

National Data Update (DATUP) Installation Guide

Pharmacy Reengineering



Version 3.0

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**Department of Veterans Affairs
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Product Development (PD)**

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1 Project Scope

1.1 Project Description

The goal of the VHA PRE project is to design and develop a re-engineered pharmacy system, incorporating changes that have been made to the Enterprise Architecture and changes in pharmacy business processes. The intent of the PRE program is to ensure that no current system functionality is lost, but that it is either replicated in the new system or replaced by improved process and functionality. While the overall plan is still based on designing and implementing a complete pharmacy system, the scope of the effort has been defined to address a focused subset of the PRE functionality confined to the Data Update (DATUP) process.

1.2 PRE Project Goals and Objectives

The objective of the PRE project is to facilitate the improvement of pharmacy operations, customer service, and patient safety for the VHA. The PRE project will help address the identified goals and vision for the VHA Pharmacy System.

The goal for the PRE project is a seamless and integrated nationally-supported system that is an integral part of the HealthVet-Veterans Health Information Systems & Technology Architecture (VistA) environment. To meet this goal, the PRE project will enhance pharmacy data exchange, as well as clinical documentation capabilities, in a truly integrated fashion to improve operating efficiency and patient safety. Additionally, it will provide a flexible technical environment to adjust to future business conditions and to meet patient needs in the clinical environment. Achieving this goal will enable resolution of current pharmacy issues, improve patient safety, and facilitate long-term process stability.

1.3 DATUP Background

DATUP supports the Medication Order Check Healthcare Application (MOCHA) by performing data source updates. MOCHA conducts order checks using First Databank (FDB) MedKnowledge Framework¹ within the existing VistA pharmacy application. FDB is a data product that provides the latest identification and safety information on medications. Additionally, FDB provides the latest algorithms used to perform order checks. DATUP processes the data updates associated with FDB MedKnowledge Framework. The order checks performed by MOCHA include:

- Drug-Drug Order Check – Check interactions between two or more drugs, including interaction monographs.
- Duplicate Therapy Order Check – Check for duplicated drug classifications between two or more drugs.
- Drug-Dose Order Check – Check minimum and maximum single doses, verify the dosing schedule, and provide the normal dosing range.

¹ At the time of development, this product was known as FDB Drug Information Framework (commonly abbreviated as FDB-DIF). The references to FDB-DIF in this manual are necessary due to previously completed code and instructions that could not be changed to match the new product name.

1.4 Related Documents

A complete list of documents relating to the PRE project and the DATUP development effort can be found in the Glossary and Acronym List (Version 5.0, dated September 26, 2008).

2 Document Overview

The information contained in this National Data Update (DATUP) Installation Guide is specific to DATUP development, which supports the MOCHA component. This section defines the layout of this document and provides an outline of the document structure.

2.1 Document Background

This document details the steps required to install the DATUP software at a national site, the terminology used for the configuration and deployment of the software, and the assumptions for installing the software. Additionally, this document details how to install and configure the database environment. This document accompanies the delivery of the DATUP v3.0.00.0058 software release. The DATUP Version Description Document (Version 1.7) is delivered as a companion document to this Installation Guide. Refer to the Version Description Document for more information on the software inventory and versions used in the DATUP V3.0.00.0058 software release.

2.2 Overview

The following list provides a brief description of the sections included in this document:

- Section 1: Provides introductory material delineating the purpose of the PRE project and the scope of the MOCHA effort
- Section 2: Presents an overview of the layout of the document
- Section 3: Presents the installation instructions for the DATUP. v3.0.00.0058 software release
- Section 4: Details the steps required to perform an installation when an existing version is already deployed.
- Section 5: Presents verification steps to verify that the installation was successful

Text in a `Courier New` font indicates WebLogic Console panels or text, commands, and settings that must be typed, executed, or configured to complete the installation.

(This page included for two-sided copying.)

3 Installation Instructions

The following instructions detail the steps required to perform a *fresh* installation of the DATUP software at a national site. For *upgrade* installation instructions see Section 4. Section 3.1 details the terminology used for the configuration and deployment of the DATUP software. Section 3.2 outlines the assumptions for installing the DATUP software. While the system may be configured to run outside the given assumptions, doing so requires modifications that are not detailed in this document. Section 3.3 describes how to install and configure the DATUP software properly. Finally, Section 3.3 describes how to install and configure the database environment.

In order to understand the installation and verification process, the reader should be familiar with the WebLogic console shown in Figure 3-1. The WebLogic console is a Web page viewable from any Internet browser; however, Internet Explorer, Version 7, is recommended. The WebLogic console is generally divided into two sections. The left section contains the Change Center, Domain Structure, and other informational panels. The right section displays panels containing additional options or configuration details. Note: With the exception of the Change Center and Domain Structure references, further references to WebLogic console panels refer to panels in the right section of the WebLogic console.

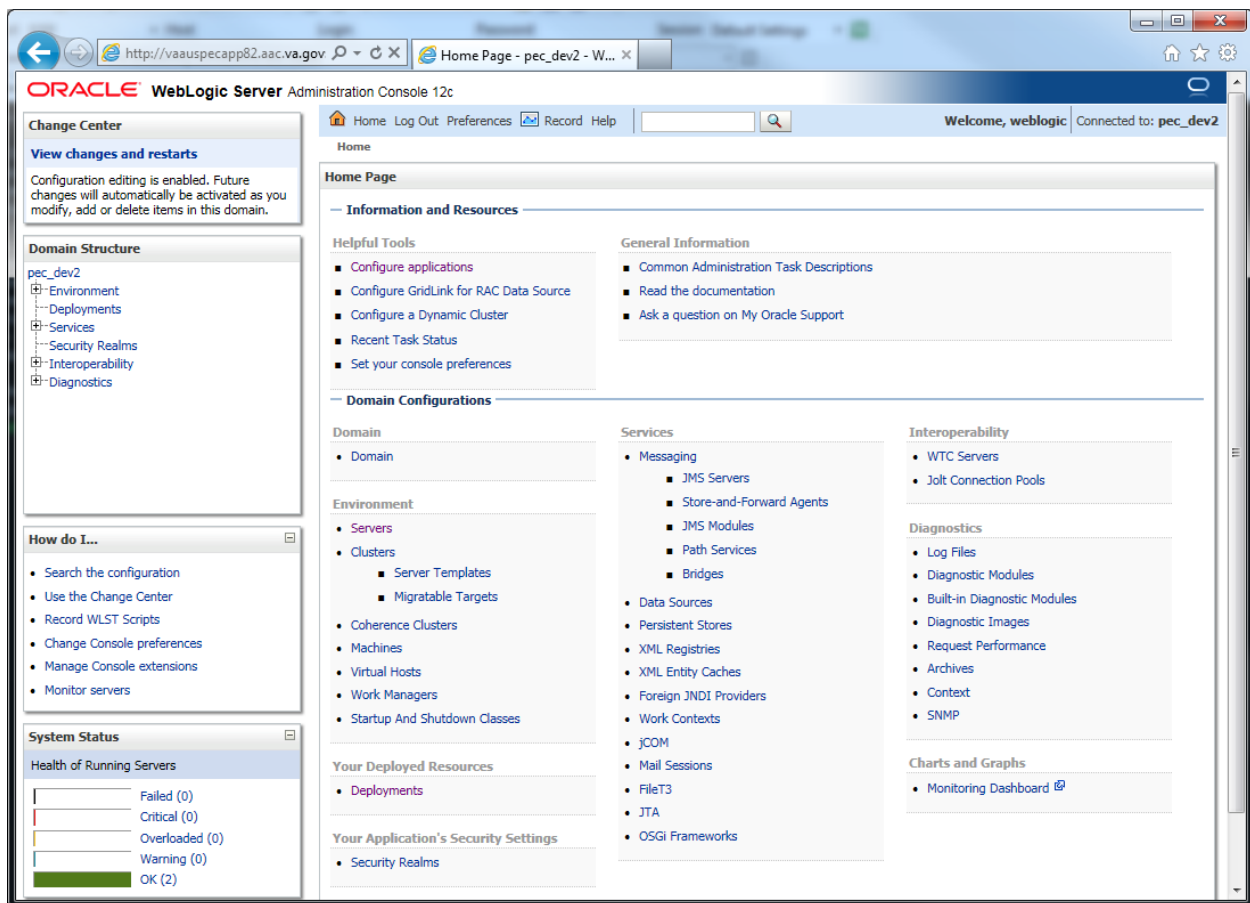


Figure 3-1. WebLogic Console

3.1 Terminology

In an effort to make these installation instructions as general as possible for installation at any site, a few terms are used throughout the instructions with the intent that they be replaced with site-specific values.

