# REVISION HISTORY

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<th>Date</th>
<th>Revised Pages</th>
<th>Patch Number</th>
<th>Description</th>
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<td>All</td>
<td>N/A (First Release)</td>
<td>Updated date to reflect real release date. Marella Colyvas</td>
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<td>Changed per CPS and changed the version number of the application throughout; fixed footers &amp; TOC Marella Colyvas</td>
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<td>May 22, 2013</td>
<td>E-1</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Updates to various sections for DATUP 2.0 and added Appendix D to address Image Processing Workaround.</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Incorporated changes to the database section to clarify instructions, updated title page and footer to reflect updates for DATUP 2.0</td>
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<td>Changed formatting and edited document</td>
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<td>May 29, 2012</td>
<td>D-1</td>
<td></td>
<td>Updated the document to address change request #CR5172 (Image Processing for PPS)</td>
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<td>Renamed all instances of “PEDTUP” to “DATUP.”</td>
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<td>September 3, 2010</td>
<td>All</td>
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<td>National PEDTUP Installation Guide: Initial version.</td>
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1 Project Scope

1.1 Project Description

The goal of the VHA PRE project is to design and develop a re-engineered pharmacy system, incorporating changes that have been made to the Enterprise Architecture and changes in pharmacy business processes. The intent of the PRE program is to ensure that no current system functionality is lost, but that it is either replicated in the new system or replaced by improved process and functionality. While the overall plan is still based on designing and implementing a complete pharmacy system, the scope of the effort has been defined to address a focused subset of the PRE functionality confined to the Data Update (DATUP) process.

1.2 PRE Project Goals and Objectives

The objective of the PRE project is to facilitate the improvement of pharmacy operations, customer service, and patient safety for the VHA. The PRE project will help address the identified goals and vision for the VHA Pharmacy System.

The goal for the PRE project is a seamless and integrated nationally-supported system that is an integral part of the HealthVet-Veterans Health Information Systems & Technology Architecture (VistA) environment. To meet this goal, the PRE project will enhance pharmacy data exchange, as well as clinical documentation capabilities, in a truly integrated fashion to improve operating efficiency and patient safety. Additionally, it will provide a flexible technical environment to adjust to future business conditions and to meet patient needs in the clinical environment. Achieving this goal will enable resolution of current pharmacy issues, improve patient safety, and facilitate long-term process stability.

1.3 DATUP Background

DATUP supports the Medication Order Check Healthcare Application (MOCHA) by performing data source updates. MOCHA conducts order checks using First Databank (FDB) MedKnowledge Framework within the existing VistA pharmacy application. FDB is a data product that provides the latest identification and safety information on medications. Additionally, FDB provides the latest algorithms used to perform order checks.DATUP processes the data updates associated with FDB MedKnowledge Framework. The order checks performed by MOCHA include:

- Drug-Drug Order Check – Check interactions between two or more drugs, including interaction monographs.
- Duplicate Therapy Order Check – Check for duplicated drug classifications between two or more drugs.
- Drug-Dose Order Check – Check minimum and maximum single doses, verify the dosing schedule, and provide the normal dosing range.

1 At the time of development, this product was known as FDB Drug Information Framework (commonly abbreviated as FDB-DIF). The references to FDB-DIF in this manual are necessary due to previously completed code and instructions that could not be changed to match the new product name.
1.4 Related Documents

A complete list of documents relating to the PRE project and the DATUP development effort can be found in the Glossary and Acronym List (Version 5.0, dated September 26, 2008).
2 Document Overview

The information contained in this National Data Update (DATUP) Installation Guide is specific to DATUP development, which supports the MOCHA component. This section defines the layout of this document and provides an outline of the document structure.

2.1 Document Background

This document details the steps required to install the DATUP software at a national site, the terminology used for the configuration and deployment of the software, and the assumptions for installing the software. Additionally, this document details how to install and configure the database environment. This document accompanies the delivery of the DATUP v2.0.00.001 software release. The DATUP Version Description Document (Version 2.0.00.001) is delivered as a companion document to this Installation Guide. Refer to the Version Description Document for more information on the software inventory and versions used in the DATUP. v2.0.00.001 software release.

2.2 Overview

The following list provides a brief description of the sections included in this document:

Section 1: Provides introductory material delineating the purpose of the PRE project and the scope of the MOCHA effort
Section 2: Presents an overview of the layout of the document
Section 3: Presents the installation instructions for the DATUP. v2.0.00.001 software release
Section 4: Details the steps required to perform an installation when an existing version is already deployed.
Section 5: Presents verification steps to verify that the installation was successful

Text in a Courier New font indicates WebLogic Console panels or text, commands, and settings that must be typed, executed, or configured to complete the installation.
3 Installation Instructions

The following instructions detail the steps required to perform a **fresh** installation of the DATUP software at a national site. For **upgrade** installation instructions see Section 4. Section 3.1 details the terminology used for the configuration and deployment of the DATUP software. Section 3.2 outlines the assumptions for installing the DATUP software. While the system may be configured to run outside the given assumptions, doing so requires modifications that are not detailed in this document. Section 3.3 describes how to install and configure the DATUP software properly. Finally, Section 3.3 describes how to install and configure the database environment.

In order to understand the installation and verification process, the reader should be familiar with the WebLogic console shown in Figure 3-1. The WebLogic console is a Web page viewable from any Internet browser; however, Internet Explorer, Version 7, is recommended. The WebLogic console is generally divided into two sections. The left section contains the **Change Center**, **Domain Structure**, and other informational panels. The right section displays panels containing additional options or configuration details. Note: With the exception of the **Change Center** and **Domain Structure** references, further references to WebLogic console panels refer to panels in the right section of the WebLogic console.

---

**Figure 3-1. WebLogic Console**
3.1 Terminology

In an effort to make these installation instructions as general as possible for installation at any site, a few terms are used throughout the instructions with the intent that they be replaced with site-specific values. Table 3-1 contains a list of those terms used only within this document as well as sample site-specific values for each term. Additionally, references to the DATUP-N server may be replaced with the site-specific name of the destination server at the installation site.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Term</th>
<th>Definition</th>
<th>Sample</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Database Server</td>
<td>Machine on which Oracle is installed and runs</td>
<td>DATUP-N-DB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deployment Machine</td>
<td>Site-specific machine on which WebLogic is installed and runs</td>
<td>DATUP-N</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deployment Server</td>
<td>WebLogic managed server where DATUP is deployed</td>
<td>NationalPharmacyServer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deployment Server Port</td>
<td>Port on which the Deployment Server is listening</td>
<td>8010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deployment Server’s class path directory</td>
<td>Folder location on the Deployment Server where libraries on the class path are located (see WebLogic documentation for instructions on setting a WebLogic managed server’s class path)</td>
<td>/opt/bea/domains/PRE/lib</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Java Database Connectivity (JDBC) Universal Resource Locator (URL)</td>
<td>URL to connect to Oracle database</td>
<td>jdbc:Oracle://DATUP-N-db:1972/FDB_DIF</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3.2 Assumptions

The installation instructions found within this guide are intended to be performed on a clean installation of WebLogic 10.3, with a separate managed server to act as the Deployment Server. For details on completing the installation of the following items, please refer to each item’s installation and configuration documentation supplied by Oracle.
For successful deployment of the DATUP software at a national site, the following assumptions must be met:

- The Deployment Server is configured and running.
- WebLogic is configured to run with the Java™ Standard Edition Development Kit, Version 1.6+.
- Access to the WebLogic console is by means of any valid administrative user name and password.
- The proper Oracle database driver libraries for the chosen deployment environment are present on the class path for the respective Deployment Servers.
- Red Hat Enterprise Linux 5.2 operating system is properly installed.
- Domain Name Server (DNS) resolution is configured for the DATUP server.
- The installation instructions are followed in the order that the sections are presented within this Installation Guide.
- FDB-DIF v3.3 database is installed on the Database Server. Installation instructions are provided in FDB-DIF Installation/Migration guide. Contact the PRE Configuration Manager who should be identified on the project’s Technical Services Project Repository (TSPR) site for a copy of the guide and installations/migration scripts.

