

DATUP Local Installation Guide

Pharmacy Reengineering



Version 3.0

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**Department of Veterans Affairs
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Product Development (PD)**

REVISION HISTORY

Each time this manual is updated, the Title Page lists the new revised date and this page describes the changes. No Change Pages document is created for this manual. Replace any previous copy with this updated version.

Date	Revised Pages	Patch Number	Description
April 5, 2016	All	N/A	Tech edited REDACTED
March 31, 2016	Many	N/A	Updated references to build number; added backout steps.
January, 2016	All	N/A	Tech edited REDACTED
August, 2015	All	N/A	Updated for DATUP 3.0 REDACTED
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July 18, 2014	All	N/A (First Release)	Changed date (month) to reflect real release date REDACTED
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May 27, 2014	All	N/A (First Release)	Updated Revision History format; did a partial search and replace on FDB-DIF (and other similar iterations) to FDB MedKnowledge Framework, though not in the instructions as the tool may not be updated yet. Removed extraneous definitions of FDB. REDACTED
May 21, 2014	i	N/A (First Release)	Updated Revision History REDACTED

Date	Revised Pages	Patch Number	Description
May 21, 2014	i, 3, B-1	N/A (First Release)	Updated Title Page, Corrected Version number in Overview section, minor text edit, added B-1 to Table of Figures. REDACTED
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November 12, 2010	All	N/A (First Release)	Updated the document to address change request #CR2942. SwRI
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September 3, 2010	All	N/A (First Release)	Local PEDTUP Installation Guide: Initial version. SwRI

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1 Project Scope

1.1 Project Description

The goal of the VHA Pharmacy Reengineering (PRE) project is to design and develop a re-engineered pharmacy system, incorporating changes that have been made to the Enterprise Architecture and changes in pharmacy business processes. The intent of the PRE program is to ensure that no current system functionality is lost, but that it is either replicated in the new system or replaced by improved process and functionality. While the overall plan is still based on designing and implementing a complete pharmacy system, the scope of the effort has been defined to address a focused subset of the PRE functionality confined to the DATUP process.

1.2 PRE Project Goals and Objectives

The objective of the PRE project is to facilitate the improvement of pharmacy operations, customer service, and patient safety for the VHA. The PRE project will help address the identified goals and vision for the VHA Pharmacy System.

The goal for the PRE project is a seamless and integrated nationally-supported system that is an integral part of the HealthVet-Veterans Health Information Systems & Technology Architecture (VistA) environment. To meet this goal, the PRE project will enhance pharmacy data exchange, as well as clinical documentation capabilities, in a truly integrated fashion to improve operating efficiency and patient safety. Additionally, it will provide a flexible technical environment to adjust to future business conditions and to meet patient needs in the clinical environment. Achieving this goal will enable resolution of current pharmacy issues, improve patient safety, and facilitate long-term process stability.

1.3 DATUP Background

DATUP supports the Medication Order Check Healthcare Application (MOCHA) by performing data source updates. MOCHA conducts order checks using First Databank (FDB) MedKnowledge Framework¹ within the existing VistA pharmacy application. FDB MedKnowledge Framework is a data product that provides the latest identification and safety information on medications. Additionally, FDB provides the latest algorithms used to perform order checks. DATUP processes the data updates associated with FDB MedKnowledge Framework. The order checks performed by MOCHA include:

- Drug-Drug Order Check – Check interactions between two or more drugs, including interaction monographs.
- Duplicate Therapy Order Check – Check for duplicated drug classifications between two or more drugs.
- Drug-Dose Order Check – Check minimum and maximum single doses, verify the dosing schedule, and provide the normal dosing range.

¹ At the time of development, this product was known as FDB Drug Information Framework (commonly abbreviated as FDB-DIF). The references to FDB-DIF in this manual are necessary due to previously completed code and instructions that could not be changed to match the new product name.

1.4 Related Documents

A complete list of documents relating to the PRE project and the DATUP development effort can be found in the Glossary and Acronym List (Version 5.0, dated September 26, 2008).

2 Document Overview

The information contained in this DATUP Local Installation Guide is specific to the DATUP development, which supports the MOCHA component. This section defines the layout of this document and provides an outline of the document structure.

2.1 Document Background

This document details the steps required to install the DATUP software at a local site, the terminology used for the configuration and deployment of the software, and the assumptions for installing the software. Additionally, this document details how to install and configure the database environment. This document accompanies the delivery of the DATUP Local 3.0.00.0058 software release. The DATUP Version Description Document (Version 1.7) is delivered as a companion document to this Installation Guide. Refer to the Version Description Document for more information on the software inventory and versions used in the DATUP Local v3.0.00.0058 software release.

2.2 Overview

The following list provides a brief description of the sections included in this document:

- Section 1: Provides introductory material delineating the purpose of the PRE project and the scope of the MOCHA effort
- Section 2: Presents an overview of the layout of the document
- Section 3: Presents the installation instructions for the DATUP Local v3.0.00.0058 software release
- Section 4: Presents verification steps to verify that the installation was successful

Text in a *Courier New* font indicates WebLogic Console panels or text, commands, and settings that must be typed, executed, or configured to complete the installation.

(This page included for two-sided copying.)

3 Installation Instructions

The following instructions detail the steps required to perform a *fresh* installation of the DATUP software at a local site. For *upgrade* installation instructions see Section 4. Section 3.1 details the terminology used for the configuration and deployment of the DATUP software. Section 3.2 outlines the assumptions for installing the DATUP software. While the system may be configured to run outside the given assumptions, doing so requires modifications that are not detailed in this document. Section 3.3 describes how to install and configure the DATUP software properly. Finally, Section 3.3 provides an overview of the Database Server component.

In order to understand the installation and verification process, the reader should be familiar with the WebLogic console shown in Figure 3-1. The WebLogic console is a Web page viewable from any Internet browser; however, Internet Explorer, Version 7, is recommended. The WebLogic console is generally divided into two sections. The left section contains the Change Center, Domain Structure, and other informational panels. The right section displays panels containing additional options or configuration details. Note: With the exception of the Change Center and Domain Structure references, further references to WebLogic console panels refer to panels in the right section of the WebLogic console.

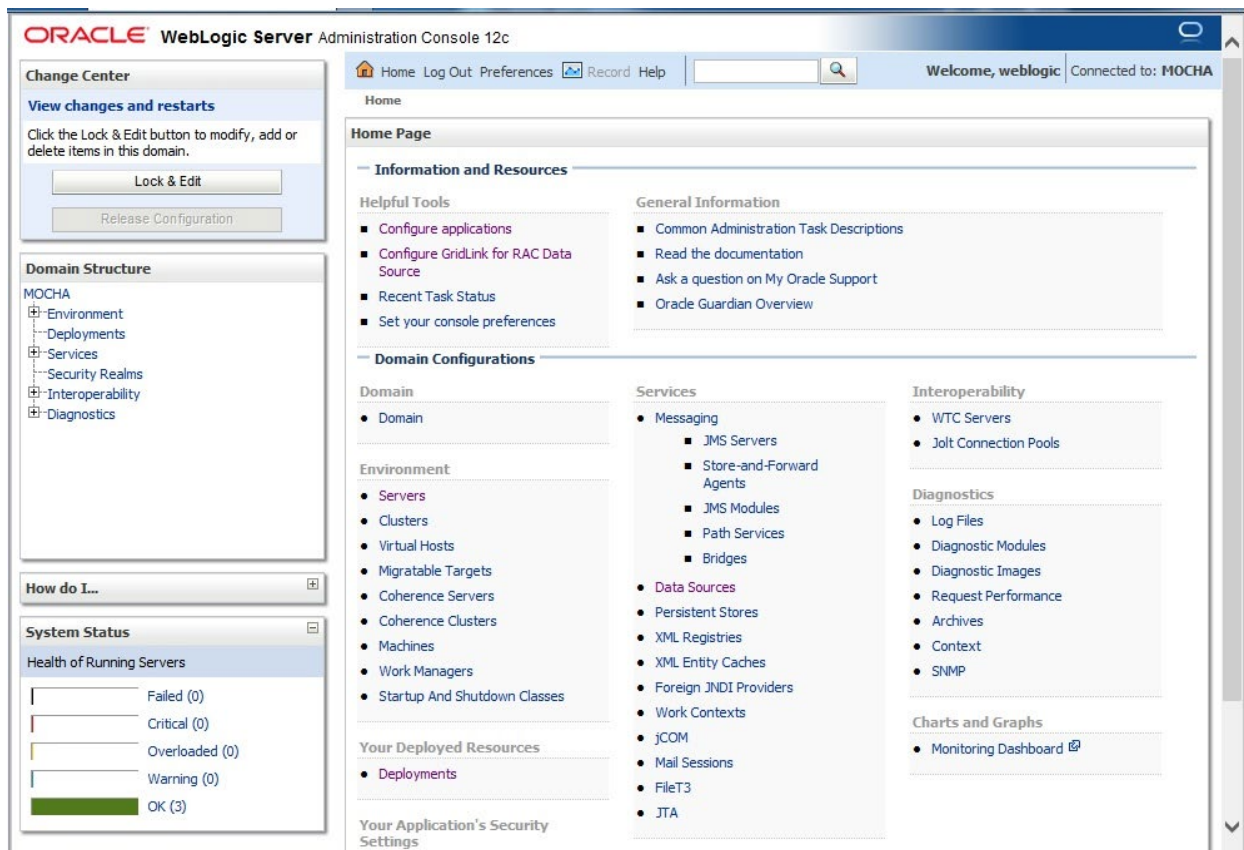


Figure 3-1. WebLogic Console

3.1 Terminology

In an effort to make these installation instructions as general as possible for installation at any site, a few terms are used throughout the instructions with the intent that they be replaced with site-specific values.

Table 3-1 contains a list of those terms used only within this document as well as sample site-specific values for each term. Additionally, references to the DATUP-L-1 server may be replaced with the site-specific name of the destination server at the installation site.

Table 3-1. Terminology

Term	Definition	Sample
Database Server	Machine on which Caché is installed and runs	DATUP-L-1-DB
Deployment Machine	Site-specific machine on which WebLogic is installed and runs	DATUP-L-1
Deployment Server	WebLogic managed server where DATUP is deployed	LocalPharmacyServer
Deployment Server Port	Port on which the Deployment Server is listening	8010
Deployment Server's class path directory	Folder location on the Deployment Server where libraries on the class path are located (see WebLogic documentation for instructions on setting a WebLogic managed server's class path)	/opt/bea/domains/PRE/lib
Java Database Connectivity (JDBC) Universal Resource Locator (URL)	URL to connect to Caché database	jdbc:Cache://DATUP-l-1-db:1972/FDB_DIF

3.2 Assumptions

The installation instructions found within this guide are intended to be performed on a clean installation of WebLogic 12.1.1, with a separate managed server to act as the Deployment Server. For details on completing the installation of the following items, please refer to each item's installation and configuration documentation supplied by Oracle.