Table 3-1 contains a list of those terms used only within this document as well as sample site-specific values for each term. Additionally, references to the DATUP-N server may be replaced with the site-specific name of the destination server at the installation site.

Table 3-1. Terminology

Term	Definition	Sample
Database Server	Machine on which Oracle is installed and runs	DATUP-N-DB
Deployment Machine	Site-specific machine on which WebLogic is installed and runs	DATUP-N
Deployment Server	WebLogic managed server where DATUP is deployed	National_DATUP
Deployment Server Port	Port on which the Deployment Server is listening	8010
Deployment Server's class path directory	Folder location on the Deployment Server where libraries on the class path are located (see WebLogic documentation for instructions on setting a WebLogic managed server's class path)	/u01/app/Oracle_Home/wlserver/server/lib
Java Database Connectivity (JDBC) Universal Resource Locator (URL)	URL to connect to Oracle database	jdbc:Oracle://DATUP-N-db:1972/FDB_DIF

3.2 Assumptions

The installation instructions found within this guide are intended to be performed on a clean installation of WebLogic 12.1.1, with a separate managed server to act as the Deployment Server. For details on completing the installation of the following items, please refer to each item's installation and configuration documentation supplied by Oracle.

For successful deployment of the DATUP software at a national site, the following assumptions must be met:

- The Deployment Server is configured and running.
- WebLogic is configured to run with the Java™ Standard Edition Development Kit, Version 1.7+.
- Access to the WebLogic console is by means of any valid administrative user name and password.
- The proper Oracle database driver libraries for the chosen deployment environment are present on the class path for the respective Deployment Servers.
- Red Hat Enterprise Linux 6.x operating system is properly installed.
- Domain Name Server (DNS) resolution is configured for the DATUP server.
- The installation instructions are followed in the order that the sections are presented within this Installation Guide.
- FDB-DIF v3.3 database is installed on the Database Server. Installation instructions are provided in FDB-DIF Installation/Migration guide. Contact the PRE Configuration Manager who should be identified on the project's Technical Services Project Repository (TSPR) site for a copy of the guide and installations/migration scripts.

3.3 Database Installation and Configuration

The following sections describe the operating system and software for the DATUP database tier installation and configuration. Initially, install and configure the operating system software according to the manufacturer's specifications. Then configure the Oracle databases as specified in the following sections for DATUP to function properly.

3.3.1 Oracle Database

The DATUP database is designed to be operating system independent. The only constraint is that Oracle 11g Enterprise Edition – Production must be properly installed and configured. The following sections describe the installation, features, user creation, and configuration for the Oracle database.

For successful deployment of the DATUP v3.0.00.0058 application on the National DATUP instance, the FDB-DIF v3.3 database must be installed. Installation instructions are provided in FDB-DIF Installation/Migration guide. Contact the PRE Configuration Manager who should be identified on the project's Technical Services Project Repository (TSPR) site for a copy of the guide and installations/migration scripts.

3.3.2 Oracle Installation

A proper installation of the Oracle Relational Database Management System (RDBMS) is one in which the Oracle Universal Installer was used to perform an error-free installation and a general purpose instance was created. A properly configured Oracle RDBMS is one in which the associated Oracle application development and configuration tools, namely SQL*Plus and Oracle Enterprise Manager, can be used to connect to the instance through Transparent Network Substrate alias.

Oracle Database Parameters

The following Oracle database parameters are recommended for the DATUP application:

- NLS language = American
- NLS territory = America
- Character set = WE8ISO8859P1

3.3.3 Oracle Schema Creation for DATUP

Following are the steps needed to setup the DATUP schema on a national instance. Additionally, an example session is provided in **Oracle Installation.txt** detailing the commands issued, sequence performed, and expected results at each step. This file and the SQL scripts needed to create the DATUP schema are provided in the database/oracle_scripts.zip file. The following table provides a summary of each step that will be detailed below:

Table 3-2: Summary of Steps for Creating Oracle Schema

Step	Brief Description	Script File	User to Run Script File
1	Create tablespace and schema owner	1_CreateDatupSchema.sql	SYSTEM
2	Create schema objects	2_CreateDatupTables.sql	DATUP
3	Create application user	3_CreateDatupAppUser.sql	SYSTEM

Step 1 – Create Tablespace and Schema Owner

Prior to creation of the schema, logical and physical environment structures must be setup for storage of the schema database objects: tablespaces and data files. For the DATUP schema one tablespace must be created, DATUP. The default scripted DATUP tablespace path is `/home/oracle/datup.dbf`, which may be changed in the `1_CreateDatupSchema.sql` script to match the installation environment prior to execution. This script also creates the schema owner DATUP as described below:

- DATUP – Owner of the DATUP schema. The default scripted password is “DATUP”, which may be changed in the `1_CreateDatupSchema.sql` script prior to installation. The script should be loaded as SYSTEM, or a user with account creation privileges.

Step by Step Commands

1. Open a text editor and open the `1_CreateDatupSchema.sql` script. Replace `/home/oracle` with the data file directory. The directory entered should already exist on the database server.
2. Login to the SQL client using a database account that has SYSDBA privileges (SYSTEM).
3. Execute the “`1_CreateDatupSchema.sql`” script.
4. Check for errors.

Step 2 – Create Schema Objects

Once the storage structures and schema have been created, execute the script `2_CreateDatupTables.sql` to create the DATUP tables, sequences, triggers, and indices. The script should be executed as DATUP, the schema owner.

Step by Step Commands

1. Login to the SQL client using the DATUP user account.
2. Execute the “`2_CreateDatupTables.sql`” script.
3. Check for errors.

Step 3 – Create Application User

Once the schema objects have been established, create the required DATUP application user by executing the script `3_CreateDatupAppUser.sql`.

- `DATUP_APP_USER` – Application user with read/update/delete access granted to the tables in the DATUP schema. The default scripted password is “`DATUP_APP_USER`”, which may be changed in the `3_CreateDatupAppUser.sql` script prior to installation. The script should be loaded as SYSTEM, or a user with account creation privileges. The chosen `DATUP_APP_USER` password must match the password used to configure the JDBC data sources in Section 3.4.4.

Step by Step Commands

1. Login to the SQL client using a database account that has SYSDBA privileges (SYSTEM).
2. Execute the “`3_CreateDatupAppUser.sql`” script.
3. Check for errors.

3.3.4 Oracle Configuration and Data Load

The DATUP Oracle Database is the primary data repository for the DATUP application on the National DATUP instance. The database should be installed and configured appropriately for the DATUP operating environment.

The initial data load of VA Local Site data must be loaded for the national DATUP instance to function. The data can be loaded with the SQL Loader scripts provided in the `database/oracle_scripts.zip` file. The `Sites.ctl` file describes the data and the `Sites.csv` file contains the comma-delimited Site records. The data should be loaded as `DATUP_APP_USER`. Execute the following steps to load the DATUP schema:

Step by Step Commands

1. Ensure the `Sites.ctl` file is in the current directory.
2. Type the following command from the Linux command prompt to invoke SQL Loader:
`$sqlldr datup_app_user/datup_app_user@ORACLE control= Sites.ctl`
3. Check for errors.