### 3.3 Database Installation and Configuration

The following sections describe the operating system and software for the DATUP database tier installation and configuration. Initially, install and configure the operating system software according to the manufacturer’s specifications. Then configure the Oracle databases as specified in the following sections for DATUP to function properly.

#### 3.3.1 Oracle Database

The DATUP database is designed to be operating system independent. The only constraint is that Oracle 11g Enterprise Edition – Production must be properly installed and configured. The following sections describe the installation, features, user creation, and configuration for the Oracle database.

For successful deployment of the DATUP 2.0 application on the National DATUP instance, the FDB-DIF v3.3 database must be installed. Installation instructions are provided in FDB-DIF Installation/Migration guide. Contact the PRE Configuration Manager who should be identified on the project’s Technical Services Project Repository (TSPR) site for a copy of the guide and installations/migration scripts.

#### 3.3.2 Oracle Installation

A proper installation of the Oracle Relational Database Management System (RDBMS) is one in which the Oracle Universal Installer was used to perform an error-free installation and a general purpose instance was created. A properly configured Oracle RDBMS is one in which the associated Oracle application development and configuration tools, namely SQL*Plus and Oracle Enterprise Manager, can be used to connect to the instance through Transparent Network Substrate alias.

**Oracle Database Parameters**

The following Oracle database parameters are recommended for the DATUP application:
3.3.3 Oracle Schema Creation for DATUP

Following are the steps needed to setup the DATUP schema on a national instance. Additionally, an example session is provided in Oracle Installation.txt detailing the commands issued, sequence performed, and expected results at each step. This file and the SQL scripts needed to create the DATUP schema are provided in the database/oracle_scripts.zip file. The following table provides a summary of each step that will be detailed below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Step</th>
<th>Brief Description</th>
<th>Script File</th>
<th>User to Run Script File</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Create tablespace and schema owner</td>
<td>1_CreateDatupSchema.sql</td>
<td>SYSTEM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Create schema objects</td>
<td>2_CreateDatupTables.sql</td>
<td>DATUP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Create application user</td>
<td>3_CreateDatupAppUser.sql</td>
<td>SYSTEM</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Step 1 – Create Tablespace and Schema Owner**

Prior to creation of the schema, logical and physical environment structures must be setup for storage of the schema database objects: tablespaces and data files. For the DATUP schema one tablespace must be created, DATUP. The default scripted DATUP tablespace path is /home/oracle/datup.dbf, which may be changed in the 1_CreateDatupSchema.sql script to match the installation environment prior to execution. This script also creates the schema owner DATUP as described below:

- **DATUP** – Owner of the DATUP schema. The default scripted password is “DATUP”, which may be changed in the 1_CreateDatupSchema.sql script prior to installation. The script should be loaded as SYSTEM, or a user with account creation privileges.

**Step by Step Commands**

1. Open a text editor and open the 1_CreateDatupSchema.sql script. Replace /home/oracle with the data file directory. The directory entered should already exist on the database server.
2. Login to the SQL client using a database account that has SYSDBA privileges (SYSTEM).
3. Execute the “1_CreateDatupSchema.sql” script.
4. Check for errors.
Step 2 – Create Schema Objects

Once the storage structures and schema have been created, execute the script 2_CreateDatupTables.sql to create the DATUP tables, sequences, triggers, and indices. The script should be executed as DATUP, the schema owner.

Step by Step Commands

5. Login to the SQL client using the DATUP user account.
6. Execute the “2_CreateDatupTables.sql” script.
7. Check for errors.

Step 3 – Create Application User

Once the schema objects have been established, create the required DATUP application user by executing the script 3_CreateDatupAppUser.sql.

- **DATUP_APP_USER** – Application user with read/update/delete access granted to the tables in the DATUP schema. The default scripted password is “DATUP_APP_USER”, which may be changed in the 3_CreateDatupAppUser.sql script prior to installation. The script should be loaded as SYSTEM, or a user with account creation privileges. The chosen DATUP_APP_USER password must match the password used to configure the JDBC data sources in Section 3.4.4.

Step by Step Commands

8. Login to the SQL client using a database account that has SYSDBA privileges (SYSTEM).
9. Execute the “3_CreateDatupAppUser.sql” script.
10. Check for errors.

3.3.4 Oracle Configuration and Data Load

The DATUP Oracle Database is the primary data repository for the DATUP application on the National DATUP instance. The database should be installed and configured appropriately for the DATUP operating environment.

The initial data load of VA Local Site data must be loaded for the national DATUP instance to function. The data can be loaded with the SQL Loader scripts provided in the database/oracle_scripts.zip file. The Sites.ctl file describes the data and the Sites.csv file contains the comma-delimited Site records. The data should be loaded as DATUP_APP_USER. Execute the following steps to load the DATUP schema:

Step by Step Commands

11. Ensure the Sites.ctl file is in the current directory.
12. Type the following command from the Linux command prompt to invoke SQL Loader:

   `sqlldr datup_app_user/datup_app_user@ORACLE control=Sites.ctl`

13. Check for errors.

The DATUP database will need to be updated if a new local site has been brought online since the original DATUP delivery date of March 17, 2010 and is not included in the Sites.csv spreadsheet. To update the Site table, login to the database as user DATUP_APP_USER. A new row must be added to
the Site table for each local site added since the system was first brought online. The site table contains three columns, a unique SITE_ID, a descriptive SITE_NAME, and the Veterans Integrated Service Network (VISN) VISN number. To update this table, execute a statement such as INSERT INTO SITE VALUES (999, 'Example Medical Center', 23) for each new site brought online.

3.4 WebLogic Installation Instructions

The following sections detail the steps required to configure and deploy DATUP onto WebLogic at a national site.

3.4.1 Class Path

The national DATUP Enterprise Application Archive (EAR) file contains all the required libraries for the proper functioning of the application. If any other applications have been deployed to the Deployment Server, there may be conflicting third-party libraries in the Deployment Server’s class path that will cause DATUP to operate differently than expected. If versions on the Deployment Server’s class path differ from those defined in the DATUP Version Description Document (Version 1.0.00.002, dated November 12, 2010), the preferred solution is to remove the library from the Deployment Server’s class path. If that is not possible, replace the libraries with the DATUP versions.

3.4.2 WebLogic Server Startup Configuration

DATUP requires additional arguments added to the WebLogic Server’s Server Start properties. This section details the steps to add the arguments to the server

1. Open and log into the WebLogic console, using an administrative user name and password. The WebLogic console is located at: http://<Deployment Machine>:7001/console.

2. Within the Domain Structure panel found in the left column of the WebLogic console, click on the Services > JDBC > Data Sources node. For reference, see Figure 3-2.

![Domain Structure](image-url)

Figure 3-2. Domain Structure
3. Within the Change Center panel found in the left column of the WebLogic console, click Lock & Edit. For reference, see Figure 3-3.

![Change Center](image)

**Figure 3-3. Change Center**

4. Click on the server name corresponding to the deployment server in the Summary of Servers panel found in the right column of the WebLogic console. For reference, see Figure 3-4.

![Summary of Servers](image)

**Figure 3-4. Summary of Servers**
5. WebLogic will now display the panel Settings for Deployment Server in the right column of the console, where configuration of the Deployment Server are set. For reference, see Figure 3-5.

![Figure 3-5. Settings for Deployment Server](image)

6. Click on the Server Start tab.
7. WebLogic will now display the panel Server Start tab in the Settings for Deployment Server in the right column of the console, where configuration of the Deployment Server is set. For reference, see Figure 3-6.