For successful deployment of the DATUP software at a site, the following assumptions must be met:

- The Deployment Server is configured and running.
- WebLogic is configured to run with the Java™ Standard Edition Development Kit, Version 1.7+.
- Access to the WebLogic console is by means of any valid administrative user name and password.
- The proper Caché database driver libraries for the chosen deployment environment are present on the class path for the respective Deployment Servers.
- Red Hat Enterprise Linux 5.x operating system is properly installed.
- Domain Name Server (DNS) resolution is configured for the DATUP server.
- The installation instructions are followed in the order that the sections are presented within this Installation Guide.
- FDB-DIF v3.3 database is installed on the Database Server. Installation instructions are provided in FDB-DIF Installation/Migration guide. Contact the PRE Configuration Manager who should be identified on the project's Technical Services Project Repository (TSPR) site for a copy of the guide and installations/migration scripts.

3.3 Database Installation and Configuration

The FDB MedKnowledge Framework database used by DATUP requires Caché to be successfully installed. The Caché database has specific installation procedures and files for each operating system. Red Hat Linux must be successfully installed prior to installing the Caché database. A successful installation of a Caché database instance is one in which the installation guide procedures are followed, resulting in an error-free installation.

The installation of the Caché database is described in the Caché Installation Guide, Version 2008.2, Section 4, Installing Caché on UNIX and Linux. The standard installation should be used to install the Caché database server software.

For successful deployment of the DATUP v3.0.00.0058 software at a site, the FDB-DIF v3.3 database must be installed. Installation instructions are provided in FDB-DIF Installation/Migration guide. Contact the PRE Configuration Manager who should be identified on the project's Technical Services Project Repository (TSPR) site for a copy of the guide and installations/migration scripts.

3.4 WebLogic Installation Instructions

The following sections detail the steps required to configure and deploy DATUP onto WebLogic at a local site.

3.4.1 Class Path

In order for the Caché JDBC data source to be added to the WebLogic configuration, the Caché JDBC driver must first be added to the Deployment Server's class path. Use the JDBC driver provided within the Caché distribution and the WebLogic documentation to add the driver to the class path.

The local DATUP Enterprise Application Archive (EAR) file contains all the required libraries for the proper functioning of the application. If any other applications have been deployed to the Deployment Server, there may be conflicting third-party libraries in the Deployment Server's class path that will cause DATUP to operate differently than expected. If versions on the Deployment Server's class path differ from those defined in the DATUP Version Description Document (Version 3.0.00.0058, dated

March, 2016), the preferred solution is to remove the library from the Deployment Server's class path. If that is not possible, replace the libraries with the DATUP versions.

3.4.2 WebLogic Server Startup Configuration

DATUP requires additional arguments added to the WebLogic Server's Server Start properties. This section details the steps to add the arguments to the server

1. Open and log into the WebLogic console, using an administrative user name and password. The WebLogic console is located at: `http://<Deployment Machine>:7001/console`.
2. Within the Domain Structure panel found in the left column of the WebLogic console, click on the `Services > JDBC > Data Sources` node. For reference, see Figure 3-2.

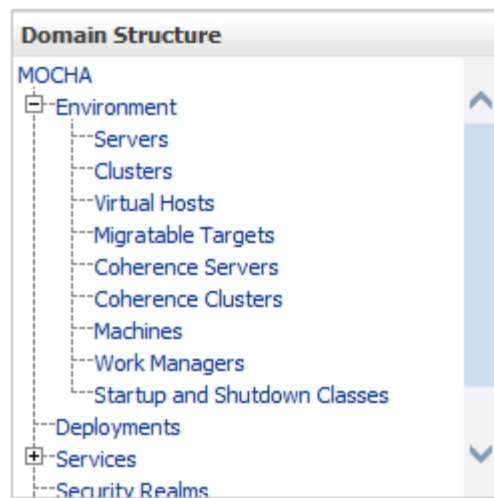


Figure 3-2. Domain Structure

3. Within the Change Center panel found in the left column of the WebLogic console, click `Lock & Edit`. For reference, see Figure 3-3.

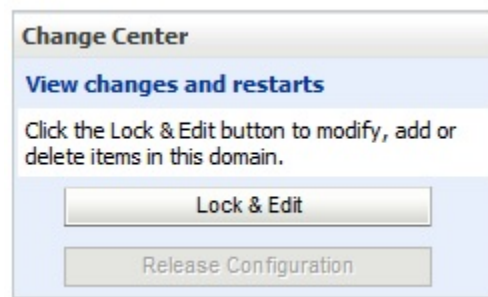


Figure 3-3. Change Center

4. Click on the server name corresponding to the deployment server in the `Summary of Servers` panel found in the right column of the WebLogic console. For reference, see Figure 3-4.

Summary of Servers

Configuration Control

A server is an instance of WebLogic Server that runs in its own Java Virtual Machine (JVM) and has its own configuration.

This page summarizes each server that has been configured in the current WebLogic Server domain.

[Customize this table](#)

Servers (Filtered - More Columns Exist)

Click the *Lock & Edit* button in the Change Center to activate all the buttons on this page.

New Clone Delete Showing 1 to 3 of 3 Previous | Next

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Cluster	Machine	State	Health	Listen Port
<input type="checkbox"/>	AdminServer(admin)			RUNNING	✔ OK	7001
<input type="checkbox"/>	Local_DATUP		Machine_01	RUNNING	✔ OK	8025
<input type="checkbox"/>	mocha_ms01		Machine_01	RUNNING	✔ OK	8015

New Clone Delete Showing 1 to 3 of 3 Previous | Next

Figure 3-4. Summary of Servers

5. WebLogic will now display the panel **Settings** for **Deployment Server** in the right column of the console, where configuration of the Deployment Server are set. For reference, see Figure 3-5.

Settings for Local_DATUP

Configuration Protocols Logging Debug Monitoring Control Deployments Services Security Notes

General Cluster Services Keystores SSL Federation Services Deployment Migration Tuning Overload Health Monitoring Server Start Web Services

Save

Use this page to configure general features of this server such as default network communications.

[View JNDI Tree](#)

Name:	Local_DATUP	An alphanumeric name for this server instance. More Info...
Machine:	Machine_01	The WebLogic Server host computer (machine) on which this server is meant to run. More Info...
Cluster:	(Standalone)	The cluster, or group of WebLogic Server instances, to which this server belongs. More Info...
Listen Address:	<input type="text" value="vaasmocapp3.vha.med.va"/>	The IP address or DNS name this server uses to listen for incoming connections. More Info...
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Listen Port Enabled		Specifies whether this server can be reached through the default plain-text (non-SSL) listen port. More Info...
Listen Port:	<input type="text" value="8025"/>	The default TCP port that this server uses to listen for regular (non-SSL) incoming connections. More Info...
<input type="checkbox"/> SSL Listen Port Enabled		Indicates whether the server can be reached through the default SSL listen port. More Info...
SSL Listen Port:	<input type="text" value="7002"/>	The TCP/IP port at which this server listens for SSL connection requests. More Info...
<input type="checkbox"/> Client Cert Proxy Enabled		Specifies whether the HttpClusterServlet proxies the client certificate in a special header. More Info...
Java Compiler:	<input type="text" value="javac"/>	The Java compiler to use for all applications hosted on this server that need to compile Java code. More Info...

Figure 3-5. Settings for Deployment Server

6. Click on the **Server Start** tab.

- WebLogic will now display the panel **Server Start** tab in the Settings for Deployment Server in the right column of the console, where configuration of the Deployment Server are set. For reference, see Figure 3-6.

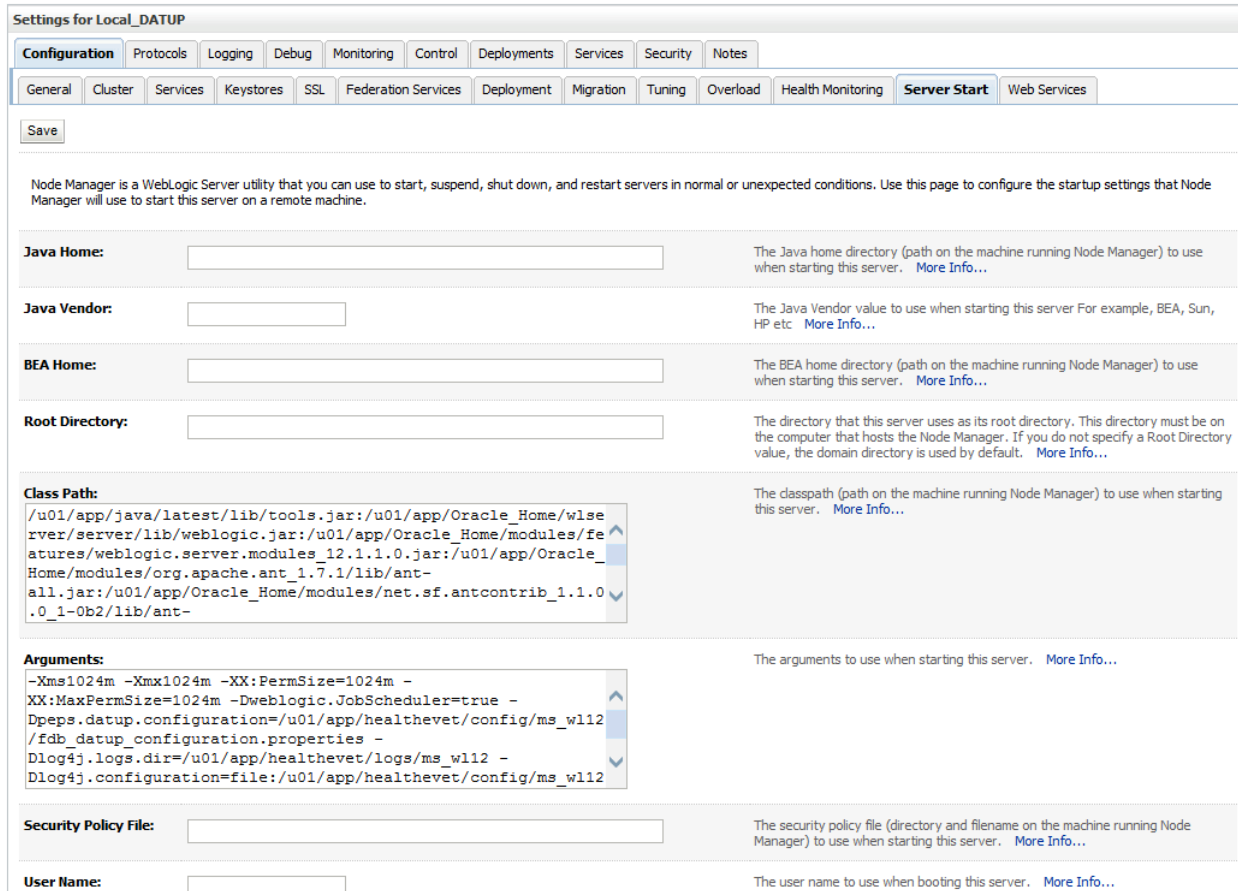


Figure 3-6. Server Start Tab

- Insert the following text in the Arguments box:

```
-Xms1024m
-Xmx1024m
-XX:PermSize=1024m
-XX:MaxPermSize=1024m
-Dweblogic.JobScheduler=true
```

Also add a arguments for Log4j file and other Log files. (see for reference below, modify path per your server configuration) :-

```
-Dlog4j.configuration=file: /u01/app/healthvet/config/ms_wl12/log4j.xml
-Dlog4j.logs.dir=/u01/app/healthvet/logs/ms_wl12
-
Dpeps.datup.configuration=/u01/app/healthvet/config/ms_wl12/fdb_datup_
configuration.properties
```

9. Click the Save Button
10. Within the Change Center panel in the left column of the WebLogic console, click Activate Changes. For reference, see Figure 3-7.