The DATUP database will need to be updated if a new local site has been brought online since the original DATUP delivery date of March 17, 2010 and is not included in the `Sites.csv` spreadsheet. To update the `Site` table, login to the database as user `DATUP_APP_USER`. A new row must be added to

the `Site` table for each local site added since the system was first brought online. The site table contains three columns, a unique `SITE_ID`, a descriptive `SITE_NAME`, and the Veterans Integrated Service Network (VISN) `VISN` number. To update this table, execute a statement such as `INSERT INTO SITE VALUES (999, 'Example Medical Center', 23)` for each new site brought online.

3.4 WebLogic Installation Instructions

The following sections detail the steps required to configure and deploy DATUP onto WebLogic at a national site.

3.4.1 Class Path

The national DATUP Enterprise Application Archive (EAR) file contains all the required libraries for the proper functioning of the application. If any other applications have been deployed to the Deployment Server, there may be conflicting third-party libraries in the Deployment Server's class path that will cause DATUP to operate differently than expected. If versions on the Deployment Server's class path differ from those defined in the DATUP Version Description Document (Version 3.0.00.0058, dated March, 2016), the preferred solution is to remove the library from the Deployment Server's class path. If that is not possible, replace the libraries with the DATUP versions.

3.4.2 WebLogic Server Startup Configuration

DATUP requires additional arguments added to the WebLogic Server's Server Start properties. This section details the steps to add the arguments to the server

1. Open and log into the WebLogic console, using an administrative user name and password. The WebLogic console is located at: `http://<Deployment Machine>:7001/console`.
2. Within the `Domain Structure` panel found in the left column of the WebLogic console, click on the `Services > JDBC > Data Sources` node. For reference, see Figure 3-2.



Figure 3-2. Domain Structure

3. Within the `Change Center` panel found in the left column of the WebLogic console, click `Lock & Edit`. For reference, see Figure 3-3.

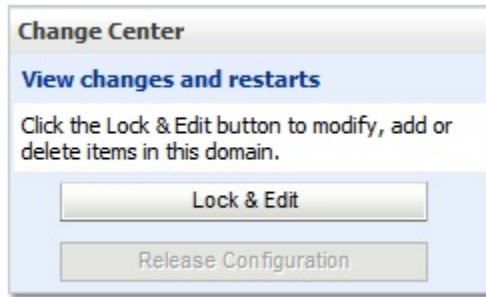


Figure 3-3. Change Center

4. Click on the server name corresponding to the deployment server in the Summary of Servers panel found in the right column of the WebLogic console. For reference, see Figure 3-4.

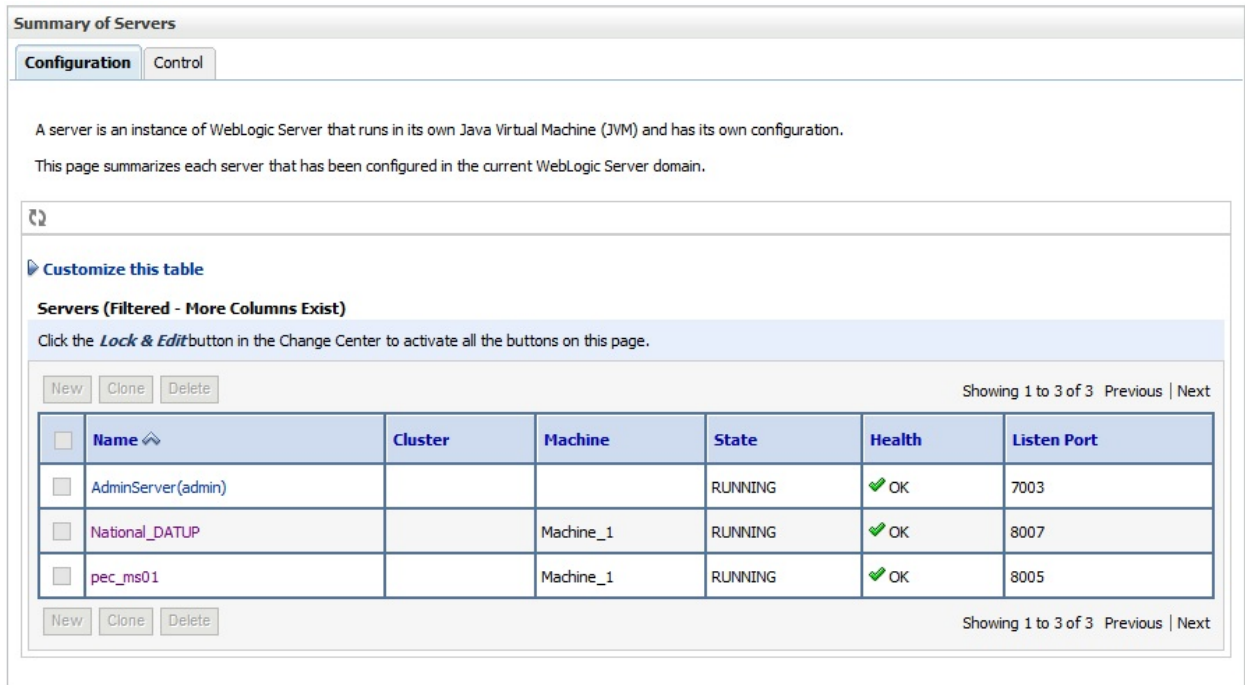


Figure 3-4. Summary of Servers

- WebLogic will now display the panel `Settings` for `Deployment Server` in the right column of the console, where configuration of the `Deployment Server` are set. For reference, see Figure 3-5.

The screenshot shows the 'Settings for National_DATUP' configuration page. At the top, there are several tabs: Configuration, Protocols, Logging, Debug, Monitoring, Control, Deployments, Services, Security, and Notes. Below these, there are more specific tabs: General, Cluster, Services, Keystores, SSL, Federation Services, Deployment, Migration, Tuning, Overload, Health Monitoring, and Server Start. The 'General' tab is selected. Below the tabs, there is a 'Web Services' section. A blue banner contains the text: 'Click the **Lock & Edit** button in the Change Center to modify the settings on this page.' Below this is a 'Save' button. A message states: 'Use this page to configure general features of this server such as default network communications.' There is a link for 'View JNDI Tree'. The main configuration area consists of several rows, each with a label, a value, and a description with a 'More Info...' link. The rows are: Name: National_DATUP; Machine: Machine_1; Cluster: (Standalone); Listen Address: (empty field); Listen Port Enabled: checked; Listen Port: 8007.

Name:	National_DATUP	An alphanumeric name for this server instance. More Info...
Machine:	Machine_1	The WebLogic Server host computer (machine) on which this server is meant to run. More info...
Cluster:	(Standalone)	The cluster, or group of WebLogic Server instances, to which this server belongs. More Info...
Listen Address:	<input type="text"/>	The IP address or DNS name this server uses to listen for incoming connections. More Info...
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Listen Port Enabled		Specifies whether this server can be reached through the default plain-text (non-SSL) listen port. More Info...
Listen Port:	<input type="text" value="8007"/>	The default TCP port that this server uses to listen for regular (non-SSL) incoming connections. More Info...

Figure 3-5. Settings for Deployment Server

- Click on the `Server Start` tab.

- WebLogic will now display the panel **Server Start** tab in the Settings for Deployment Server in the right column of the console, where configuration of the Deployment Server is set. For reference, see Figure 3-6.