![Figure 3-6. Server Start Tab](image)

8. Insert the following text in the Arguments box:
   -Xms1024m
   -Xmx1024m
   -XX:PermSize=1024m
   -XX:MaxPermSize=1024m
   -Dweblogic.JobScheduler=true
Also add arguments for Log4j file and other Log files. (for reference, see the examples below, modify path per your server configuration) :-

-Dlog4j.configuration=file:/u01/app/user_proj/domains/sqa_PECS/log4j.xml
-Dlog4j.logs.dir=servers/NationalPharmacyServer/logs
-Dpeps.datup.configuration=/opt/fdb_datup_configuration.properties

9. Click the Save Button

10. Within the Change Center panel in the left column of the WebLogic console, click Activate Changes. For reference, see Figure 3-7.

![Figure 3-7. Activate Changes](image)
3.4.3 National FDB-DIF Data Source Configuration

DATUP uses two database connections by means of a data source to FDB-DIF in order to perform FDB updates. Complete the following steps to create a new connection pool and data source for FDB-DIF.

1. Open and log into the WebLogic console, using an administrative user name and password. The WebLogic console is located at: http://<Deployment Machine>:7001/console.

2. Within the Domain Structure panel found in the left column of the WebLogic console, click on the Services > JDBC > Data Sources node. For reference, see Figure 3-8.

![Domain Structure Diagram]

Figure 3-8. Domain Structure
3. Within the Change Center panel found in the left column of the WebLogic console, click Lock & Edit. For reference, see Figure 3-9.

![Change Center](image)

**Figure 3-9. Change Center**

4. Click New found in the Summary of JDBC Data Sources panel found in the right column of the WebLogic console. For reference, see Figure 3-10.

![Summary of JDBC Data Sources](image)

**Figure 3-10. Summary of JDBC Data Sources**
5. WebLogic will now display the panel *Create a New JDBC Data Source* in the right column of the console, where details of the new data source are set. For reference, see Figure 3-11.

![Figure 3-11. JDBC Data Source Properties](image)

6. For the **Name**, type *FDB-DIF*.
7. For the **JNDI Name**, type *datasource/FDB-DIF*.
8. For the **Database Type**, select *Oracle*.
9. For the **Database Driver**, verify that *Oracle’s Drive (Thin) Versions: 9.0.1, 9.2.0, 10, 11* is selected.
10. Click **Next**.
11. WebLogic will now display the panel Transaction Options in the right column of the console, where the transaction attributes for this data source are set. For reference, see Figure 3-12.

![Create a New JDBC Data Source](image)

**Figure 3-12. Transaction Options**

12. Select the Emulate Two-Phase Commit radio button.

13. Click Next.
14. WebLogic will now display the panel Connection Properties in the right column of the console, where the connection pool attributes are set. For reference, see Figure 3-13.

15. For Database Name, type the name of the Oracle database to which DATUP will connect. For example, FDB_DIF

16. For Host Name, type the name of the machine on which Oracle is running. For example, 129.162.101.79.

17. For Port, type the port on which Oracle is listening. For example, 1521.
18. For **Database User Name**, type the user to connect to the FDB database. For example, `FDB-DIF`. The user entered should be the same as configured in Section 3.3.4

19. For **Password** and **Confirm Password**, type the password for the user given previously. For example, `FDB-DIF`.

20. Click **Next**.
21. WebLogic will now display the panel **Test Database Connection** in the right column of the console, where the new data source can be tested. For reference, see Figure 3-14.

![Figure 3-14. Test Database Connection](image)

22. Leave all values as set by default, with the exception of **Test Table Name**. For this attribute, type `fdb_version`.

23. Click **Next**.
24. WebLogic will now display the panel Select Targets in the right column of the console, where the target server is selected for the new data source. For reference, see Figure 3-15.

![Figure 3-15. Select Targets](image)

25. Select the Deployment Server as the target. For example, `NationalPharmacyServer`.

26. Click Finish.

27. WebLogic will now display the panel Summary of JDBC Data Sources in the right column of the console, where the newly created data source is displayed. For reference, see Figure 3-16.

![Figure 3-16. Summary of JDBC Data Sources](image)
28. Within the Change Center panel in the left column of the WebLogic console, click Activate Changes. For reference, see Figure 3-17.

![Figure 3-17. Activate Changes](image)

3.4.4 National JDBC DATUP Data Source Configuration

DATUP uses two database connections by means of a data source to perform the automated DATUP update process. Complete the following steps to create a new connection pool and data source for MedKnowledge Framework.

1. Open and log into the WebLogic console, using an administrative user name and password. The WebLogic console is located at: http://<Deployment Machine>:7001/console.
2. Within the Domain Structure panel found in the left column of the WebLogic console, click on the Services > JDBC > Data Sources node. For reference, see Figure 3-18.

![Figure 3-18. Domain Structure](image)
3. **Within the Change Center panel** found in the left column of the WebLogic console, click **Lock & Edit**. For reference, see Figure 3-19.

![Change Center](image)

**Figure 3-19. Change Center**

4. **Click New** found in the **Summary of JDBC Data Sources** panel found in the right column of the WebLogic console. For reference, see Figure 3-20.

![Summary of JDBC Data Sources](image)

**Figure 3-20. Summary of JDBC Data Sources**
5. WebLogic will now display the panel **Create a New JDBC Data Source** in the right column of the console, where details of the new data source are set. For reference, see Figure 3-21.

![Create a New JDBC Data Source](image)

**Figure 3-21. JDBC Data Source Properties**

6. For the **Name**, type **DATUP**.

7. For the **JNDI Name**, type **datasource/DATUP**.

8. For the **Database Type**, select **Oracle**.

9. For the **Database Driver**, verify that **Oracle’s Driver (Thin) Versions: 9.0.1, 9.2.0, 10, 11 is selected**.

10. Click **Next**.
11. WebLogic will now display the panel **Transaction Options** in the right column of the console, where the transaction attributes for this data source are set. For reference, see Figure 3-22.

![Figure 3-22. Transaction Options](image)

12. Select the **Emulate Two-Phase Commit** radio button

13. Click **Next**.
14. WebLogic will now display the panel Connection Properties in the right column of the console, where the connection pool attributes are set. For reference, see Figure 3-23.

15. For Database Name, type the name of the Oracle database to which DATUP will connect. For example, DATUP.

16. For Host Name, type the name of the machine on which Oracle is running. For example, 129.162.101.47.

17. For Port, type the port on which Oracle is listening. For example, 1521.

18. For Database User Name, type the user to connect to the FDB database. For example, DATUP. The user entered should be the same as configured in Section 3.3.3.

19. For Password and Confirm Password, type the password for the user given previously. For example, DATUP.

20. Click Next.
21. WebLogic will now display the panel Test Database Connection in the right column of the console, where the new data source can be tested. For reference, see Figure 3-24.

![Figure 3-24. Test Database Connection](image)

22. Leave all values as set by default.

23. Click Next.
24. WebLogic will now display the panel Select Targets in the right column of the console, where the target server is selected for the new data source. For reference, see Figure 3-25.

![Figure 3-25. Select Targets](image)

25. Select the Deployment Server as the target. For example, NationalPharmacyServer.

26. Click Finish.

27. WebLogic will now display the panel Summary of JDBC Data Sources in the right column of the console, where the newly created data source is displayed. For reference, see Figure 3-26.

![Figure 3-26. Summary of JDBC Data Sources](image)
28. Within the Change Center panel in the left column of the WebLogic console, click Activate Changes. For reference, see Figure 3-27.

**Figure 3-27. Activate Changes**

### 3.4.5 Log4j

DATUP uses Log4j to provide debug and error logs. Although the application will function without Log4j installed, using it can be helpful to troubleshoot potential issues. Because DATUP can operate without Log4j configured, all instructions within this section are only required if debugging deployed code.

If the installation of Log4j is desired, the Java Archive (JAR) can be found within the national DATUP EAR, or it can be downloaded from the Internet. Please refer to the DATUP Version Description Document (Version 1.0.00.002, dated November 12, 2010) for the version required.