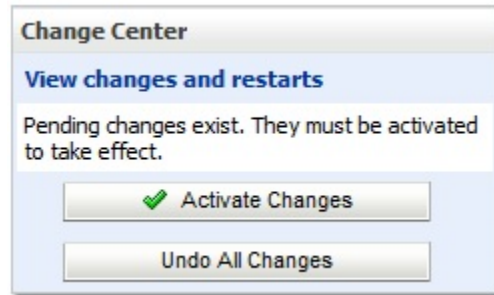


Figure 3-7. Activate Changes

3.4.3 Local JDBC Data Source Configuration

DATUP uses a database connection by means of a data source to DIF in order to perform order checks. Complete the following steps to create a new connection pool and data source for DIF.

1. Open and log into the WebLogic console, using an administrative user name and password. The WebLogic console is located at: `http://<Deployment Machine>:7001/console`.

2. Within the Domain Structure panel found in the left column of the WebLogic console, click on the Services > Data Sources node. For reference, see Figure 3-8.

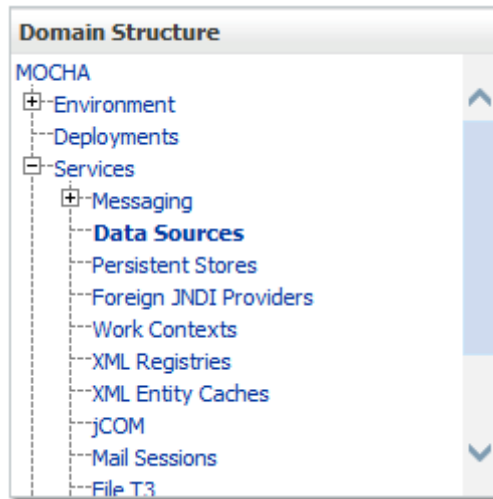


Figure 3-8. Domain Structure

3. Within the Change Center panel found in the left column of the WebLogic console, click Lock & Edit. For reference, see Figure 3-9.

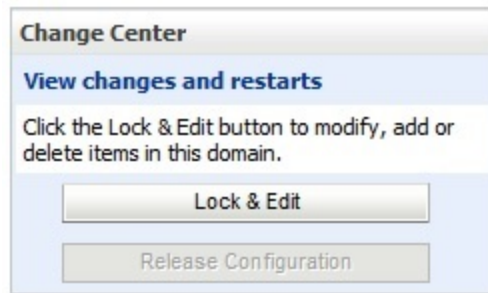


Figure 3-9. Change Center

4. Click **New > Generic Data Source** found in the **Summary of JDBC Data Sources** panel found in the right column of the WebLogic console. For reference, see Figure 3-10.

Summary of JDBC Data Sources

Configuration | Monitoring

A JDBC data source is an object bound to the JNDI tree that provides database connectivity through a pool of JDBC connections. Applications can look up a data source on the JNDI tree and then borrow a database connection from a data source.

This page summarizes the JDBC data source objects that have been created in this domain.

[Customize this table](#)

Data Sources (Filtered - More Columns Exist)

New ▾ | Delete | Showing 1 to 2 of 2 | Previous | Next

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name ↕	Type	JNDI Name	Targets
<input type="checkbox"/>	FDB-DIF	Generic	datasource/FDB-DIF	mocha_ms01

New ▾ | Delete | Showing 1 to 1 of 1 | Previous | Next

Figure 3-10. Summary of JDBC Data Sources

5. WebLogic will now display the panel `Create a New JDBC Data Source` in the right column of the console, where details of the new data source are set. For reference, see Figure 3-11.

Create a New JDBC Data Source

Back Next Finish Cancel

JDBC Data Source Properties

The following properties will be used to identify your new JDBC data source.

* Indicates required fields

What would you like to name your new JDBC data source?

* Name: DATUP FDB-DIF

What JNDI name would you like to assign to your new JDBC Data Source?

JNDI Name: datasource/FDB-DIF

What database type would you like to select?

Database Type: Cache

Back Next Finish Cancel

Figure 3-11. JDBC Data Source Properties

6. For the Name, type `DATUP FDB-DIF`.
7. For the JNDI Name, type `datasource/FDB-DIF`.
8. For the Database Type, select `Cache`.
9. Click `Next`.
10. For the Database Driver, verify that `Intersystems's Cache Driver (Type 4) Versions: Any` is selected.
11. Click `Next`.

12. WebLogic will now display the panel `Transaction Options` in the right column of the console, where the transaction attributes for this data source are set. For reference, see Figure 3-12.

Create a New JDBC Data Source

Back Next Finish Cancel

Transaction Options

You have selected non-XA JDBC driver to create database connection in your new data source.

Does this data source support global transactions? If yes, please choose the transaction protocol for this data source.

Supports Global Transactions

Select this option if you want to enable non-XA JDBC connections from the data source to participate in global transactions using the *Logging Last Resource* (LLR) transaction optimization. Recommended in place of Emulate Two-Phase Commit.

Logging Last Resource

Select this option if you want to enable non-XA JDBC connections from the data source to emulate participation in global transactions using JTA. Select this option only if your application can tolerate heuristic conditions.

Emulate Two-Phase Commit

Select this option if you want to enable non-XA JDBC connections from the data source to participate in global transactions using the one-phase commit transaction processing. With this option, no other resources can participate in the global transaction.

One-Phase Commit

Back Next Finish Cancel

Figure 3-12. Transaction Options

13. Select the `Emulate Two-Phase Commit` radio button.
14. Click `Next`.

15. WebLogic will now display the panel `Connection Properties` in the right column of the console, where the connection pool attributes are set. For reference, see Figure 3-13.

Create a New JDBC Data Source

Back Next Finish Cancel

Connection Properties
Define Connection Properties.

What is the name of the database you would like to connect to?

Database Name:

What is the name or IP address of the database server?

Host Name:

What is the port on the database server used to connect to the database?

Port:

What database account user name do you want to use to create database connections?

Database User Name:

What is the database account password to use to create database connections?

Password:

Confirm Password:

Back Next Finish Cancel

Figure 3-13. Connection Properties

16. For `Database Name`, type the name of the Caché database to which DATUP will connect. For example, `FDB_DIF`.
17. For `Host Name`, type the name of the machine on which Caché is running. For example, `r01ausdbs01`.
18. For `Port`, type the port on which Caché is listening. For example, `1972`.
19. For `Database User Name`, type the user's name to connect to the FDB database. For example, `developer`. The user entered should be the same as configured during the FDB database setup using the FDB-DIF Installation/Migration guide. Verify username and password with the DBA.
20. For `Password` and `Confirm Password`, type the password for the user given previously. For example, `pharmacy`.
21. Click `Next`.
22. WebLogic will now display the panel `Test Database Connection` in the right column of the console, where the new data source can be tested. For reference, see Figure 3-14.

Create a New JDBC Data Source

Test Configuration | Back | Next | Finish | Cancel

Test Database Connection

Test the database availability and the connection properties you provided.

What is the full package name of JDBC driver class used to create database connections in the connection pool?
(Note that this driver class must be in the classpath of any server to which it is deployed.)

Driver Class Name:

What is the URL of the database to connect to? The format of the URL varies by JDBC driver.

URL:

What database account user name do you want to use to create database connections?

Database User Name:

What is the database account password to use to create database connections?
(Note: for secure password management, enter the password in the Password field instead of the Properties field below)

Password:

Confirm Password:

What are the properties to pass to the JDBC driver when creating database connections?

Properties:

The set of driver properties whose values are derived at runtime from the named system property.

System Properties:

What table name or SQL statement would you like to use to test database connections?

Test Table Name:

Test Configuration | Back | Next | Finish | Cancel

Figure 3-14. Test Database Connection

23. Leave all values as set by default, with the exception of `Test Table Name`. For this attribute, type `fdb_version`.
24. Click `Next`.
25. WebLogic will now display the panel `Select Targets` in the right column of the console, where the target server is selected for the new data source. For reference, see Figure 3-15.

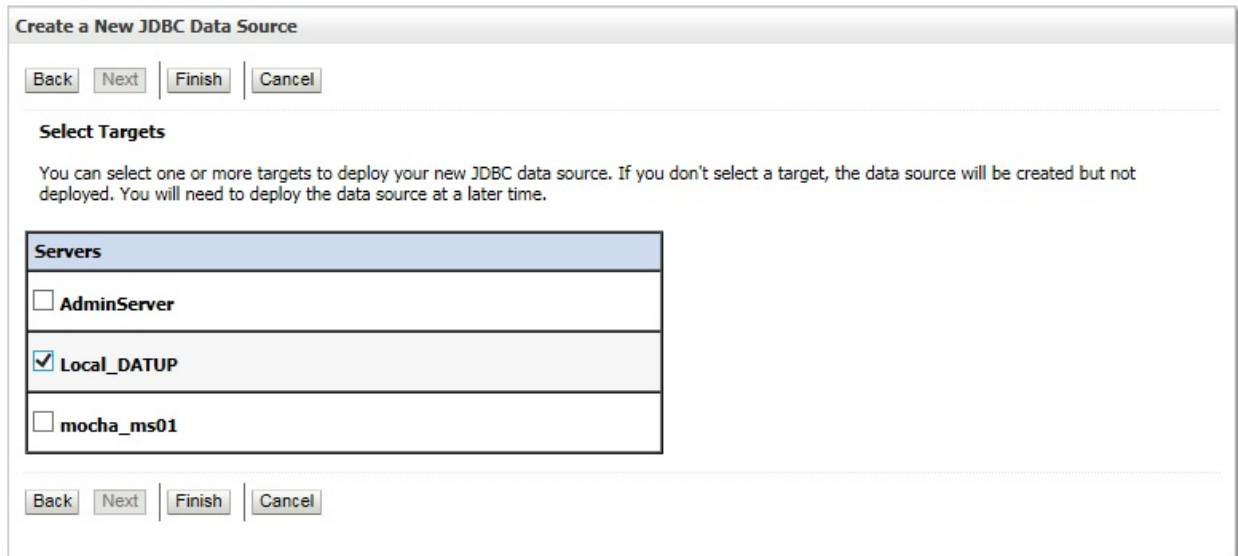


Figure 3-15. Select Targets

26. Select the Deployment Server as the target. For example, `Local_DATUP`.
27. Click `Finish`.

28. WebLogic will now display the panel Summary of JDBC Data Sources in the right column of the console, where the newly created data source is displayed. For reference, see Figure 3-16.