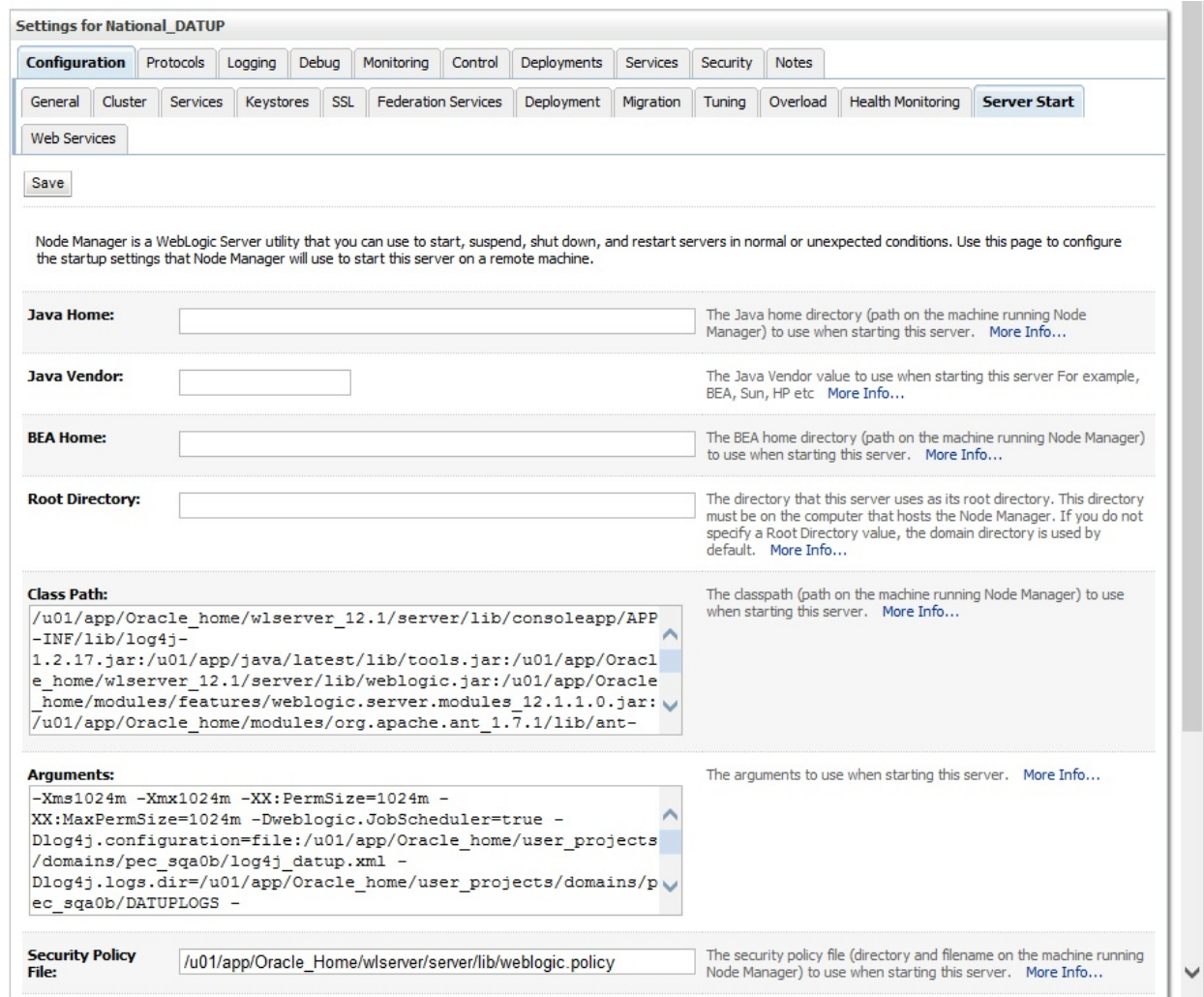


Figure 3-6. Server Start Tab

- Insert the following text in the Arguments box:

```
-Xms1024m
-Xmx1024m
-XX:PermSize=1024m
-XX:MaxPermSize=1024m
-Dweblogic.JobScheduler=true
```

Also add arguments for Log4j file and other Log files. (for reference, see the examples below, modify path per your server configuration) :-

```
-Dlog4j.configuration=file:/u01/app/Oracle/domains/PECS/log4j_datup.xml
```

```
-Dlog4j.logs.dir=/u01/app/Oracle/domains/PECS/DATUPLogs
```

-

```
Dpeps.datup.configuration=:/u01/app/Oracle/domains/PECS/fdb_datup_configuration.properties
```

9. Click the Save Button
10. Within the Change Center panel in the left column of the WebLogic console, click Activate Changes. For reference, see Figure 3-7.

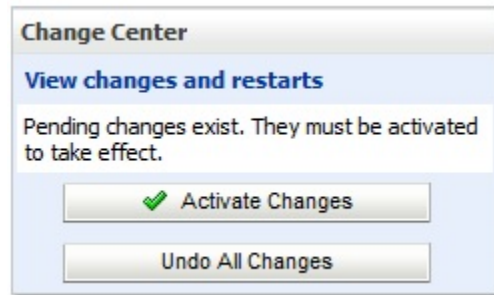


Figure 3-7. Activate Changes

3.4.3 National FDB-DIF Data Source Configuration

DATUP uses two database connections by means of a data source to FDB-DIF in order to perform FDB updates. Complete the following steps to create a new connection pool and data source for FDB-DIF.

1. Open and log into the WebLogic console, using an administrative user name and password. The WebLogic console is located at: <http://<Deployment Machine>:7001/console>.
2. Within the Domain Structure panel found in the left column of the WebLogic console, click on the Services > JDBC > Data Sources node. For reference, see Figure 3-8.

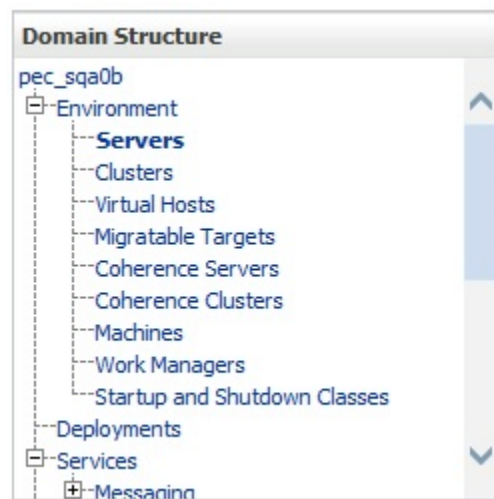


Figure 3-8. Domain Structure

3. Within the Change Center panel found in the left column of the WebLogic console, click Lock & Edit. For reference, see Figure 3-9.

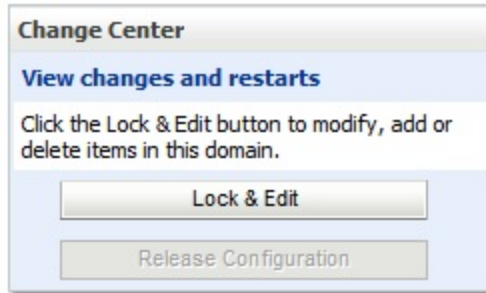


Figure 3-9. Change Center

4. Click New – Generic Data Source found in the Summary of JDBC Data Sources panel found in the right column of the WebLogic console. For reference, see Figure 3-10.