To install Log4j, the Log4j JAR must be placed on the Deployment Server’s class path and the log4j.xml must be edited to include the DATUP appenders and loggers. Complete the following instructions to place the Log4j library on the Deployment Server’s class path. If Log4j is already installed on the Deployment Server, these steps do not need to be completed.

1. Locate the Deployment Server’s Class Path Directory.
2. Copy the log4j-1.2.15.jar file into a folder within the class path.
3. Configure WebLogic to include the Log4j library in the Deployment Server’s class path. Please refer to the WebLogic documentation provided by BEA for completing this step.
4. Restart the Deployment Server to load Log4j.

With Log4j installed on the Deployment Server, the log4j.xml file must be modified to include the DATUP configuration. Note that the appenders place the logs under a log folder. This folder must be created at the same directory level at which the Deployment Server is running. For example, /opt/bea/domains/PRE/log. Without this folder, Log4j will not be able to create the log files specified in the DATUP configuration. Alternatively, the file locations could be altered to be placed in a different location. Follow the steps below to complete this process:

1. If Log4j has already been installed, locate the log4j.xml file used for the Deployment Server. Otherwise, create a new log4j.xml file that is either located in a folder on the Deployment Server class path, or use the log4j.configuration Java system property to set the location...
of the file. Please refer to the WebLogic provided by BEA and Log4j documentation provided by Apache to complete any of these operations.

2. Add the following configuration to the `log4j.xml` file:

```xml
<appender name="PepsAppender" class="org.apache.log4j.RollingFileAppender">
  <param name="File" value="log/peps.log"/>
  <param name="Append" value="false"/>
  <param name="MaxBackupIndex" value="10"/>
  <layout class="org.apache.log4j.PatternLayout">
    <param name="ConversionPattern" value="%d{dd MMM yyyy hh:mm:ss a} %-5p [%c:%M] %m%n"/>
  </layout>
</appender>

<appender name="SpringAppender" class="org.apache.log4j.RollingFileAppender">
  <param name="File" value="log/spring.log"/>
  <param name="Append" value="false"/>
  <param name="MaxBackupIndex" value="10"/>
  <layout class="org.apache.log4j.PatternLayout">
    <param name="ConversionPattern" value="%d{dd MMM yyyy hh:mm:ss a} %-5p [%c:%M] %m%n"/>
  </layout>
</appender>

<logger name="org.springframework" additivity="false">
  <level value="error"/>
  <appender-ref ref="SpringAppender"/>
</logger>

<logger name="gov.va.med.pharmacy.peps" additivity="false">
  <level value="error"/>
  <appender-ref ref="PepsAppender"/>
</logger>

3. If profiling is turned on and should be recorded, add the following configuration to the `log4j.xml` file:

```xml
<appender name="ProfileAppender" class="org.apache.log4j.RollingFileAppender">
  <param name="File" value="log/profile.log"/>
  <param name="Append" value="false"/>
</appender>
```
4. Restart the Deployment Server to load the Log4j configuration.

The given Log4j configuration assumes that an existing log4j.xml file is being modified, as the configurations above are only a fragment of a complete Log4j configuration. In particular, the given configuration will only log messages for classes in the org.springframework and gov.va.med.pharmacy.peps packages and sub-packages. No other classes are covered. If additional logging is desired, other logger elements or the root element must be configured. In addition, the given Log4j configuration only logs error-level messages and optionally the info-level profiling messages.


**Note:** Due to policy constraints, this document cannot support live links. Copy and paste the above URL into your browser.

Please use log4j.xml for reference only from Appendix C.

### 3.4.6 National JMS Configuration

The national DATUP instance is comprised of a JMS server and a JMS module including a connection factory, JMS template, and national receive queue. Complete the following instructions, in order by section, for each element of the National JMS configuration.
JMS Server

1. Open and log into the WebLogic console, using an administrative user name and password. The WebLogic console is located at: http://<Deployment Machine>:7001/console.

2. Within the Change Center panel in the left column of the WebLogic console, click Lock & Edit. For reference, see Figure 3-28.

![Figure 3-28. Change Center](image)

3. Within the Domain Structure panel in the left column of the WebLogic console, click the Services > Messaging > JMS Servers node. For reference, see Figure 3-29.

![Figure 3-29. JMS Servers](image)
4. WebLogic will now display the panel *Summary of JMS Servers* in the right column of the console, where the currently configured JMS servers will be found. For reference, see Figure 3-30.

![Figure 3-30. Summary of JMS Servers](image)

5. Click **New**.

6. WebLogic will now display the panel *Create a New JMS Server* in the right column of the console. Within the panel is the *JMS Server Properties*, where the new JMS server will be configured. For reference, see Figure 3-31.

![Figure 3-31. JMS Server Properties](image)

7. For the *Name*, enter a unique name for the new JMS server. For example, `NationalPharmacyJmsServer`.

8. Verify that the following default option for *Persistent Store* is selected: `(none)`
9. Click Next.

10. WebLogic will now display the panel Create a New JMS Server in the right column of the console. Within the panel is Select targets, where the new JMS server will be configured. For reference, see Figure 3-32.

![Figure 3-32. Select Targets](image)

11. For the Target, select the Deployment Server for the national DATUP instance. For example, NationalPharmacyServer.

12. Click Finish.

13. Within the Change Center panel in the left column of the WebLogic console, click Activate Changes. For reference, see Figure 3-33.

![Figure 3-33. Activate Changes](image)
JMS Module

1. Open and log onto the WebLogic console, using an administrative user name and password. The WebLogic console is located at: http://<Deployment Machine>:7001/console.

2. Within the Change Center panel in the left column of the WebLogic console, click Lock & Edit. For reference, see Figure 3-34.

   ![Change Center](image1)

   **Figure 3-34. Change Center**

3. Within the Domain Structure panel in the left column of the WebLogic console, click the Services > Messaging > JMS Modules node. For reference, see Figure 3-35.

   ![Domain Structure](image2)

   **Figure 3-35. Domain Structure**
4. WebLogic will now display the panel JMS Modules in the right column of the console, where the currently configured JMS servers will be found. For reference, see Figure 3-36.

![Figure 3-36. Domain Structure](image)

5. Click New.
6. WebLogic will now display the panel **Create JMS System Module** in the right column of the console. Within the panel is **The following properties will be used to identify your new module**, where the new JMS module will be configured. For reference, see Figure 3-37.

![Create JMS System Module](image)

**Figure 3-37. JMS System Module Properties**

7. For **Name**, enter a unique name for the new JMS system module. For example, NationalPharmacyJmsModule.

8. **Leave Descriptor File Name** and **Location In Domain** blank.

9. **Click Next**.
10. WebLogic will now display the panel **Create JMS System Module** in the right column of the console. Within the panel is **Targets**, where the new JMS module will be configured. For reference, see Figure 3-38.

![Figure 3-38. JMS System Module Targets](image)

11. For **Targets**, select the Deployment Server for the national DATUP instance. For example, **NationalPharmacyServer**.

12. Click **Next**.

13. WebLogic will now display the panel **Create JMS System Module** in the right column of the console. Within the panel is **Add resources to this JMS system module**, where the new JMS module will be configured. For reference, see Figure 3-39.

![Figure 3-39. Add Resources to JMS System Module](image)

14. Leave the **Would you like to add resources to this JMS system module?** check box unchecked.
15. Click Finish.

16. Within the Change Center panel in the left column of the WebLogic console, click Activate Changes. For reference, see Figure 3-40.

![Figure 3-40. Activate Changes](image)

**Connection Factory**

1. Open and log onto the WebLogic console, using an administrative user name and password. The WebLogic console is located at: http://<Deployment Machine>:7001/console.

2. Within the Change Center panel in the left column of the WebLogic console, click Lock & Edit. For reference, see Figure 3-41.

![Figure 3-41. Change Center](image)
3. **Within the Domain Structure panel** in the left column of the WebLogic console, click the **Services > Messaging > JMS Modules** node. For reference, see Figure 3-42.

![Figure 3-42. Domain Structure](image)

4. WebLogic will now display the panel **JMS Modules** in the right column of the console, where the currently configured JMS servers will be found. For reference, see Figure 3-43.

![Figure 3-43. Domain Structure](image)

5. Click on the link to the JMS system module created in Section 0. For example, **NationalPharmacyJmsModule**.
6. WebLogic will now display the panel **Settings for NationalPharmacyJmsModule** in the right column of the console. Within the panel is **Summary of Resources**, where the JMS module will be further configured. For reference, see Figure 3-44.

![Figure 3-44. Summary of Resources](image)

7. Click **New**.
8. WebLogic will now display the panel **Create a New JMS System Module Resource** in the right column of the console. Within the panel is **Choose the type of resource you want to create**, where the JMS module will be further configured. For reference, see Figure 3-45.

![Create a New JMS System Module Resource](image)

**Figure 3-45. Choose Type of Resource to Create**

9. **Select** **Connection Factory**.

10. **Click** **Next**.
11. WebLogic will now display the panel Create a New JMS System Module Resource in the right column of the console. Within the panel is Connection Factory Properties, where the JMS module will be further configured. For reference, see Figure 3-46.

![Create a New JMS System Module Resource panel](image)

**Figure 3-46. Connection Factory Properties**

12. For Name, enter a unique name for the connection factory. For example, DatupConnectionFactory.

13. For JNDI Name, enter:
    jms/gov/va/med/pharmacy/peps/messagingservice/factory.

14. Click Next.
15. WebLogic will now display the panel Create a New JMS System Module Resource in the right column of the console. Within the panel is Connection Factory Targets, where the JMS module will be further configured. For reference, see Figure 3-47.

![Create a New JMS System Module Resource](image)

**Figure 3-47. Connection Factory Targets**

16. Verify that the selected Targets match the National Deployment Server.

17. Click Finish.
18. WebLogic will now display the panel Settings for NationalPharmacyJmsModule in the right column of the console. Within the panel is Connection Factory Configuration, where the JMS module will be further configured. For reference, see Figure 3-48.

![Figure 3-48. Settings for NationalPharmacyJmsModule](image)

19. Click on the link for the JMS connection factory created. For example, DatupConnectionFactory.

20. WebLogic will now display the panel Settings for DatupConnectionFactory in the right column of the console. Within the panel is Configuration - General, where the JMS module will be further configured. For reference, see Figure 3-49.

![Figure 3-49. DatupConnectionFactory General Configuration](image)
21. Select the **Transactions** tab.

22. WebLogic will now display the panel **Settings for DatupConnectionFactory** in the right column of the console. Within the panel is **Transactions** within the **Configuration** tab, where the JMS module will be further configured. For reference, see Figure 3-50.

![Figure 3-50. DatupConnectionFactory Transactions Configuration](image)

23. Check the **XA Connection Factory Enabled** check box.

24. Click **Save**.

25. Within the **Change Center** panel in the left column of the WebLogic console, click **Activate Changes**. For reference, see Figure 3-51.

![Figure 3-51. Activate Changes](image)
JMS Message Queue

1. Open and log on to the WebLogic console, using an administrative user name and password. The WebLogic console is located at: http://<Deployment Machine>:7001/console.

2. Within the Change Center panel in the left column of the WebLogic console, click Lock & Edit. For reference, see Figure 3-52.

![Figure 3-52. Change Center](image)

3. Within the Domain Structure panel in the left column of the WebLogic console, click the Services > Messaging > JMS Modules node. For reference, see Figure 3-53.

![Figure 3-53. Domain Structure](image)
4. WebLogic will now display the panel JMS Modules in the right column of the console, where the currently configured JMS servers will be found. For reference, see Figure 3-54.

![JMS Modules](image)

**Figure 3-54. Domain Structure**

5. Click on the link to the JMS system module created in Section 0. For example, NationalPharmacyJmsModule.