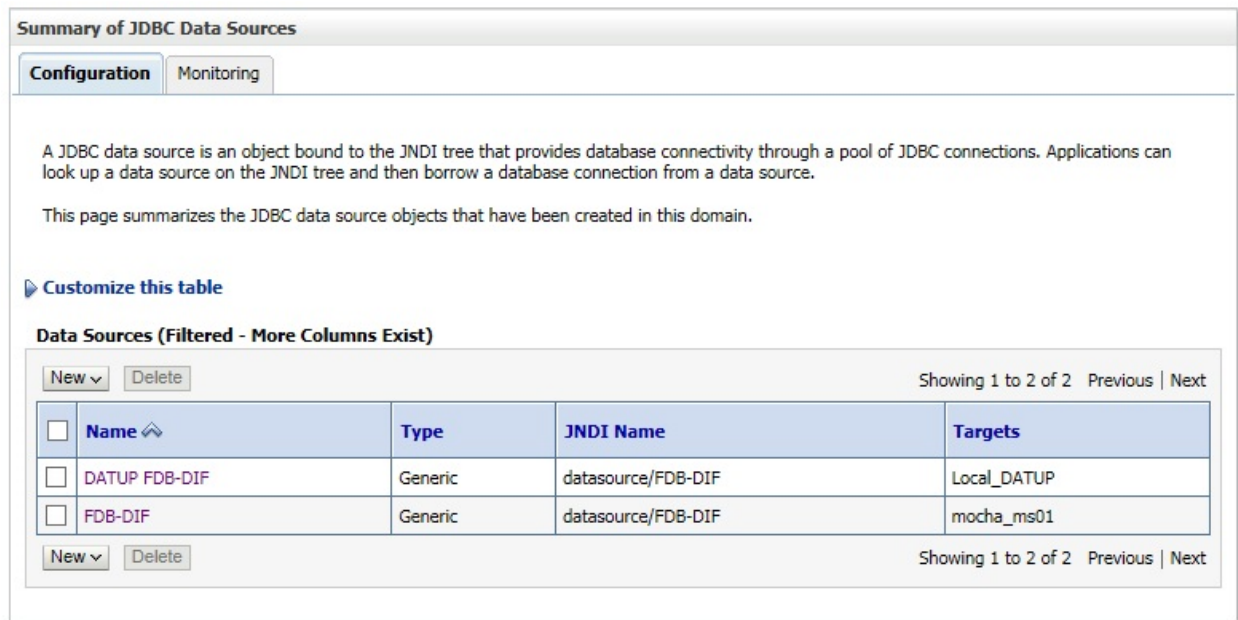


Figure 3-16. Summary of JDBC Data Sources

Prepared statement caching will need to be turned off to work around a defect in Cache. To do so, select the newly created data source, DATUP FDB-DIF, and navigate to the Connection Pool tab. Change the Statement Cache Size parameter to 0 then click save. For reference, see Figure 3-17.

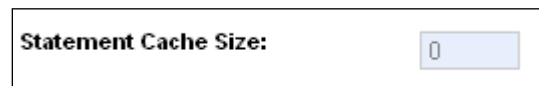


Figure 3-17. Statement Cache Size Parameter

29. Within the Change Center panel in the left column of the WebLogic console, click Activate Changes. For reference, see Figure 3-18.

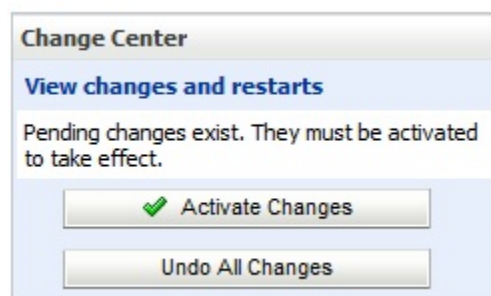


Figure 3-18. Activate Changes

3.4.4 Log4j

DATUP uses Log4j to provide debug and error logs. Although the application will function without Log4j installed, using it can be helpful to troubleshoot potential issues. Because DATUP can operate without Log4j configured, all instructions within this section are only required if debugging deployed code.

To install Log4j, the log4j JAR must be placed on the Deployment Server's class path and the log4j_datup.xml must be edited to include the DATUP appenders and loggers. Complete the following instructions to place the Log4j library on the Deployment Server's class path.

1. Copy log4j-1.2.17.jar to server/lib folder where WebLogic is installed - /u01/app/Oracle_Home/wlserver/server/lib, for example. Note: If log4j is already installed, the jar file will already be on the server.
2. Configure WebLogic to include the Log4j library in the Deployment Server's class path. Please refer to the WebLogic documentation provided by Oracle for completing this step.
3. Add the follow argument on the Server Start tab of the DATUP Deployment Server. Refer to the steps in section 3.4.2, if necessary: **-Dweblogic.log.Log4jLoggingEnabled=true**
4. Create the log folder defined in the Deployment Server arguments. For example, /u01/app/Oracle_Home/user_projects/domains/mocha/DATUPLogs. Without this folder, Log4j will not be able to create the log files specified in the DATUP configuration.
5. Create the log4j_datup.xml file that is located in the path specified in the Deployment Server arguments.
6. Configure the log4j.xml using Appendix C as a reference.
7. Restart the Deployment Server to load the Log4j configuration.

For further information, reference <http://wiki.apache.org/logging-log4j/Log4jXmlFormat>.

Note: Due to policy constraints, this document cannot support live links. Copy and paste the above link into your browser.

3.4.5 DATUP Configuration Properties

In order to use the DATUP component, a configuration file must be configured for each WebLogic deployment. The location of this file was configured in Section 3.4.2 and is by default fdb_datup_configuration.properties. This file is self documenting and contains the list of configurable properties for DATUP. See Appendix A for a sample version.

3.4.6 DATUP Cleanup Script

DATUP creates temporary zip files during the update process. Create a cron job to remove /tmp/datup*.zip files once a day.

3.4.7 Deployment

The following steps detail the deployment of the DATUP application at a local site. Prior to completing these steps, the WebLogic class path, the WebLogic database configurations, and the Deployment Server must be restarted to load the changed configuration. Please refer to Sections 3.4.1 and 3.4.2 for instructions concerning these configuration items. Complete the following steps to deploy DATUP:

1. Open and log into the WebLogic console. This is located at: `http://<Deployment Machine>:7001/console`.

2. Within the `Domain Structure` panel in the left column of the WebLogic console, click the `Deployments` node. For reference, see Figure 3-19.



Figure 3-19. Domain Structure

3. Within the `Change Center` panel in the left column of the WebLogic console, click `Lock & Edit`. For reference, see Figure 3-20.

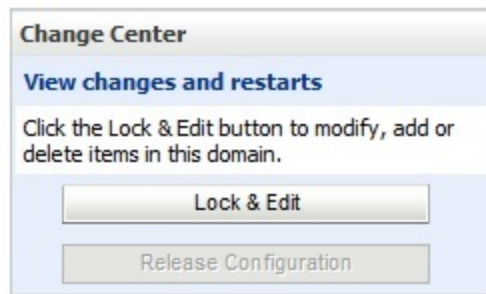


Figure 3-20. Change Center

4. Click `Install` found in the `Deployments` panel in the right column of the WebLogic console. For reference, see Figure 3-21.

Summary of Deployments

Control | Monitoring

This page displays a list of Java EE applications and stand-alone application modules that have been installed to this domain. Installed applications and modules can be started, stopped, updated (redeployed), or deleted from the domain by first selecting the application name and using the controls on this page.


To install a new application or module for deployment to targets in this domain, click the Install button.

Customize this table

Deployments

Install | Update | Delete | Start | Stop

Showing 1 to 2 of 2 Previous | Next

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	State	Health	Type	Deployment Order
<input type="checkbox"/>	 mocha-server-2.0.00.009 (2.0.00.009)	Active	OK	Enterprise Application	100

Install | Update | Delete | Start | Stop

Showing 1 to 2 of 2 Previous | Next

Figure 3-21. Deployments

- WebLogic will now display the panel **Install Application Assistant** in the right column of the console, where the location of the DATUP deployment will be found. For reference, see Figure 3-22.

Install Application Assistant

Back | Next | Finish | Cancel

Locate deployment to install and prepare for deployment


Select the file path that represents the application root directory, archive file, exploded archive directory, or application module descriptor that you want to install. You can also enter the path of the application directory or file in the Path field.

Note: Only valid file paths are displayed below. If you cannot find your deployment files, [upload your file\(s\)](#) and/or confirm that your application contains the required deployment descriptors.

Path:

Recently Used Paths: /u01/app/Oracle_Home/user_projects/domains/mocha/appstage

Current Location: vaausmocwebdev02.aac.va.gov / u01 / app / oracle / config / domains / MOCHA3 / servers / DATUPsRv1 / stage / datup-local-3.0

 datup-local-3.0.00.0058.ear

Back | Next | Finish | Cancel

Figure 3-22. Install Application Assistant

6. Select the DATUP deployment, select the `DATUP.local.3.0.00.0032.ear` file.
 - a) If the DATUP deployment has already been transferred to the Deployment Machine, navigate to the deployment file location using the links and file structure displayed within the Location panel within the Install Application Assistant in the right column of the console. For reference, see Figure 3-23.

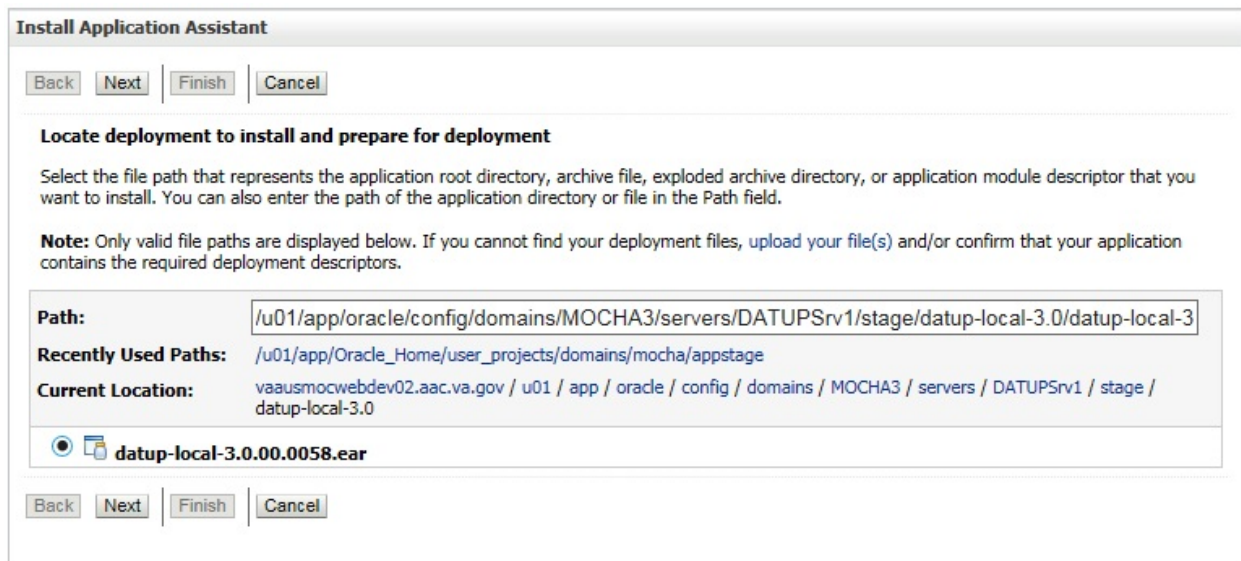


Figure 3-23. Locate Deployment to Install and Prepare for Deployment

- b) If the DATUP deployment has not been transferred to the Deployment Machine:
 - (1) Click on the `upload your file(s)` link in the Install Application Assistant panel in the right section of the console. For reference, see Figure 3-23.
 - (2) Click the `Deployment Archive Browse` to see the `Choose file` dialogue used to select the `Deployment Archive`.
 - (3) Click `Next` in the `Upload a Deployment to the admin server` panel in the right column of the `WebLogic` console to return to the `Locate deployment to install and prepare for deployment` panel within the `Install Application Assistant`.

