket if it is a nationally released patch.

If it is prior to national release, the site will be already working directly with the development team daily and should contact that team. The development team members will have been identified in the Initial Operating Capability (IOC) Memorandum of Understanding (MOU). As discussed in section 5.2, it is likely that development team can quickly address via a new software version. If the site is unsure whom to contact, they may log a ticket or contact Health Services Portfolio - Management Systems Team.

Multi-build BPS PSO BUNDLE 21.0 contains the following build components:

* Routines
* Data Dictionaries

While the VistA KIDS installation procedure allows the installer to back up the modified routines using the ‘Backup a Transport Global’ action, the back-out procedure for global, data dictionary, and other VistA components is more complex and requires issuance of a follow-up patch to ensure all components are properly removed and / or restored. All software components (routines and other items) must be restored to their previous state at the same time and in conjunction with the restoration of the data.

Please contact the Software Product Management (SPM) team for assistance since this installed patch contains components in addition to routines.

## Back-out Verification Procedure

Successful back-out is confirmed by verification that the back-out patch was successfully implemented. This includes successful installation and testing that the back-out acts as expected, as defined together with the team the site contacted in section 5.5.

# Rollback Procedure

Rollback pertains to data. The data changes in this patch are specific to the operational software and platform settings. These data changes are covered in the Back-out procedures detailed elsewhere in this document.

## Rollback Considerations

Not applicable.

## Rollback Criteria

Not applicable.

## Rollback Risks

Not applicable.

## Authority for Rollback

Not applicable.

## Rollback Procedure

Not applicable.

## Rollback Verification Procedure

Not applicable.

1. “Enterprise service lines, VAD” for short. Formerly known as the Information Resources Management (IRM) or IT support. [↑](#footnote-ref-1)