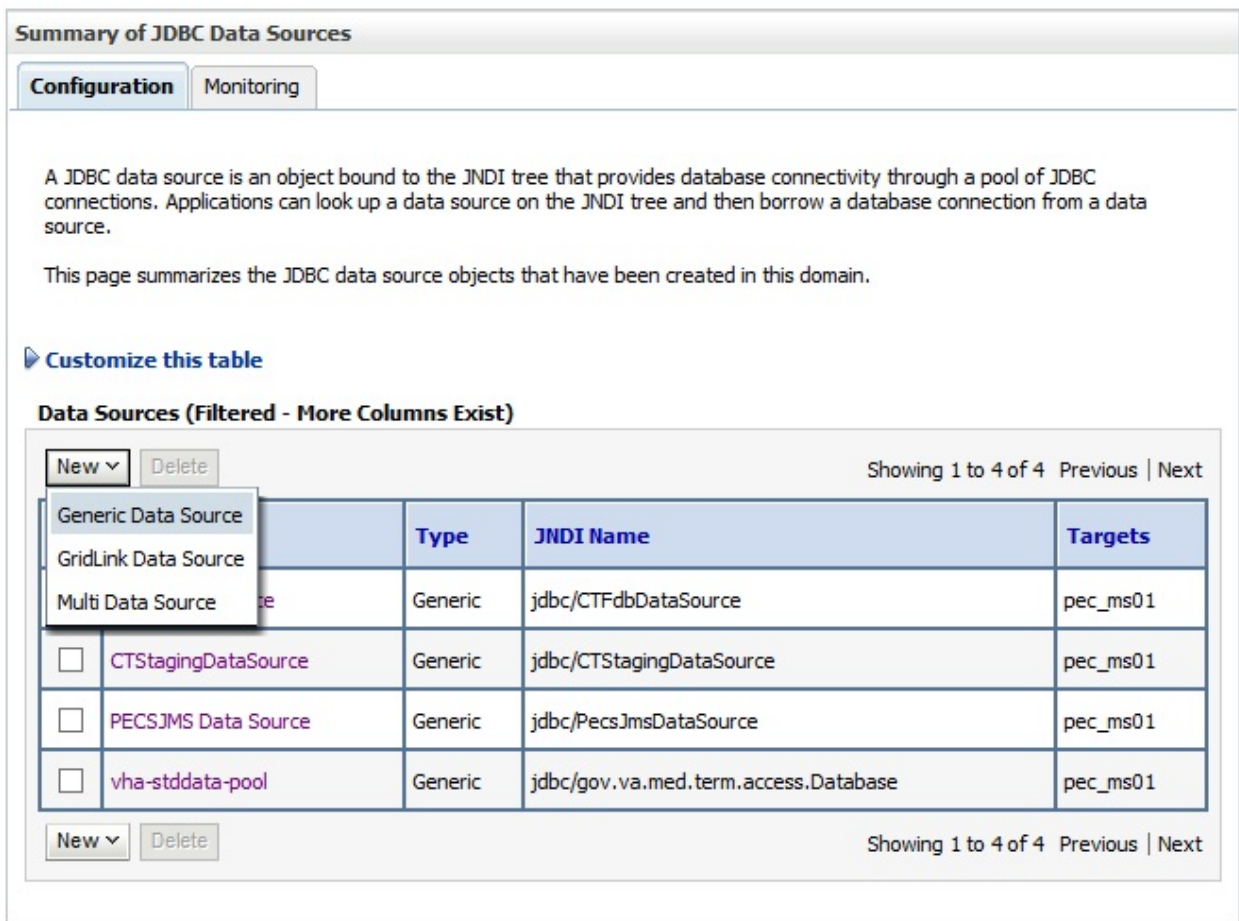


Figure 3-10. Summary of JDBC Data Sources

5. WebLogic will now display the panel **Create a New JDBC Data Source** in the right column of the console, where details of the new data source are set. For reference, see Figure 3-11.

Create a New JDBC Data Source

Back Next Finish Cancel

JDBC Data Source Properties

The following properties will be used to identify your new JDBC data source.

* Indicates required fields

What would you like to name your new JDBC data source?

Name:

What JNDI name would you like to assign to your new JDBC Data Source?

JNDI Name:

What database type would you like to select?

Database Type:

Back Next Finish Cancel

Figure 3-11. JDBC Data Source Properties

6. For the Name, type FDB-DIF.
7. For the JNDI Name, type datasource/FDB-DIF.
8. For the Database Type, select Oracle.
9. Click Next.
10. For the Database Driver, verify that Oracle's Driver (Thin) for Instance Connections; Versions:9.0.1 and later is selected.
11. Click Next.

12. WebLogic will now display the panel `Transaction Options` in the right column of the console, where the transaction attributes for this data source are set. For reference, see Figure 3-12.

Create a New JDBC Data Source

Back Next Finish Cancel

Transaction Options

You have selected non-XA JDBC driver to create database connection in your new data source.

Does this data source support global transactions? If yes, please choose the transaction protocol for this data source.

Supports Global Transactions

Select this option if you want to enable non-XA JDBC connections from the data source to participate in global transactions using the *Logging Last Resource* (LLR) transaction optimization. Recommended in place of Emulate Two-Phase Commit.

Logging Last Resource

Select this option if you want to enable non-XA JDBC connections from the data source to emulate participation in global transactions using JTA. Select this option only if your application can tolerate heuristic conditions.

Emulate Two-Phase Commit

Select this option if you want to enable non-XA JDBC connections from the data source to participate in global transactions using the one-phase commit transaction processing. With this option, no other resources can participate in the global transaction.

One-Phase Commit

Back Next Finish Cancel

Figure 3-12. Transaction Options

13. Select the `Emulate Two-Phase Commit` radio button.
14. Click `Next`.

15. WebLogic will now display the panel `Connection Properties` in the right column of the console, where the connection pool attributes are set. For reference, see Figure 3-13.

The screenshot shows a wizard window titled "Create a New JDBC Data Source". At the top, there are four buttons: "Back", "Next", "Finish", and "Cancel". Below this is the "Connection Properties" section, which includes the instruction "Define Connection Properties." and a question: "What is the name of the database you would like to connect to?". The "Database Name:" field contains the text "PECS". The next question is "What is the name or IP address of the database server?". The "Host Name:" field contains "vaauspecapp80.aac.va.gov". The third question is "What is the port on the database server used to connect to the database?". The "Port:" field contains "1521". The fourth question is "What database account user name do you want to use to create database connections?". The "Database User Name:" field contains "fdb_dif". The fifth question is "What is the database account password to use to create database connections?". There are two password fields, "Password:" and "Confirm Password:", both containing masked characters (dots). At the bottom of the wizard, there are four buttons: "Back", "Next", "Finish", and "Cancel".

Figure 3-13. Connection Properties

16. For `Database Name`, type the name of the Oracle database to which DATUP will connect. For example, `PECS`.
17. For `Host Name`, type the name of the machine on which Oracle is running. For example, `vaauspecapp80.aac.va.gov`.
18. For `Port`, type the port on which Oracle is listening. For example, `1521`.
19. For `Database User Name`, type the user to connect to the FDB database. For example, `FDB-DIF`. The user entered should be the same as configured in Section 3.3.4
20. For `Password` and `Confirm Password`, type the password for the user given previously.
21. Click `Next`.

WebLogic will now display the panel `Test Database Connection` in the right column of the console, where the new data source can be tested. For reference, see Figure 3-14.

Password: [Masked]

Confirm Password: [Masked]

What are the properties to pass to the JDBC driver when creating database connections?

Properties:

```
user=fdb_dif
```

The set of driver properties whose values are derived at runtime from the named system property.

System Properties:

What table name or SQL statement would you like to use to test database connections?

Test Table Name:

```
fdb_version
```

Figure 3-14. Test Database Connection

22. Leave all values as set by default, with the exception of `Test Table Name`. For this attribute, type `fdb_version`.
23. Click `Next`.
24. WebLogic will now display the panel `Select Targets` in the right column of the console, where the target server is selected for the new data source. For reference, see Figure 3-15.