7. Once the DATUP deployment is located and selected, click `Next`.

- WebLogic will now display the panel `Choose targeting style` within the `Install Application Assistant` in the right column of the console. Leave the default value selected, `Install this deployment as an application`, and click `Next`. For reference, see Figure 3-24.

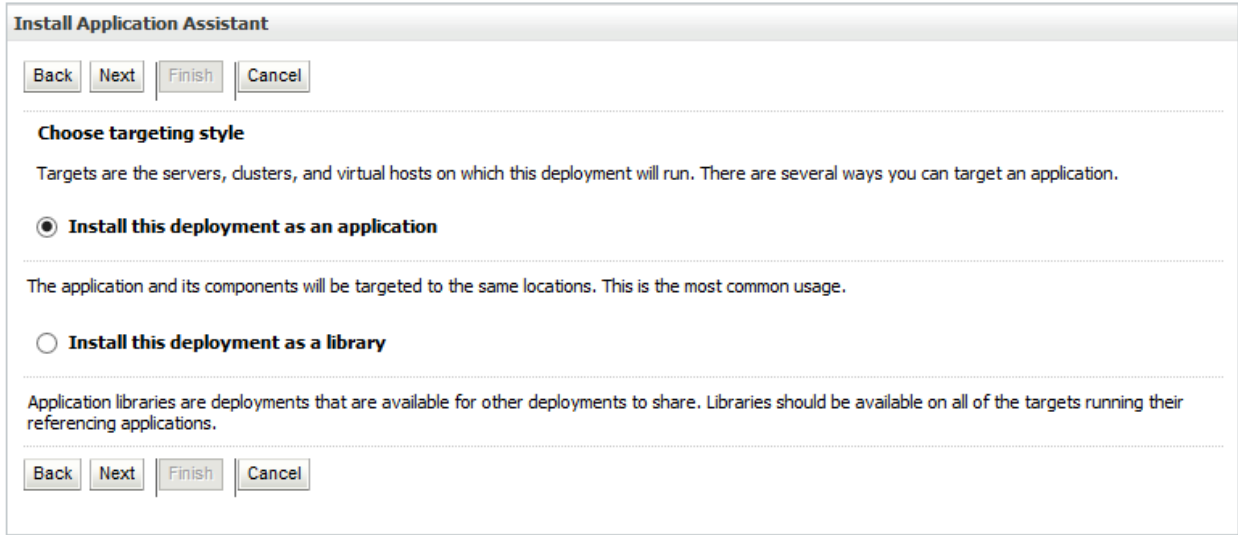


Figure 3-24. Choose Targeting Style

- Within the `Install Application Assistant` in the right column of the console, WebLogic will now display the panel `Select deployment targets`, where the `Deployment Server` will be selected as the target in the next step. For reference, see Figure 3-25.

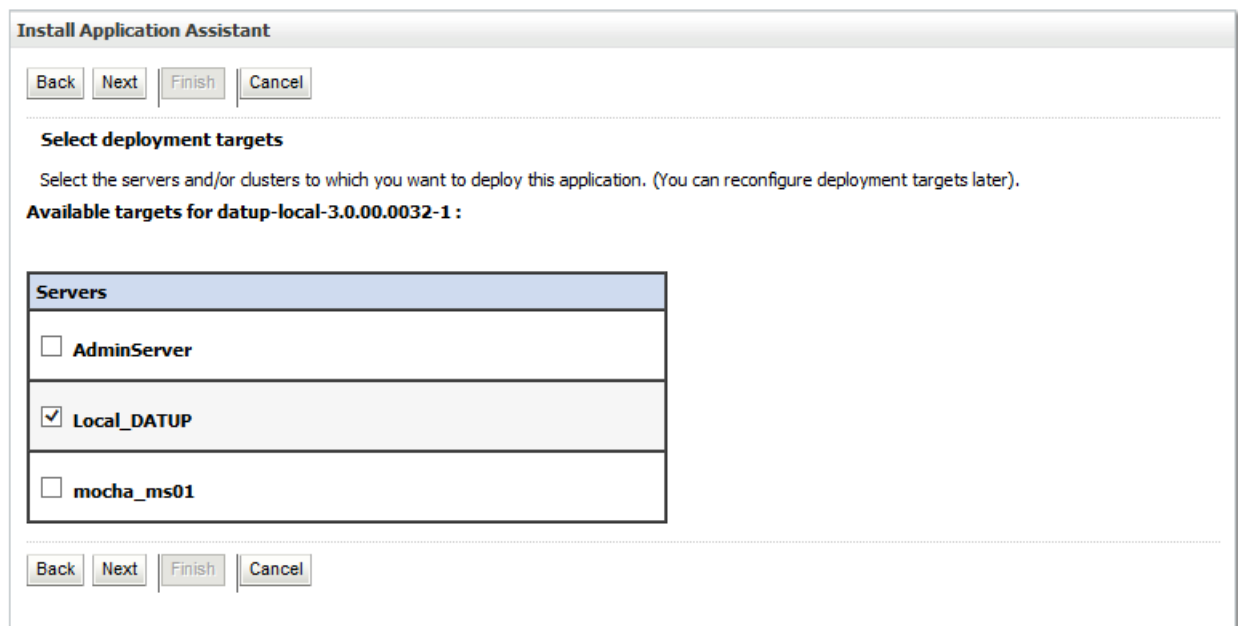


Figure 3-25. Select Deployment Targets

10. For the Target, select the Deployment Server. For example, Local_DATUP.
11. Click Next.
12. Within the Install Application Assistant, WebLogic will now display the panel Optional Settings in the right column of the console, where the name of the deployment and the copy behavior are chosen. For reference, see Figure 3-26.

Install Application Assistant

Back Next Finish Cancel

Optional Settings

You can modify these settings or accept the defaults

General

What do you want to name this deployment?

Name:

Security

What security model do you want to use with this application?

DD Only: Use only roles and policies that are defined in the deployment descriptors.

Custom Roles: Use roles that are defined in the Administration Console; use policies that are defined in the deployment descriptor.

Custom Roles and Policies: Use only roles and policies that are defined in the Administration Console.

Advanced: Use a custom model that you have configured on the realm's configuration page.

Source accessibility

How should the source files be made accessible?

Use the defaults defined by the deployment's targets

Recommended selection.

Copy this application onto every target for me

During deployment, the files will be copied automatically to the managed servers to which the application is targeted.

I will make the deployment accessible from the following location

Location:

Provide the location from where all targets will access this application's files. This is often a shared directory. You must ensure the application files exist in this location and that each target location.

Back Next Finish Cancel

Figure 3-26. Optional Settings

13. Enter the Name for the deployment. For example, datup-local-3.0.
14. Verify that the following default option for Security is selected:
 DD Only: Use only roles and policies that are defined in the deployment descriptors.

15. Verify that the following default option for Source accessibility is selected:
Use the defaults defined by the deployment's targets.
16. Click Next.
17. Within the Install Application Assistant in the right column of the console WebLogic will now display the panel Review your choices and click Finish, which summarizes the steps completed above.
18. Verify that the values match those entered in Steps 1 through 17 and click Finish.
19. WebLogic will now display the panel Settings for Local DATUP, in the right column of the console, where the values previously entered are available as well as a setting to change the deployment order. For reference, see Figure 3-27.

Settings for datup-local-3.0.00.0032-1

Overview | Deployment Plan | Configuration | Security | Targets | Control | Testing | Monitoring | Notes

Save

Use this page to view the general configuration of an Enterprise application, such as its name, the physical path to the application files, the associated deployment plan, and so on. The table at the end of the page lists the modules (such as Web applications and EJBs) that are contained in the Enterprise application. Click on the name of the module to view and update its configuration.

Name:	datup-local-3.0.00.00 58	The name of this Enterprise Application. More Info...
Path:	/u01/app/oracle/config/domains/MOCHA3/servers/DATUPsrv1/stage/datup-local-3.0/3.0.00.0058/datup-local-3.0.00.0058.ear	The path to the source of the deployable unit on the Administration Server. More Info...
Deployment Plan:	(no plan specified)	The path to the deployment plan document on Administration Server. More Info...
Staging Mode:	(not specified)	The mode that specifies whether a deployment's files are copied from a source on the Administration Server to the Managed Server's staging area during application preparation. More Info...
Security Model:	DDOnly	The security model that is used to secure a deployed module. More Info...
Deployment Order:	<input type="text" value="100"/>	An integer value that indicates when this unit is deployed, relative to other deployable units on a server, during startup. More Info...
Deployment Principal Name:	<input type="text"/>	A string value that indicates what principal should be used when deploying the file or archive during startup and shutdown. This principal will be used to set the current subject when calling out into application code for interfaces such as ApplicationLifecycleListener. If no principal name is specified, then the anonymous principal will be used. More Info...

Save

Modules and Components

Showing 1 to 1 of 1 Previous | Next

Name	Type
------	------

Figure 3-27. Settings for DATUP

20. Leave all the values as defaulted by WebLogic and click Save.

21. Within the Change Center panel in the left column of the WebLogic console, click Activate Changes. For reference, see Figure 3-28.

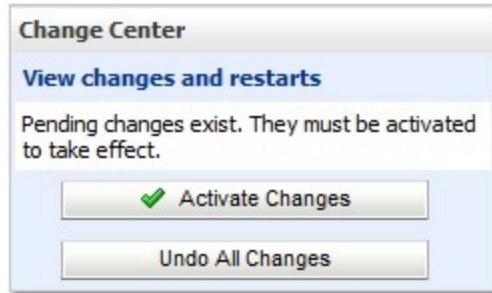


Figure 3-28. Activate Changes

22. Within the Domain Structure panel in the left column of the WebLogic console, click the Deployments node. For reference, see Figure 3-29.

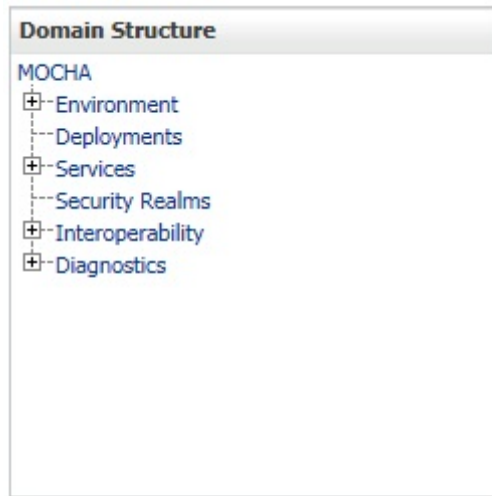


Figure 3-29. Domain Structure

- WebLogic will now display the panel `Summary of Deployments` in the right column of the console, where all deployments for the WebLogic domain are listed. For reference, see Figure 3-30.