6. WebLogic will now display the panel **Settings for NationalPharmacyJmsModule** in the right column of the console. Within the panel is **Summary of Resources**, where the JMS module will be further configured. For reference, see Figure 3-55.

![Figure 3-55. Summary of Resources](image)

7. Click **New**.
8. WebLogic will now display the panel Create a New JMS System Module Resource in the right column of the console. Within the panel is Choose the type of resource you want to create, where the JMS module will be further configured. For reference, see Figure 3-56.

![Figure 3-56. Choose Type of Resource to Create](image)

9. Select Queue.

10. Click Next.

11. WebLogic will now display the panel Create a New JMS System Module Resource in the right column of the console. Within the panel is JMS Destination Properties, where the JMS module will be further configured. For reference, see Figure 3-57.

![Figure 3-57. JMS Destination Properties](image)
12. **For Name**, enter DatupNationalQueue.

13. **For JNDI Name**, enter:
    jms/gov/va/med/pharmacy/peps/messagingservice/queue/national/datup/receive.

14. **For Template**, select None.

15. Click **Next**.

16. WebLogic will now display the panel **Create a New JMS System Module Resource** in the right column of the console. Within the panel is The following properties will be used to target your new JMS system module resource, where the JMS module will be further configured. For reference, see Figure 3-58.

**Figure 3-58. Target JMS Queue**

17. Click **Create a New Subdeployment**.

18. WebLogic will now display the panel **Create a New Subdeployment** in the right column of the console. Within the panel is Subdeployment Properties, where the JMS module will be further configured. For reference, see Figure 3-59.

**Figure 3-59. Subdeployment Properties**
19. For **Subdeployment Name**, enter DatupQueue.

20. Click **OK**.

21. WebLogic will now display the panel *Create a New JMS System Module Resource* in the right column of the console. Within the panel is The following properties will be used to target your new JMS system module resource, where the JMS module will be further configured. For reference, see Figure 3-60.

![Create a New JMS System Module Resource](image)

**Figure 3-60. Target JMS Queue with Subdeployment**

22. For **Subdeployments**, verify that the subdeployment just created is selected. For example, NationalPharmacySubdeployment.

23. For **Targets**, verify that the JMS server created in JMS Server section is selected. For example, NationalDatup.

24. Click **Finish**.
25. **Within the Change Center panel in the left column of the WebLogic console, click Activate Changes.** For reference, see Figure 3-61.

![Figure 3-61. Activate Changes](image)

26. **Within the Change Center panel in the left column of the WebLogic console, click Lock & Edit.** For reference, see Figure 3-62.

![Figure 3-62. Change Center](image)
27. Within the Domain Structure panel in the left column of the WebLogic console, click the Services > Messaging > JMS Modules node. For reference, see Figure 3-63.

![Figure 3-63. Domain Structure](image)

28. WebLogic will now display the panel JMS Modules in the right column of the console, where the currently configured JMS servers will be found. For reference, see Figure 3-64.

![Figure 3-64. Domain Structure](image)

29. Click on the link to the JMS system module created in Section 0. For example, NationalPharmacyJmsModule.
30. WebLogic will now display the panel **Settings for NationalPharmacyJmsModule** in the right column of the console. Within the panel is **Summary of Resources**, where the JMS module will be further configured. For reference, see Figure 3-65.

![Figure 3-65. Module Settings](image)

31. Click on the **DatupQueue** that was just created

32. WebLogic will now display the Settings for DatupQueue in the right column of the console, where the Queue will be configured more. For Reference, see Figure 3-66.

![Figure 3-66. Settings for Queue](image)

33. Click on the **Delivery Failure** Tab.
34. WebLogic will display the Delivery Failure settings in the right column of the console, for reference see Figure 3-67

![Figure 3-67. Delivery Failure Settings](image)

35. Set the Redelivery Limit to 0

36. Click Save

37. Within the Change Center panel in the left column of the WebLogic console, click Activate Changes. For reference, see Figure 3-68.

![Figure 3-68. Activate Changes](image)
JMS Message Topic

1. Open and log on to the WebLogic console, using an administrative user name and password. The WebLogic console is located at: \texttt{http://<Deployment\ Machine>:7001/console}.

2. Within the Change Center panel in the left column of the WebLogic console, click Lock & Edit. For reference, see Figure 3-69.

![Figure 3-69. Change Center](image)

3. Within the Domain Structure panel in the left column of the WebLogic console, click the Services > Messaging > JMS Modules node. For reference, see Figure 3-70.

![Figure 3-70. Domain Structure](image)
4. WebLogic will now display the panel JMS Modules in the right column of the console, where the currently configured JMS servers will be found. For reference, see Figure 3-71.

![Figure 3-71. Domain Structure](image1)

5. Click on the link to the JMS system module created in Section 0. For example, NationalPharmacyJmsModule.

6. WebLogic will now display the panel Settings for NationalPharmacyJmsModule in the right column of the console. Within the panel is Summary of Resources, where the JMS module will be further configured. For reference, see Figure 3-72.

![Figure 3-72. Summary of Resources](image2)
7. Click New.

8. WebLogic will now display the panel Create a New JMS System Module Resource in the right column of the console. Within the panel is Choose the type of resource you want to create, where the JMS module will be further configured. For reference, see Figure 3-73.

![Figure 3-73. Choose Type of Resource to Create](image)


10. Click Next.

11. WebLogic will now display the panel Create a New JMS System Module Resource in the right column of the console. Within the panel is JMS Destination Properties, where the JMS module will be further configured. For reference, see Figure 3-74.

![Figure 3-74. JMS Destination Properties](image)
12. For Name, enter **ExternalDatupTopic**.

13. For JNDI Name, enter:
   
   jms/gov/va/med/pharmacy/peps/messagingservice/topic/external/datup.

14. For Template, select None.

15. Click Next.

16. WebLogic will now display the panel **Create a New JMS System Module Resource** in the right column of the console. Within the panel is The following properties will be used to target your new JMS system module resource, where the JMS module will be further configured. For reference, see Figure 3-75.

![Create a New JMS System Module Resource](image1)

**Figure 3-75. Target JMS Topic**

17. Click **Create a New Subdeployment**.

18. WebLogic will now display the panel **Create a New Subdeployment** in the right column of the console. Within the panel is **Subdeployment Properties**, where the JMS module will be further configured. For reference, see Figure 3-76.

![Create a New Subdeployment](image2)

**Figure 3-76. Subdeployment Properties**
19. **For Subdeployment Name**, enter DatupQueue.

20. Click OK.

21. WebLogic will now display the panel *Create a New JMS System Module Resource* in the right column of the console. Within the panel is The following properties will be used to target your new JMS system module resource, where the JMS module will be further configured. For reference, see Figure 3-77.

![Figure 3-77. Target JMS Topic with Subdeployment](image)

22. **For Subdeployments**, verify that the subdeployment just created is selected. For example, ExternalDatupTopic.

23. **For Targets**, verify that the JMS server created in JMS Server Section is selected. For example, NationalDatup.

24. Click Finish.
25. **Within the Change Center panel in the left column of the WebLogic console, click Activate Changes. For reference, see Figure 3-78.**

![Change Center](image)

**Figure 3-78. Activate Changes**

26. Additional configuration for the topic may be needed for the consuming application of this topic, please consult the user guide of any external application that uses this message topic for any information on those settings.

### 3.4.7 Site Configuration Properties

In order to filter FDB drug-drug interactions replaced by custom VA drug-drug interactions, the `fdb_custom_ddimstrings` FDB-DIF table must be populated with a mapping between the FDB-DIF interaction to be replaced and the custom VA drug-drug interaction. One attribute of this mapping is a configurable category code, with a default of `FDB_ID`. A file, `gov.va.med.pharmacy.peps.siteConfig.properties`, can be placed within a folder on the Deployment Server’s class path in order to override this default. Follow the BEA WebLogic documentation for adding folders to a server’s class path. Each property is set via a key/value pair. For example, `fdb.id.category=FDB_ID`, where `fdb.id.category` is the key and `FDB_ID` is the value. Table 3-3 defines the optional property.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key</th>
<th>Definition</th>
<th>Sample</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><code>fdb.id.category</code></td>
<td>Category code used within the <code>fdb_custom_ddimstrings</code> table for mapping FDB-DIF drug-drug interactions replaced by custom VA drug-drug interactions.</td>
<td><code>FDB_ID</code></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 3.4.8 DATUP Configuration Properties

In order to use the DATUP component, a configuration file must be configured for each WebLogic deployment. The location of this file was configured in Section 3.4.2 and is by default `/opt/fdb_datup_configuration.properties`. This file is self-documenting and contains the list of configurable properties for DATUP. See Appendix A for a sample version.
3.4.9 DATUP Cleanup Script

DATUP creates temporary zip files during the update process. A script has been provided in the /scripts/datupcleanup.sh file. This file provides a template to remove any files that DATUP creates during the update process. If the bash interpreter is not located at /bin/bash or the system’s default temporary directory is not located at /tmp, the script file must be updated, comments in the example file show which lines to change.

To automate this process using the CRON scheduler, copy the file to the /etc/cron.weekly/ directory for weekly execution. If you wish this script to run more often, it can be copied to the /etc/cron.daily/ directory for daily execution. The script must be given execution permissions, so the command chmod 755 datupcleanup.sh must also be run on the command line.