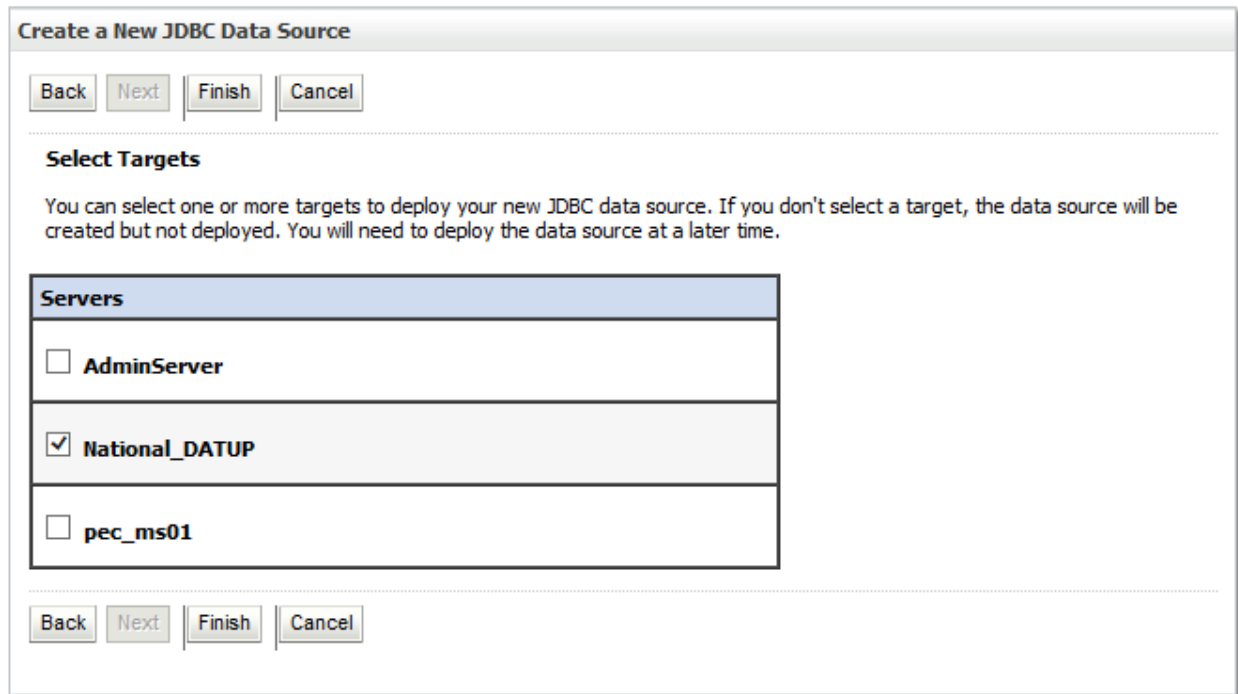


Figure 3-15. Select Targets

25. Select the Deployment Server as the target. For example, `National_DATUP`.
26. Click `Finish`.
27. Click `Activate Changes`.
28. WebLogic will now display the panel `Summary of JDBC Data Sources` in the right column of the console, where the newly created data source is displayed. For reference, see Figure 3-16.

Summary of JDBC Data Sources

Configuration | Monitoring

A JDBC data source is an object bound to the JNDI tree that provides database connectivity through a pool of JDBC connections. Applications can look up a data source on the JNDI tree and then borrow a database connection from a data source.

This page summarizes the JDBC data source objects that have been created in this domain.

[Customize this table](#)

Data Sources (Filtered - More Columns Exist)

New ▾ Delete Showing 1 to 5 of 5 Previous | Next

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name ↕	Type	JNDI Name	Targets
<input type="checkbox"/>	CTFdbDataSource	Generic	jdbc/CTFdbDataSource	pec_ms01
<input type="checkbox"/>	CTStagingDataSource	Generic	jdbc/CTStagingDataSource	pec_ms01
<input type="checkbox"/>	FDB-DIF	Generic	datasource/FDB-DIF	National_DATUP
<input type="checkbox"/>	vha-stddata-pool	Generic	jdbc/gov.va.med.term.access.Database	pec_ms01

New ▾ Delete Showing 1 to 5 of 5 Previous | Next

Figure 3-16. Summary of JDBC Data Sources

3.4.4 National JDBC DATUP Data Source Configuration

DATUP uses two database connections by means of a data source to perform the automated DATUP update process. Complete the following steps to create a new connection pool and data source for MedKnowledge Framework.

1. Open and log into the WebLogic console, using an administrative user name and password. The WebLogic console is located at: `http://<Deployment Machine>:7001/console`.
2. Within the Domain Structure panel found in the left column of the WebLogic console, click on the `Services > JDBC > Data Sources` node. For reference, see Figure 3-18.

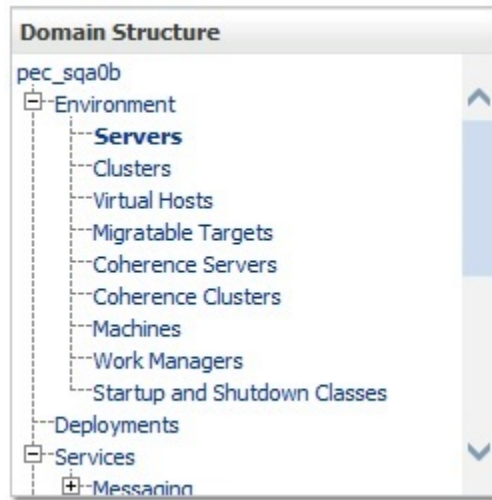


Figure 3-17. Domain Structure

3. Within the Change Center panel found in the left column of the WebLogic console, click `Lock & Edit`. For reference, see Figure 3-19.

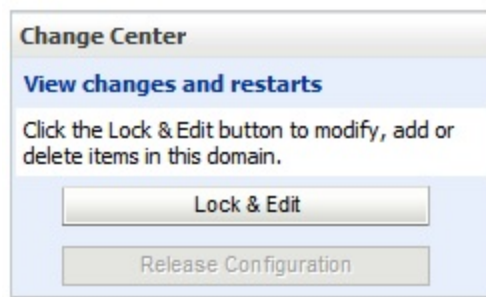


Figure 3-18. Change Center

4. Click `New - Generic Datasource` found in the `Summary of JDBC Data Sources` panel found in the right column of the WebLogic console. For reference, see Figure 3-20.

Summary of JDBC Data Sources

Configuration | Monitoring

A JDBC data source is an object bound to the JNDI tree that provides database connectivity through a pool of JDBC connections. Applications can look up a data source on the JNDI tree and then borrow a database connection from a data source.

This page summarizes the JDBC data source objects that have been created in this domain.

[Customize this table](#)

Data Sources (Filtered - More Columns Exist)

New ▾ Delete Showing 1 to 5 of 5 Previous | Next

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name ↕	Type	JNDI Name	Targets
<input type="checkbox"/>	CTFdbDataSource	Generic	jdbc/CTFdbDataSource	pec_ms01
<input type="checkbox"/>	CTStagingDataSource	Generic	jdbc/CTStagingDataSource	pec_ms01
<input type="checkbox"/>	FDB-DIF	Generic	datasource/FDB-DIF	National_DATUP
<input type="checkbox"/>	vha-stddata-pool	Generic	jdbc/gov.va.med.term.access.Database	pec_ms01

New ▾ Delete Showing 1 to 5 of 5 Previous | Next

Figure 3-19. Summary of JDBC Data Sources

5. WebLogic will now display the panel **Create a New JDBC Data Source** in the right column of the console, where details of the new data source are set. For reference, see Figure 3-21.

Create a New JDBC Data Source

Back Next Finish Cancel

JDBC Data Source Properties

The following properties will be used to identify your new JDBC data source.
* Indicates required fields

What would you like to name your new JDBC data source?

Name:

What JNDI name would you like to assign to your new JDBC Data Source?

JNDI Name:

What database type would you like to select?