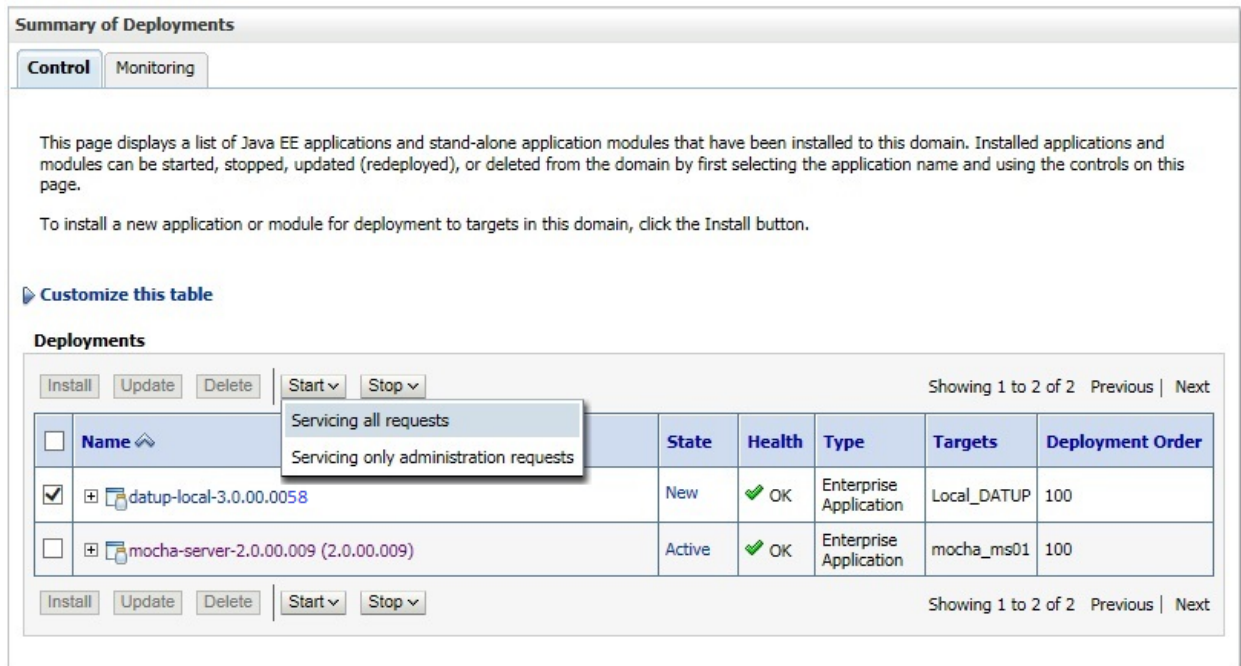


Figure 3-30. Summary of Deployments

- Select the previously deployed DATUP deployment, click `Start`, and then select `Servicing all requests` from the drop-down list box.
- WebLogic will now display the panel `Start Application Assistant` in the right column of the console for confirmation to start servicing requests. For reference, see Figure 3-31.

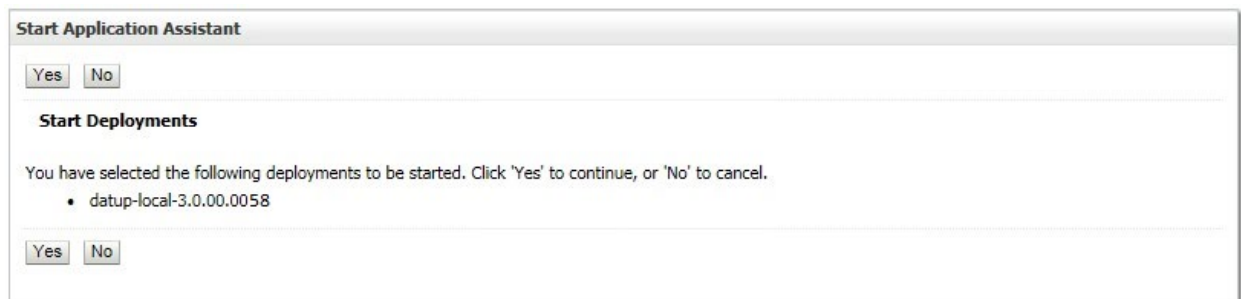


Figure 3-31. Start Application Assistant

- Click `Yes` in the `Start Application Assistant` panel in the right column of the WebLogic console.

27. WebLogic now returns to the Summary of Deployments panel in the right column of the console. For reference, see Figure 3-32.

Messages

✔ Start requests have been sent to the selected Deployments.

Summary of Deployments

Control Monitoring



This page displays a list of Java EE applications and stand-alone application modules that have been installed to this domain. Installed applications and modules can be started, stopped, updated (redeployed), or deleted from the domain by first selecting the application name and using the controls on this page.

To install a new application or module for deployment to targets in this domain, click the Install button.

Customize this table

Deployments

Install Update Delete Start Stop Showing 1 to 2 of 2 Previous Next

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name ↕	State	Health	Type	Targets	Deployment Order
<input type="checkbox"/>	 datup-local-3.0.00.0058	Active	✔ OK	Enterprise Application	Local_DATUP	100
<input type="checkbox"/>	 mocha-server-2.0.00.009 (2.0.00.009)	Active	✔ OK	Enterprise Application	mocha_ms01	100

Install Update Delete Start Stop Showing 1 to 2 of 2 Previous Next

Figure 3-32. Summary of Deployments – DATUP Deployment Active

28. Verify that the State of the DATUP deployment is Active.

4 Upgrade Installation Instructions

The following instructions detail the steps required to perform an installation of a release for the DATUP software, when an existing release is already deployed at a local site. These steps assume a fresh installation has been completed, following the steps in Section 3.

4.1 Uninstall Previous Release

The following steps detail the un-installation of the DATUP application. Prior to completing these steps, the DATUP application must have been deployed following the steps in Section 3. Complete the following steps to un-deploy DATUP at a local site:

1. Open and log into the WebLogic console. This is located at: `http://<Deployment Machine>:7001/console`.
2. Within the Domain Structure panel in the left column of the WebLogic console, click the `Deployments` node. For reference, see Figure 4-1.

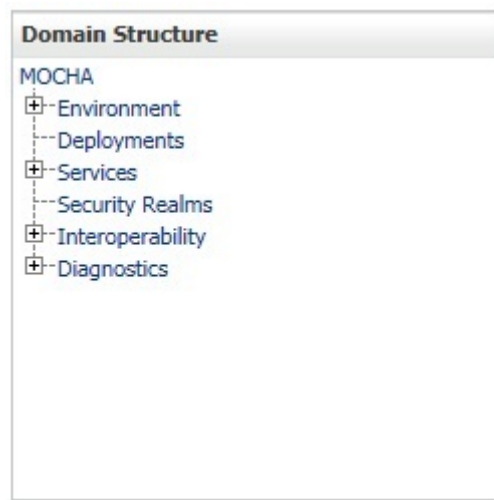


Figure 4-1. Domain Structure

3. Within the Change Center panel in the left column of the WebLogic console, click Lock & Edit. For reference, see Figure 4-2.

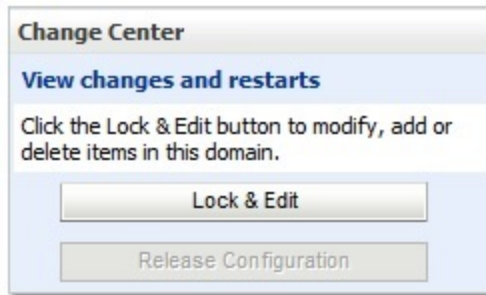


Figure 4-2. Change Center

4. WebLogic will now display the panel Summary of Deployments in the right column of the console, where all deployments for the WebLogic domain are listed. For reference, see Figure 4-3.

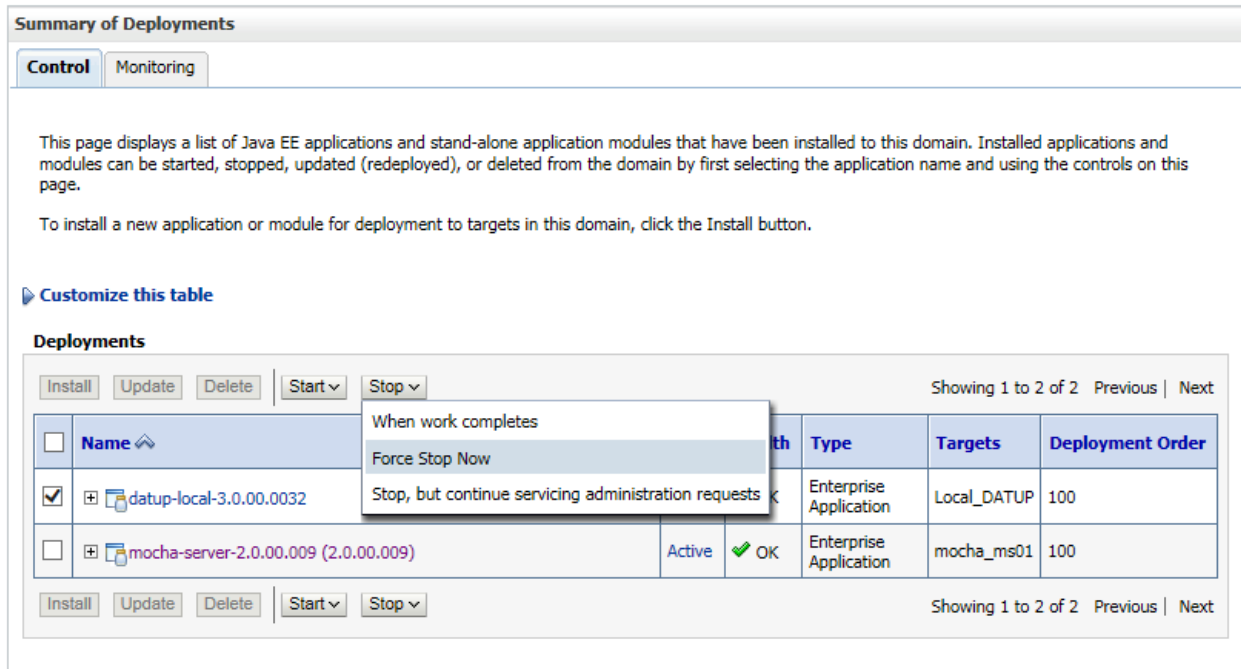


Figure 4-3. Summary of Deployments – Stopping DATUP

5. Select the previously deployed DATUP deployment, click Stop, and then select Force Stop Now from the drop-down list box.

- WebLogic will now display the panel `Force Stop Application Assistant` in the right column of the console for confirmation to start servicing requests. For reference, see Figure 4-4.

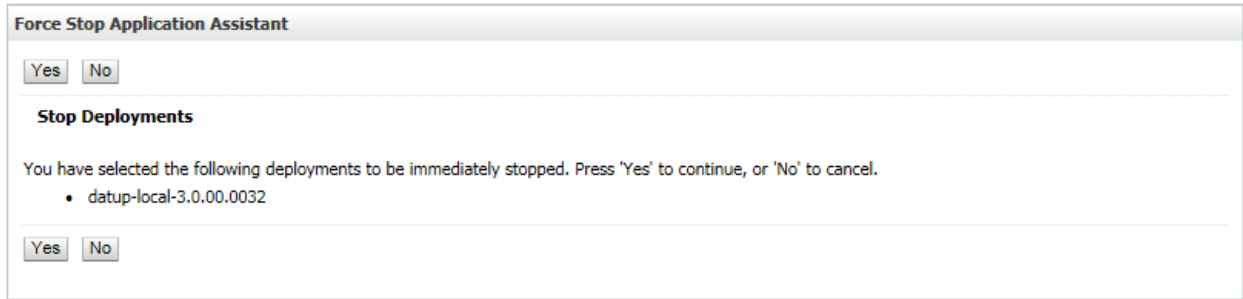


Figure 4-4. Force Stop Application Assistant

- Click `Yes` in the `Force Stop Application Assistant` panel in the right column of the WebLogic console.
- WebLogic now returns to the `Summary of Deployments` panel in the right column of the console. For reference, see Figure 4-5.