3.4.10 Deployment

The following steps detail the deployment of the DATUP component. Prior to completing these steps, the WebLogic class path, the WebLogic database configurations, and the Deployment Server must be restarted to load the changed configuration. Please refer to Sections 3.4.1 and 3.4.3 for instructions concerning these configuration items. Complete the following steps to deploy DATUP:

1. Open and log into the WebLogic console. This is located at: http://<Deployment Machine>:7001/console.

2. Within the Domain Structure panel in the left column of the WebLogic console, click the Deployments node. For reference, see Figure 3-79.
3. **Within the Change Center panel in the left column of the WebLogic console, click Lock & Edit.** For reference, see Figure 3-80.

![Change Center](image)

**Figure 3-80. Change Center**

4. **Click Install found in the Deployments panel in the right column of the WebLogic console.** For reference, see Figure 3-81.

![Deployments](image)

**Figure 3-81. Deployments**
5. WebLogic will now display the panel **Install Application Assistant** in the right column of the console, where the location of the DATUP deployment will be found. For reference, see Figure 3-82.

![Install Application Assistant](image)

**Figure 3-82. Install Application Assistant**
6. Select the DATUP deployment, select the DATUP.National.2.0.00.001CM.ear file. Replace the release number for the current release.

   a) If the DATUP deployment has already been transferred to the Deployment Machine, navigate to the deployment file location using the links and file structure displayed within the Location panel within the Install Application Assistant in the right column of the console. For reference, see Figure 3-83.

   ![Figure 3-83. Locate Deployment to Install and Prepare for Deployment](image)

   b) If the DATUP deployment has not been transferred to the Deployment Machine:

      (1) Click on the upload your file(s) link in the Install Application Assistant panel in the right section of the console. For reference, see Figure 3-83.

      (2) Click the Deployment Archive Browse to see the Choose file dialogue used to select the Deployment Archive.
(3) Click Next in the Upload a Deployment to the admin server panel in the right column of the WebLogic console to return to the Locate deployment to install and prepare for deployment panel within the Install Application Assistant. For reference, see Figure 3-84.

Figure 3-84. Upload a Deployment to the Admin Server

7. Once the DATUP deployment is located and selected, click Next.
8. WebLogic will now display the panel **Choose targeting style** within the **Install Application Assistant** in the right column of the console. Leave the default value selected, **Install this deployment as an application**, and click **Next**. For reference, see Figure 3-85.

![Figure 3-85. Choose Targeting Style](image)

9. Within the **Install Application Assistant** in the right column of the console, WebLogic will now display the panel **Select deployment targets**, where the Deployment Server will be selected as the target in the next step. For reference, see Figure 3-86.

![Figure 3-86. Select Deployment Targets](image)

10. For the **Target**, select the Deployment Server. For example, **NationalPharmacyServer**
11. Click Next.

12. Within the **Install Application Assistant**, WebLogic will now display the panel **Optional Settings** in the right column of the console, where the name of the deployment and the copy behavior are chosen. For reference, see Figure 3-87.

**Figure 3-87. Optional Settings**

13. Enter the **Name** for the deployment. For example, DATUP.

14. Verify that the following default option for **Security** is selected:
   
   DD Only: Use only roles and policies that are defined in the deployment descriptors.
15. Verify that the following default option for **Source accessibility** is selected:
   
   Use the defaults defined by the deployment's targets.

16. Click **Next**.

17. Within the **Install Application Assistant** in the right column of the console
   
   WebLogic will now display the panel **Review your choices and click Finish**, which summarizes the steps completed above. For reference, see Figure 3-88.

![Image of Install Application Assistant](image_url)

**Figure 3-88. Review Your Choices and Click Finish**

18. Verify that the values match those entered in Steps 1 through 17 and click **Finish**.
19. WebLogic will now display the panel **Settings for DATUP**, in the right column of the console, where the values previously entered are available as well as a setting to change the deployment order. For reference, see Figure 3-89.

![Figure 3-89. Settings for DATUP](image)

20. Leave all the values as defaulted by WebLogic and click **Save**.

21. Within the **Change Center** panel in the left column of the WebLogic console, click **Activate Changes**. For reference, see Figure 3-90.
22. **Within the Domain Structure panel in the left column of the WebLogic console, click the PRE > Deployments node. For reference, see Figure 3-91.**
23. WebLogic will now display the panel **Summary of Deployments** in the right column of the console, where all deployments for the WebLogic domain are listed. For reference, see Figure 3-92.

![Figure 3-92. Summary of Deployments](image)

24. Select the previously deployed DATUP deployment, click **Start**, and then select **Servicing all requests** from the drop-down list box.

25. WebLogic will now display the panel **Start Application Assistant** in the right column of the console for confirmation to start servicing requests. For reference, see Figure 3-93.

![Figure 3-93. Start Application Assistant](image)

26. Click **Yes** in the **Start Application Assistant** panel in the right column of the WebLogic console.
27. WebLogic now returns to the **Summary of Deployments** panel in the right column of the console. For reference, see Figure 3-94.

![Figure 3-94. Summary of Deployments – DATUP Deployment Active](image)

28. Verify that the **State** of the DATUP deployment is **Active**.
(This page included for two-sided copying.)
4 Upgrade Installation Instructions

The following instructions detail the steps required to perform an installation of a release for the DATUP software when an existing release is already deployed at a national site. These steps assume a fresh installation has been completed, following the steps in Section 3.

4.1 Uninstall Previous Release

The following steps detail the un-installation of the DATUP application. Prior to completing these steps, the DATUP application must have been deployed following the steps in Section 3. Complete the following steps to un-deploy DATUP:

1. Open and log into the WebLogic console. This is located at: http://<Deployment Machine>:7001/console.

2. Within the Domain Structure panel in the left column of the WebLogic console, click the Deployments node. For reference, see Figure 4-1.

![Figure 4-1. Domain Structure](image)
3. Within the Change Center panel in the left column of the WebLogic console, click Lock & Edit. For reference, see Figure 4-2.

![Figure 4-2. Change Center](image)

4. WebLogic will now display the panel Summary of Deployments in the right column of the console, where all deployments for the WebLogic domain are listed. For reference, see Figure 4-3.

![Figure 4-3. Summary of Deployments – Stopping DATUP](image)

5. Select the previously deployed DATUP deployment, click Stop, and then select Force Stop Now from the drop-down list box.
6. WebLogic will now display the panel **Force Stop Application Assistant** in the right column of the console for confirmation to start servicing requests. For reference, see Figure 4-4.

   ![Figure 4-4. Force Stop Application Assistant](image)

7. Click **Yes** in the **Force Stop Application Assistant** panel in the right column of the WebLogic console.

8. WebLogic now returns to the **Summary of Deployments** panel in the right column of the console. For reference, see Figure 4-5.

   ![Figure 4-5. Summary of Deployments – DATUP Deployment Prepared](image)

9. Verify that the **State** of the DATUP deployment is **Prepared**.

10. Select the previously deployed DATUP deployment, and then click **Delete**.
11. WebLogic will now display the panel **Delete Application Assistant** in the right column of the console for confirmation to start servicing requests. For reference, see Figure 4-6.

![Delete Application Assistant](image)

**Figure 4-6. Delete Application Assistant**

12. Click **Yes** in the **Delete Application Assistant** panel in the right column of the WebLogic console.

13. WebLogic now returns to the **Summary of Deployments** panel in the right column of the console. For reference, see Figure 4-7.

![Summary of Deployments](image)

**Figure 4-7. Summary of Deployments – DATUP Deployment Deleted**

14. Verify that the **DATUP** deployment is deleted and no longer present.
15. Within the Change Center panel in the left column of the WebLogic console, click Activate Changes. For reference, see Figure 4-8.

![Change Center Panel](image)

**Figure 4-8. Activate Changes**

### 4.2 Deploy New Release

To deploy the new release, follow the same deployment steps found in Section 3.4.10.
(This page included for two-sided copying.)
5  System Verification

The following section will verify that the DATUP system is up and running at a national site.

5.1  Verification

To verify that the national DATUP installation is up and running, navigate a web-browser to the logs directory on your server, example http://DATUP-n/logs/NationalDatupServer/logs. Verify that the server.log file has an entry indicating the next scheduled run time of the DATUP application. The server.log entry looks like:

DEBUG
[gov.va.med.pharmacy.peps.updater.common.utility.DifUpdateScheduler:scheduleNextTimer]
Next scheduled DIF update time: Thu, 08/26/2010, 02:45:00 PM, CDT

This line indicates that the system is running. In addition, the version report can be checked by navigating to the /DATUP/ directory on the installed server, example http://DATUP:8021/DATUP/. This provides the versioning history report and indicates that the national DATUP instance is running.
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Appendix A

National DATUP Configuration

This appendix provides National configuration file examples based on the baseline fdb_datup_configuration.properties file.

Example National DATUP Configuration File