Database Type:

Back Next Finish Cancel

Figure 3-20. JDBC Data Source Properties

6. For the Name, type DATUP.
7. For the JNDI Name, type datasource/DATUP.
8. For the Database Type, select Oracle.
9. Click Next.
10. For the Database Driver, verify that Oracle's Driver (Thin) for Instance connections; Versions: 9.0.1 and later is selected.
11. Click Next.
12. WebLogic will now display the panel **Transaction Options** in the right column of the console, where the transaction attributes for this data source are set. For reference, see Figure 3-22.

Create a New JDBC Data Source

Back Next Finish Cancel

Transaction Options

You have selected non-XA JDBC driver to create database connection in your new data source.

Does this data source support global transactions? If yes, please choose the transaction protocol for this data source.

Supports Global Transactions

Select this option if you want to enable non-XA JDBC connections from the data source to participate in global transactions using the *Logging Last Resource* (LLR) transaction optimization. Recommended in place of Emulate Two-Phase Commit.

Logging Last Resource

Select this option if you want to enable non-XA JDBC connections from the data source to emulate participation in global transactions using JTA. Select this option only if your application can tolerate heuristic conditions.

Emulate Two-Phase Commit

Select this option if you want to enable non-XA JDBC connections from the data source to participate in global transactions using the one-phase commit transaction processing. With this option, no other resources can participate in the global transaction.

One-Phase Commit

Back Next Finish Cancel

Figure 3-21. Transaction Options

13. Select the `Emulate Two-Phase Commit` radio button
14. Click `Next`.

15. WebLogic will now display the panel `Connection Properties` in the right column of the console, where the connection pool attributes are set. For reference, see Figure 3-23.

Create a New JDBC Data Source

Back Next Finish Cancel

Connection Properties
Define Connection Properties.

What is the name of the database you would like to connect to?

Database Name: PECS

What is the name or IP address of the database server?

Host Name: vaauspecapp80.aac.va.gov

What is the port on the database server used to connect to the database?

Port: 1521

What database account user name do you want to use to create database connections?

Database User Name: datup

What is the database account password to use to create database connections?

Password: ●●●●●●●●

Confirm Password: ●●●●●●●●

Back Next Finish Cancel

Figure 3-22. Connection Properties

16. For `Database Name`, type the name of the Oracle database to which DATUP will connect. For example, `PECS`.
17. For `Host Name`, type the name of the machine on which Oracle is running. For example, `vaauspecapp80.aac.va.gov`.
18. For `Port`, type the port on which Oracle is listening. For example, `1521`.
19. For `Database User Name`, type the user to connect to the FDB database. For example, `DATUP`. The user entered should be the same as configured in Section 3.3.3
20. For `Password` and `Confirm Password`, type the password for the user given previously.
21. Click `Next`.

WebLogic will now display the panel `Test Database Connection` in the right column of the console, where the new data source can be tested. For reference, see Figure 3-24.

The screenshot shows a wizard window titled "Create a New JDBC Data Source" with a "Test Database Connection" step. The window contains several sections for configuration and testing:

- Test Database Connection:** A section with instructions to test database availability and connection properties.
- Driver Class Name:** A text field containing "oracle.jdbc.OracleDriver".
- URL:** A text field containing "jdbc:oracle:thin:@vaauspe".
- Database User Name:** A text field containing "datup".
- Password:** A password field with masked characters.
- Confirm Password:** A password field with masked characters.
- Properties:** A text area containing "user=datup".
- System Properties:** An empty text field.
- Test Table Name:** A text area containing "SQL SELECT 1 FROM DUAL".

Navigation buttons at the top and bottom include "Test Configuration", "Back", "Next", "Finish", and "Cancel".

Figure 3-23. Test Database Connection

22. Leave all values as set by default.
23. Click `Next`.
24. WebLogic will now display the panel `Select Targets` in the right column of the console, where the target server is selected for the new data source. For reference, see Figure 3-25.

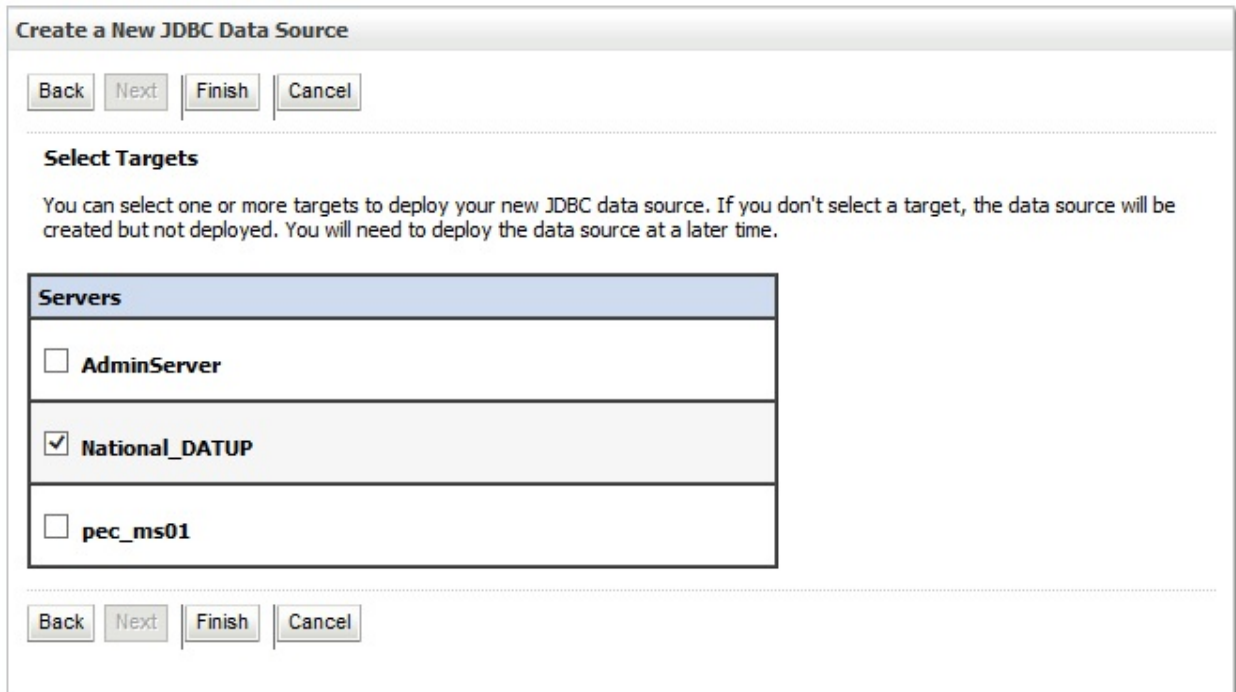


Figure 3-24. Select Targets

25. Select the Deployment Server as the target. For example, `National_DATUP`.
26. Click `Finish`.
27. WebLogic will now display the panel `Summary of JDBC Data Sources` in the right column of the console, where the newly created data source is displayed. For reference, see Figure 3-26.

Summary of JDBC Data Sources

Configuration | Monitoring

A JDBC data source is an object bound to the JNDI tree that provides database connectivity through a pool of JDBC connections. Applications can look up a data source on the JNDI tree and then borrow a database connection from a data source.

This page summarizes the JDBC data source objects that have been created in this domain.

[Customize this table](#)

Data Sources (Filtered - More Columns Exist)

New ▾ Delete

Showing 1 to 6 of 6 Previous | Next

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name ↕	Type	JNDI Name	Targets
<input type="checkbox"/>	CTFdbDataSource	Generic	jdbc/CTFdbDataSource	pec_ms01
<input type="checkbox"/>	CTStagingDataSource	Generic	jdbc/CTStagingDataSource	pec_ms01
<input type="checkbox"/>	DATUP	Generic	datasource/DATUP	National_DATUP
<input type="checkbox"/>	FDB-DIF	Generic	datasource/FDB-DIF	National_DATUP
<input type="checkbox"/>	PECSJMS Data Source	Generic	jdbc/PecsJmsDataSource	pec_ms01
<input type="checkbox"/>	vha-stddata-pool	Generic	jdbc/gov.va.med.term.access.Database	pec_ms01

New ▾ Delete

Showing 1 to 6 of 6 Previous | Next

Figure 3-25. Summary of JDBC Data Sources

28. Within the Change Center panel in the left column of the WebLogic console, click Activate Changes. For reference, see Figure 3-27.