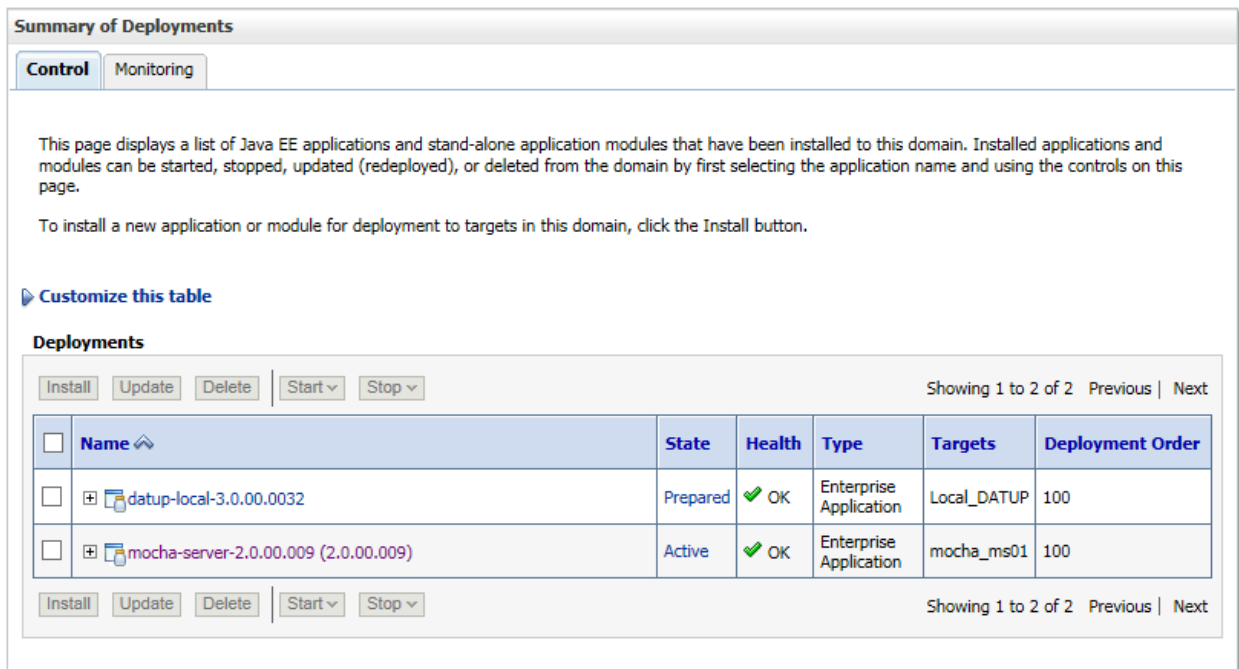


Figure 4-5. Summary of Deployments – DATUP Deployment Prepared

- Verify that the `State` of the DATUP deployment is `Prepared`.
- Select the previously deployed DATUP deployment, and then click `Delete`.

- WebLogic will now display the panel Delete Application Assistant in the right column of the console for confirmation to start servicing requests. For reference, see Figure 4-6.

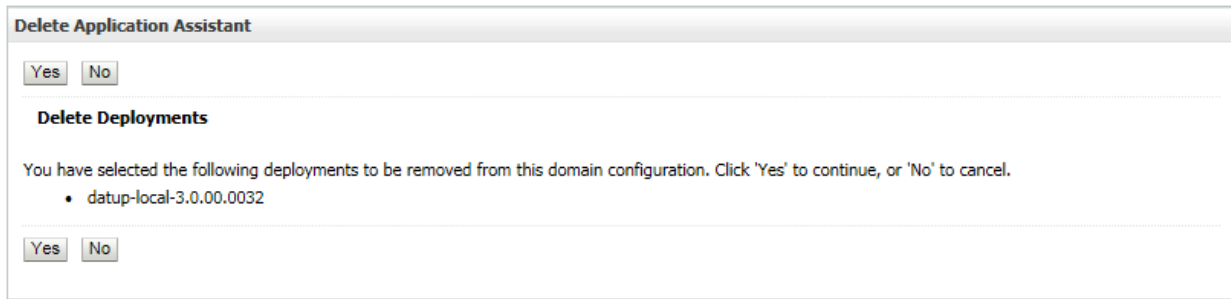


Figure 4-6. Delete Application Assistant

- Click Yes in the Delete Application Assistant panel in the right column of the WebLogic console.
- WebLogic now returns to the Summary of Deployments panel in the right column of the console. For reference, see Figure 4-7.

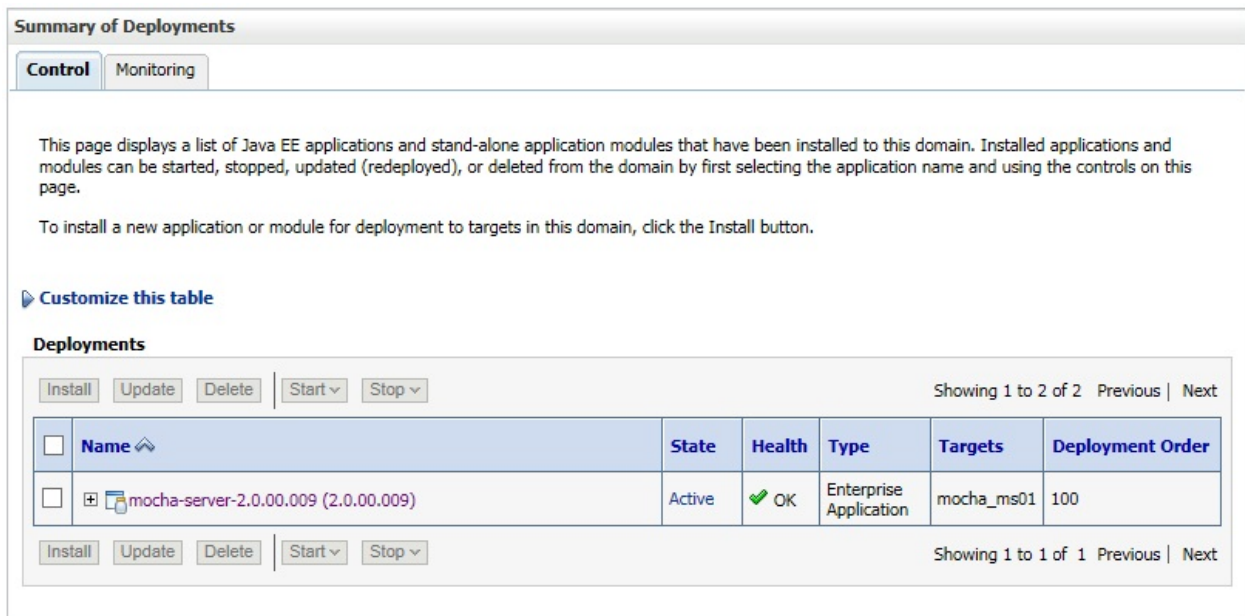


Figure 4-7. Summary of Deployments – DATUP Deployment Deleted

- Verify that the DATUP deployment is deleted and no longer present.

15. Within the Change Center panel in the left column of the WebLogic console, click **Activate Changes**. For reference, see Figure 4-8.

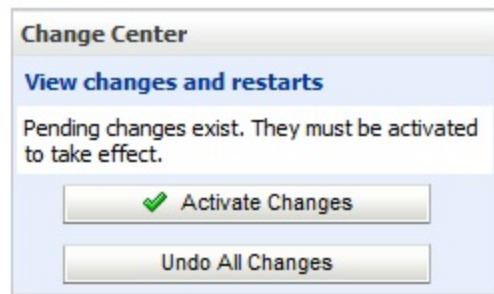


Figure 4-8. Activate Changes

4.2 Deploy New Release

To deploy the new release, follow the same deployment steps found in Section 3.4.7.

4.3 Backout Build

To backout the current DATUP build, follow the steps in Section 4.1 to uninstall the build. Then, follow the steps in Section 3.4.7 to deploy the previous build.

(This page included for two-sided copying.)

5 System Verification

The following section will verify that the DATUP system is up and running at a local site.

5.1 Verification

To verify that a DATUP installation is up and running at a local site, navigate a web-browser to the logs directory on the server, for example, <http://datup-1-1/logs/LocalDatupServer/logs>.

Verify that the `peps.log` file has an entry indicating the next scheduled run time for the DATUP application. The `peps.log` entry looks like:

```
18 Aug 2015 09:31:29 AM DEBUG  
[REDACTEDpharmacy.peps.updater.common.utility.DifUpdateScheduler:scheduleNext  
Timer] Next scheduled DIF update time: Wed, 08/19/2015, 09:30:00 AM, CDT
```

This line indicates that the system is running.

(This page included for two-sided copying.)

Appendix A

Local DATUP Configuration

This appendix provides DATUP configuration file examples based on the baseline `fdb_datup_configuration.properties` file. Configure the parameters in this file to match the settings of the particular environment into which you are installing. The `sftp.hostname`, `sftp.port`, `sftp.username`, `sftp.password`, `sftp.base.directory`, and `sftp.fdb.directory` much match the configuration of the sftp server.

The `file.name.fragment` and `file.search.type` should be configured to match the environment in which DATUP is being installed.