```
###################################################
#------------------- Scheduler -------------------
###################################################

# Scheduled nightly update time (military time).
# For example, "0230" schedules the nightly update for 2:30 am.
# *This parameter applies to National and Local.
scheduled.time=1405

###################################################
#------------------- FTP Server -------------------
###################################################

# FTP server hostname
# Specify the anonymous FTP server hostname.
# *This parameter applies to National and Local.
ftp.hostname=10.3.29.201

# FTP server port number
# Specify the anonymous FTP server port number.
# *This parameter applies to National and Local.
ftp.port=21

# FTP server username/password.
# Specify the anonymous account username/password.
# *These parameters apply to National and Local.
ftp.username=PECS
ftp.password=

# FTP server working directory
# Specify the FTP working directory, relative to the FTP root directory.
# *This parameter applies to National and Local.
```
ftp.directory.working=pharmacy_uft

# Pending FDB-DIF update storage directory.
# Specify the pending directory, relative to the working directory, to the location where FDB-DIF full, incremental, and custom ZIP files will be placed for processing.
# *This parameter applies to National.
ftp.directory.pending=fdb_dif

#------------------- FDB DIF ---------------------
# Number of random FDB-DIF verification tests
# Specify the number of random FDB-DIF verification tests to run. 10 is a reasonable number. However, do not specify a large number as it will cause an unacceptable delay for processing new VistA order checks during that time.
# *This parameter applies to National and Local.
fdb.verification.test.count=5

#------------------- Email Server -----------------
# Email server hostname
# *This parameter applies to National and Local.
email.hostname=SMTP.VA.GOV

# Email sender name
# For example, "noreply@va.gov".
# *This parameter applies to National and Local.
email.sender=noreply_national_DATUP1.1_sqa@med.va.gov

# Email username/password
# May be necessary to relay email.
# *These parameters apply to National and Local.
eemail.username=
eemail.password=

# Email list for success notifications
# Include individuals that should be notified about successful FDB/FDB-Custom updates.
# *This parameter applies to National and Local.
eemail.list.success=SDDPREArch@med.va.gov
Email list for failure notifications

Include individuals that should be notified about failed FDB/FDB-Custom updates.

*This parameter applies to National and Local.

email.list.failure=Sachin.Sharma@va.gov
email.list.failure=SDDPREArch@med.va.gov

Email list for available update notifications

Include individuals that should be notified about available FDB/FDB-Custom updates once they are applied and tested and National. This list should include the local site managers.

*This parameter applies to National.

e-mail.list.update.available=SDDPREArch@med.va.gov

------------------- Locality -----------------

Regional Data Center (RDC) name

Specify the name of the RDC or leave blank if this installation is not part of a RDC.

*This parameter applies to Local.

locality.rdc.name=

Site number(s)

Specify the site number(s) for this installation. If more than one site is associated with this installation, separate the site numbers with a comma (e.g., 423,512,211).

*This parameter applies to Local.

locality.site.number=

Number of retained FDB-DIF incremental archives

Due to potential site outages, it is necessary to retain a certain number of FDB-DIF archives.

*This parameter applies to National.

fdb.retention=20

Number of statements to batch before commit

Specify the number of statements to batch before a commit to the database. This value is database vendor and JDBC driver dependent. A reasonable batch size is 500. However, tests show that Cache may throw system errors with a batch size greater than 200.

Specify a batch size of 0 to disable batching. A
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# single commit will be issued at the end of the incremental update.

*This parameter applies to National and Local.

```bash
fdb.batch.commit.size=0
```

---

**IMAGE PROCESSING**

*This parameter specifies if Images will be processed or not.

The Parameter is “TRUE” for National and “FALSE” for LOCAL by default.

```bash
image.processing.national=TRUE
image.processing.local=FALSE
```

---

The location where the image files will be stored

*This parameter applies to National only

```bash
image.directory.national=/tmp/imaging/
```

---

The location where the image files will be stored

*This parameter applies to local only

```bash
image.directory.local=/tmp/imaging/
```

---

The email to send to names or group for Image Processing.

*This parameter can be blank

*This parameter applies to National only

```bash
image.email.sendto.national=SDDPREArch@med.va.gov
image.email.sendto.national=sachin.sharma@va.gov
```

---

*This parameter applies to local only

```bash
image.email.sendto.local=SDDPREArch@med.va.gov
```
Appendix B

Combined DATUP / PECS Architecture

This appendix provides the combined DATUP / PECS architecture diagram for reference. The combined logical system components are:

1. DATUP – Implements the FDB-DIF update business logic.
2. Scheduler – Background process for scheduling DATUP.
3. WebLogic – Application server environment.
5. Email Templates – Templated emails for notifications sent to National/Local Managers.
7. Email Server – Email relay server.
8. PECS – Implements the FDB-Custom drug business logic.
9. CT Staging Database – Stores PECS FDB-Custom modifications.
10. DATUP Database – Stores DATUP site update history.
11. FDB-DIF Database – Stores the FDB-DIF drug database.
Figure B–1 illustrates the logical system components for the National and Local environments. The National components are responsible for verifying and publishing FDB-DIF and FDB-Custom updates to the Anonymous FTP Server. The Local components then consume and apply the verified updates in an automated manner.

Figure B-1: Combined DATUP/PECS Architecture Diagram
Appendix C: log4j Properties

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
<!DOCTYPE log4j:configuration SYSTEM "log4j.dtd">


<!-- APPENDERS -->
<!-- Verbose file appenders. 
Log, among other things, class name, method name and line number 
where logging is coming from. -->
<appender name="PepsAppender"
class="org.apache.log4j.RollingFileAppender">
  <param name="File" value="ppsndatupconfig/logs/peps.log"/>
  <param name="Append" value="false"/>
  <param name="MaxBackupIndex" value="10"/>
  <layout class="org.apache.log4j.PatternLayout">
    <param name="ConversionPattern" value="%d{dd MMM yyyy hh:mm:ss a} %-5p [%c:%M] %m%n"/>
  </layout>
</appender>

<appender name="SpringAppender"
class="org.apache.log4j.RollingFileAppender">
  <param name="File" value="ppsndatupconfig/logs/spring.log"/>
  <param name="Append" value="false"/>
  <param name="MaxBackupIndex" value="10"/>
  <layout class="org.apache.log4j.PatternLayout">
    <param name="ConversionPattern" value="%d{dd MMM yyyy hh:mm:ss a} %-5p [%c:%M] %m%n"/>
  </layout>
</appender>

<!-- LOGGERS -->
<!-- DEBUG-level loggers for VistaLink packages, override ROOT logger level 
in production, usually turn on DEBUG level logging for troubleshooting 
specific problems only -->
<logger name="org.springframework" additivity="false">
  <level value="error"/>
  <appender-ref ref="SpringAppender"/>
</logger>

<logger name="gov.va.med.pharmacy.peps" additivity="false">
  <level value="error"/>
  <appender-ref ref="PepsAppender"/>
</logger>

<!-- INFO-level logger: turn on to record timing audit information -->
<logger name="gov.va.med.monitor.time.AuditTimer" additivity="false">
  <level value="info"/>
  <appender-ref ref="verboseDailyRollingFileAppender"/>
</logger>
<!-- ROOT level logger: usually good to log all ERROR-level entries regardless of source -->
   <root>
      <level value="error" />
      <appender-ref ref="verboseDailyRollingFileAppender"/>
   </root>

</log4j:configuration>
Appendix D: Workaround for Image Processing

(This temporary workaround is needed for PPS-National only).

Add this to WebLogic crontab:

# Crontab file for WebLogic cron jobs.
# Below calls a script to move DATUP images to PPSN FDB_Images directory and cleans DATUP empty directories
# at 10 minutes and 05 hours, every day of the week, month & year.
10 5 * * * $DOMAIN_HOME/ppsnDatup-config/moveDatupImages.sh >> $DOMAIN_HOME/ppsnDatup-config/moveDatupImages.log 2>&1

Place the below script under $DOMAIN_HOME/ppsnDatup-config directory:

(moveDatupImages.sh):

####### This script is a temporary solution to move the DATUP images to PPSN FDB_Images folder
#########

echo "===============================

date
cd $DOMAIN_HOME/FDB_Images
echo "Number of images in FDB_Images directory before the move:"
ls | wc -l
echo "Number of images in fdb DATUP directory:"
ls | grep fdb_image_*
ls fdb_image_* | wc -l

find . -mindepth 2 -type f -iname *.jpg -exec mv "{}" . ;
echo "...Done"
echo "Moving images from fdb DATUP directory to FDB_Images directory...."
echo "Number of images in FDB_Images directory after the move:"
ls | wc -l

echo "Cleaning fdb DATUP directory....."
rm -rf fdb_image_*
echo "Done"
Appendix E: Rollback Process

If the installation process must be stopped when updating an environment from a previous version of DATUP National, follow the steps outlined in order to rollback the application.

1. Follow the PECS and PPS-N Rollback Process. The PECS Rollback Process is found in the PECS_Installation_Guide.docx. The PPS-N Rollback Process is found in the PPS-N Install Guide, titled PPS-N_V1.1.10_IG.docx. Both documents can be found on the PECS TSPR site: http://tspr.vista.med.va.gov/warboard/anotebk.asp?proj=1474&Type=Active

2. Deploy the old DATUP National EAR file.