Example National DATUP Configuration File

```
#####
#----- Scheduler -----
#####

#####
# Scheduled nightly update time (military time).
#
# For example, "0230" schedules the nightly update
# for 2:30 am.
#
# *This parameter applies to National and Local.
#####
scheduled.time=0630

#####
#----- sFTP Server -----
#####

#####
# SFTP server hostname
#
# Specify the SFTP server hostname.
#
# *This parameter applies to National and Local.
#####
sftp.hostname=vaauspresftp01.aac.REDACTED

#####
# SFTP server port number
#
# Specify the SFTP server port number.
#
# *This parameter applies to National and Local.
#####
```

```
sftp.port=22
```

```
#####  
# SFTP server username/password.  
#  
# Specify the anonymous account username/password.  
#  
# *These parameters apply to National and Local.  
#####  
sftp.username=presftp  
sftp.password=password
```

```
#####  
# SFTP server working directory  
#  
# Specify the SFTP working directory, relative to  
# the SFTP root directory.  
#  
# *This parameter applies to National and Local.  
#####  
sftp.base.directory=/home/presftp/pecs_preprod/
```

```
#####  
# Pending FDB-DIF update storage directory.  
#  
# Specify the pending directory, relative to the  
# working directory, to the location where FDB-DIF  
# full, incremental, and custom ZIP files will be  
# placed for processing.  
#  
# *This parameter applies to National and Local.  
#####  
sftp.fdb.directory=/home/presftp/pecs_preprod/fdb_dif
```

```
#####  
# File Name Fragment  
#  
# Specify the fragment of the file name to be used when searching for  
# files to process.  
# Production Environment value of "UPD"  
# All Other Environments value of "I"  
#  
# *The search is case insensitive.  
# *This parameter is used in conjunction with File Search Type  
# (file.search.type)  
# *This parameter applies to National.  
#####  
#file.name.fragment=UPD  
file.name.fragment=I
```

```
#####
```

```

# File Search Type
#
# Specify the search type that should be used.
#
# Production Environment value of "contains"
# All Other Environments value of "starts_with"
#
# *This parameter is used in conjunction with File Name Fragment
(file.name.fragment)
# *This parameter applies to National.
#####
#file.search.type=contains
file.search.type=starts_with

#####
#----- FDB DIF -----
#####

#####
# Number of random FDB-DIF verification tests
#
# Specify the number of random FDB-DIF verification
# tests to run. 10 is a reasonable number. However,
# do not specify a large number as it will cause an
# unacceptable delay for processing new VistA order
# checks during that time.
#
# *This parameter applies to National and Local.
#####
fdb.verification.test.count=5

#####
# FDB Comparison Report Flag
#
# This property sets the default value for a boolean
# JNDI resource that will be created on the Weblogic
# Domain at startup.
# This boolean value (or flag) will be used by both
# Datup National and PECS to coordinate the processing
# of fdb files so PECS can make appropriate use
# such files before they are deleted by DATUP.
#
# *If this property is not defined, the default value
# will be set to false.
# *This parameter applies to National.
#####
fdb.comparison.report.created.flag=false

#####
#fdb.flag.provider.url
#
# Specifies the URL of the WebLogic Server that

```

```
# provides the naming context where the
# fdb_comparison_report_created_flag resource resides.
# i.e. t3://servername:port (t3 is Weblogic's protocol)
# This property is also defined in PECS, so the
# value on both properties should be the same.
# *This parameter applies to National.
#####
fdb.flag.provider.url=t3://vaauspecapp93.aac.REDACTED:8007
```

```
#####
# FDB wait time for PECS run
#
# Specify the number of minutes that DATUP will
# wait for PECS to generate its FDB Customization
# report before trying to process the FDB-DIF
# files again.
#
# Default value will be 20 minutes
# *This parameter applies to National.
#####
fdb.pecs.wait.time=180
```

```
#####
#----- Email Server -----
#####
```

```
#####
# Email server hostname
#
# *This parameter applies to National and Local.
#####
email.hostname=SMTP.REDACTED
```

```
#####
# Email sender name
#
# For example, "noreply@REDACTED".
#
# *This parameter applies to National and Local.
#####
email.sender=PECS_PreProd_AITC@REDACTED
```

```
#####
# Email username/password
#
# May be necessary to relay email.
#
# *These parameters apply to National and Local.
#####
email.username=
email.password=
```



```

#####
# Email list for success notifications
#
# Include individuals that should be notified about
# successful FDB/FDB-Custom updates.
#
# *This parameter applies to National and Local.
#####
email.list.success=SDDPREArch@REDACTED

#####
# Email list for failure notifications
#
# Include individuals that should be notified about
# failed FDB/FDB-Custom updates.
#
# *This parameter applies to National and Local.
#####
email.list.failure=SDDPREArch@REDACTED

#####
# Email list for available update notifications
#
# Include individuals that should be notified about
# available FDB/FDB-Custom updates once they are
# applied and tested and National. This list should
# include the local site managers.
#
# *This parameter applies to National.
#####
email.list.update.available=SDDPREArch@REDACTED

#####
#----- Locality -----
#####

#####
# Regional Data Center (RDC) name
#
# Specify the name of the RDC or leave blank if
# this installation is not part of a RDC.
#
# *This parameter applies to Local.
#####
locality.rdc.name=

#####
# Site number(s)
#
# Specify the site number(s) for this installation.
# If more than one site is associated with this

```

```

# installation, separate the site numbers with a
# comma (e.g., 423,512,211).
#
# *This parameter applies to Local.
#####
locality.site.number=

#####
# Number of retained FDB-DIF incremental archives
#
# Due to potential site outages, it is necessary
# to retain a certain number of FDB-DIF archives.
#
# *This parameter applies to National.
#####
fdb.retention=20

#####
# Number of statements to batch before commit
#
# Specify the number of statements to batch before
# a commit to the database. This value is database
# vendor and JDBC driver dependent. A reasonable
# batch size is 500. However, tests show that Cache
# may throw system errors with a batch size greater
# than 200.
#
# Specify a batch size of 0 to disable batching. A
# single commit will be issued at the end of the
# incremental update.
#
# *This parameter applies to National and Local.
#####
fdb.batch.commit.size=0

#####
#----- IMAGE PROCESSING-----
#####
image.processing.national=TRUE
image.processing.local=FALSE
#####
# The location where the image files will be stored
#
#
# *This parameter applies to National only
#####
image.directory.national=/tmp/imaging/

#####
# The location where the image files will be stored
#
#

```

```
# *This parameter applies to local only
#####
image.directory.local=/tmp/imaging/

#####
# The email to send to names or group
#
#
# *This parameter applies to National only
#####
image.email.sendto.national=SDDPREArch@REDACTED

#####
# The email to send to names or group
#
#
# *This parameter applies to local only
#####
image.email.sendto.local=SDDPREArch@REDACTED
```


Appendix B

Combined DATUP / PECS Architecture

This appendix provides the combined DATUP / PECS architecture diagram for reference. The combined logical system components are:

1. DATUP – Implements the FDB-DIF update business logic.
2. Scheduler – Background process for scheduling DATUP.
3. WebLogic – Application server environment.
4. Configuration File – Defines the DATUP configuration settings.
5. SFTP Server – SFTP Server that hosts the FDB-DIF update archives.
6. Email Server – Email relay server.
7. PECS – Implements the FDB-Custom drug business logic.
8. CT Staging Database – Stores PECS FDB-Custom modifications.
9. DATUP Database – Stores DATUP site update history.
10. FDB-DIF Database – Stores the FDB-DIF drug database.

Figure B-1 illustrates the logical system components for the National and Local environments. The National components are responsible for verifying and publishing FDB-DIF and FDB-Custom updates to the Anonymous FTP Server. The Local components then consume and apply the verified updates in an automated manner.

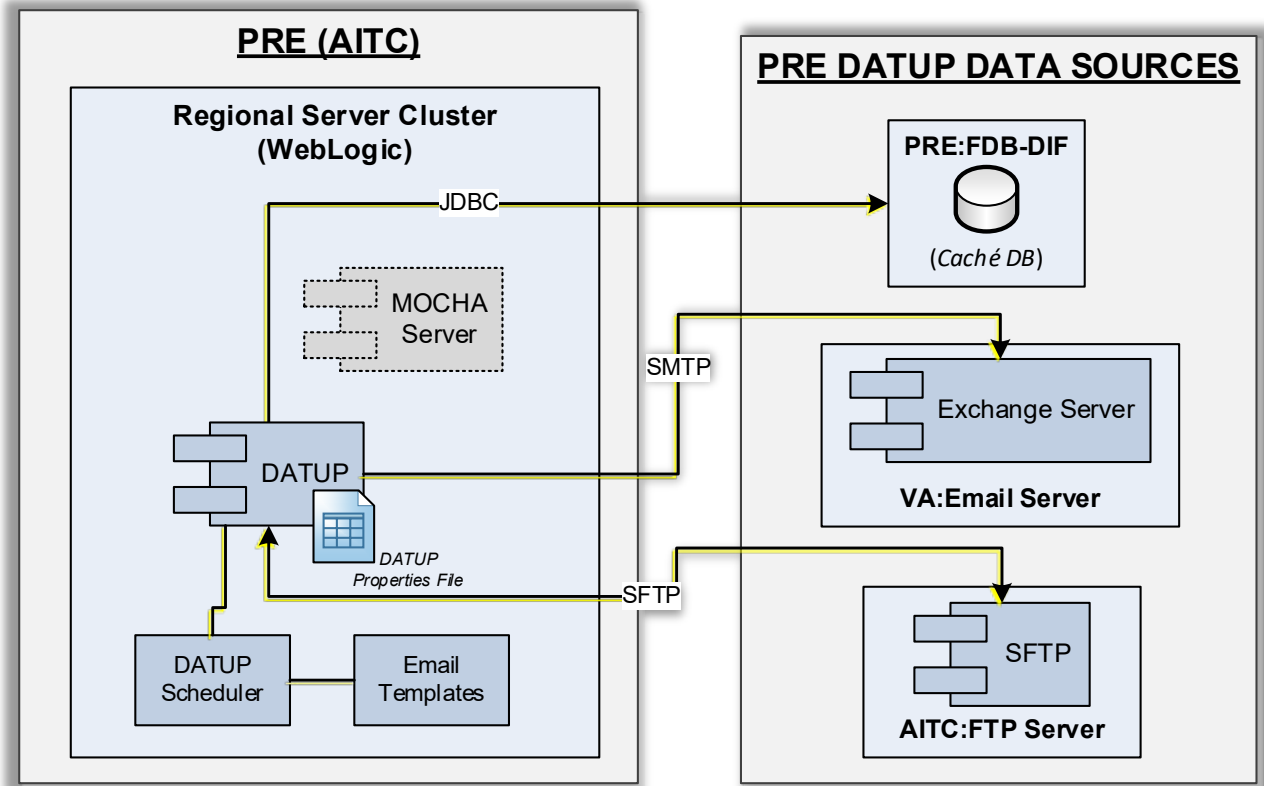


Figure B-1: Combined DATUP/PECS Architecture Diagram

Appendix C: log4j Properties

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
<!DOCTYPE log4j:configuration SYSTEM "log4j.dtd">

<log4j:configuration xmlns:log4j="http://jakarta.apache.org/log4j/">

    <appender name="PepsAppender"
class="org.apache.log4j.RollingFileAppender">
        <param name="File" value="log/peps.log"/>
        <param name="Append" value="false"/>
        <param name="MaxFileSize" value="5000KB" />
        <param name="MaxBackupIndex" value="5"/>
        <layout class="org.apache.log4j.PatternLayout">
            <param name="ConversionPattern" value="%d{dd MMM yyyy
hh:mm:ss a} %-5p [%c:%M] %m%n"/>
        </layout>
    </appender>

    <appender name="SpringAppender"
class="org.apache.log4j.RollingFileAppender">
        <param name="File" value="log/spring.log"/>
        <param name="Append" value="false"/>
        <param name="MaxBackupIndex" value="10"/>
        <layout class="org.apache.log4j.PatternLayout">
            <param name="ConversionPattern" value="%d{dd MMM yyyy
hh:mm:ss a} %-5p [%c:%M] %m%n"/>
        </layout>
    </appender>

    <logger name="org.springframework" additivity="false">
        <level value="error" />
        <level value="error" />
        <appender-ref ref="SpringAppender"/>
    </logger>

    <logger name="REDACTEDpharmacy.peps" additivity="false">
        <level value="debug" />
        <appender-ref ref="PepsAppender"/>
    </logger>

</root>
```

```
    <priority value="debug" />
    <appender-ref ref="SpringAppender"/>
    <appender-ref ref="PepsAppender"/>
</root>

</log4j:configuration>
```