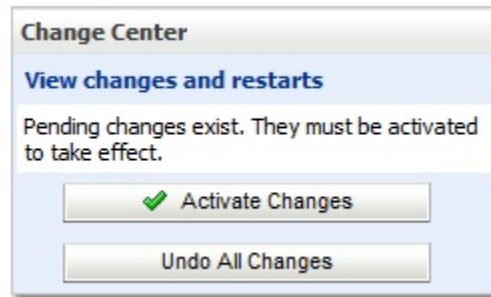


Figure 3-26. Activate Changes

3.4.5 Log4j

DATUP uses Log4j to provide debug and error logs. Although the application will function without Log4j installed, using it can be helpful to troubleshoot potential issues. Because DATUP can operate without Log4j configured, all instructions within this section are only required if debugging deployed code.

To install Log4j, the log4j JAR must be placed on the Deployment Server's class path and the `log4j_datup.xml` must be edited to include the DATUP appenders and loggers. Complete the following instructions to place the Log4j library on the Deployment Server's class path.

1. Copy `log4j-1.2.17.jar` to `server/lib` folder where WebLogic is installed - `/u01/app/Oracle_Home/wlserver/server/lib`, for example. Note: If log4j is already installed, the jar file will already be on the server.
2. Configure WebLogic to include the Log4j library in the Deployment Server's class path. Please refer to the WebLogic documentation provided by BEA for completing this step.
3. Add the follow argument on the Server Start tab of the DATUP Deployment Server. Refer to the steps in section 3.4.2, if necessary: **-Dweblogic.log.Log4jLoggingEnabled=true**
4. Create the log folder defined in the Deployment Server arguments. For example, `/u01/app/Oracle_Home/user_projects/domains/pecs/DATUPLogs`. Without this folder, Log4j will not be able to create the log files specified in the DATUP configuration.
5. Create the `log4j_datup.xml` file that is located in the path specified in the Deployment Server arguments.
6. Configure the `log4j.xml` using Appendix C as a reference.
7. Restart the Deployment Server to load the Log4j configuration.

For further information, reference <http://wiki.apache.org/logging-log4j/Log4jXmlFormat>.

Note: Due to policy constraints, this document cannot support live links. Copy and paste the above URL into your browser.

3.4.6 DATUP Configuration Properties

In order to use the DATUP component, a configuration file must be configured for each WebLogic deployment. The location of this file was configured in Section 3.4.2. This file is self-documenting and contains the list of configurable properties for DATUP. See Appendix A for a sample version and notes on new parameters.

3.4.7 DATUP Cleanup Script

DATUP creates temporary zip files during the update process. Create a cron job to remove /tmp/datup*.zip files once a day.

3.4.8 Deployment

The following steps detail the deployment of the DATUP component. Prior to completing these steps, the WebLogic class path, the WebLogic database configurations, and the Deployment Server must be restarted to load the changed configuration. Please refer to Sections 3.4.1 and 3.4.3 for instructions concerning these configuration items. Complete the following steps to deploy DATUP:

1. Open and log into the WebLogic console. This is located at: `http://<Deployment Machine>:7001/console`.
2. Within the `Domain Structure` panel in the left column of the WebLogic console, click the `Deployments` node. For reference, see Figure 3-79.

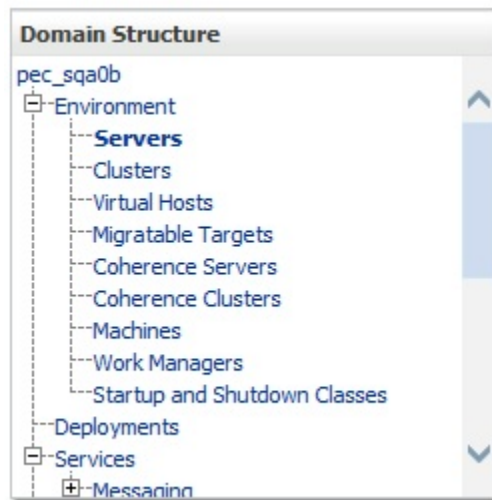


Figure 3-27. Domain Structure

3. Within the Change Center panel in the left column of the WebLogic console, click Lock & Edit. For reference, see Figure 3-80.

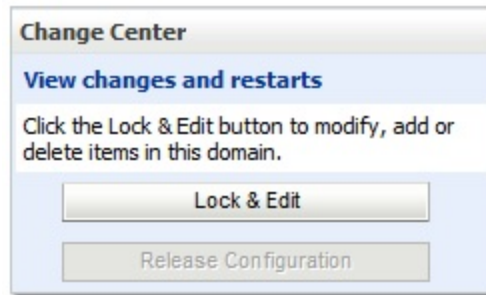


Figure 3-28. Change Center

4. Click Install found in the Deployments panel in the right column of the WebLogic console. For reference, see Figure 3-81.

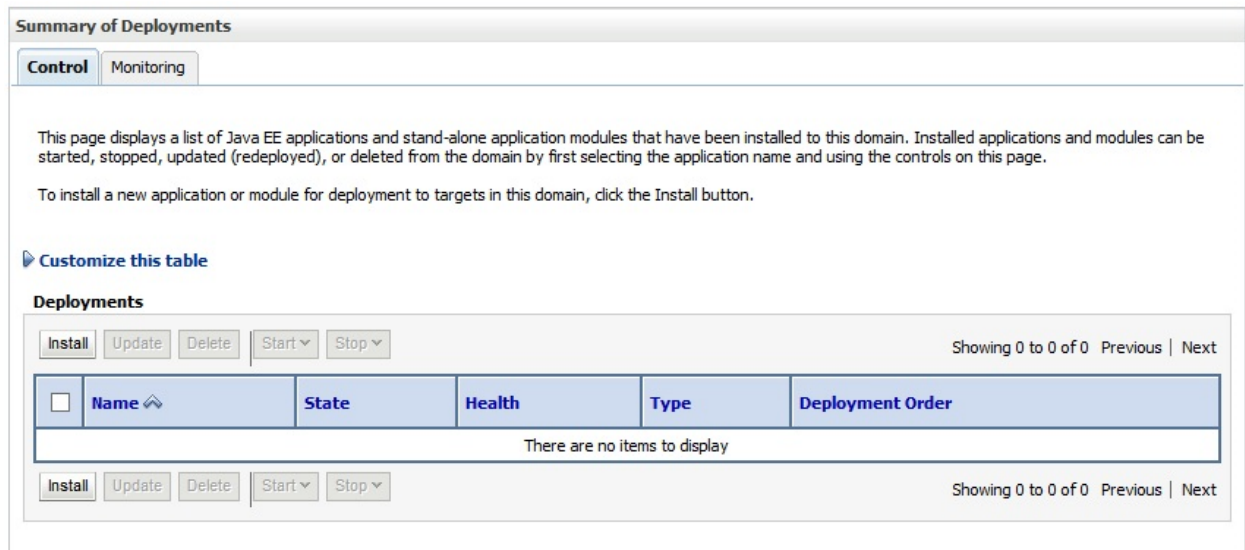


Figure 3-29. Deployments

- WebLogic will now display the panel `Install Application Assistant` in the right column of the console, where the location of the DATUP deployment will be found. For reference, see Figure 3-82.

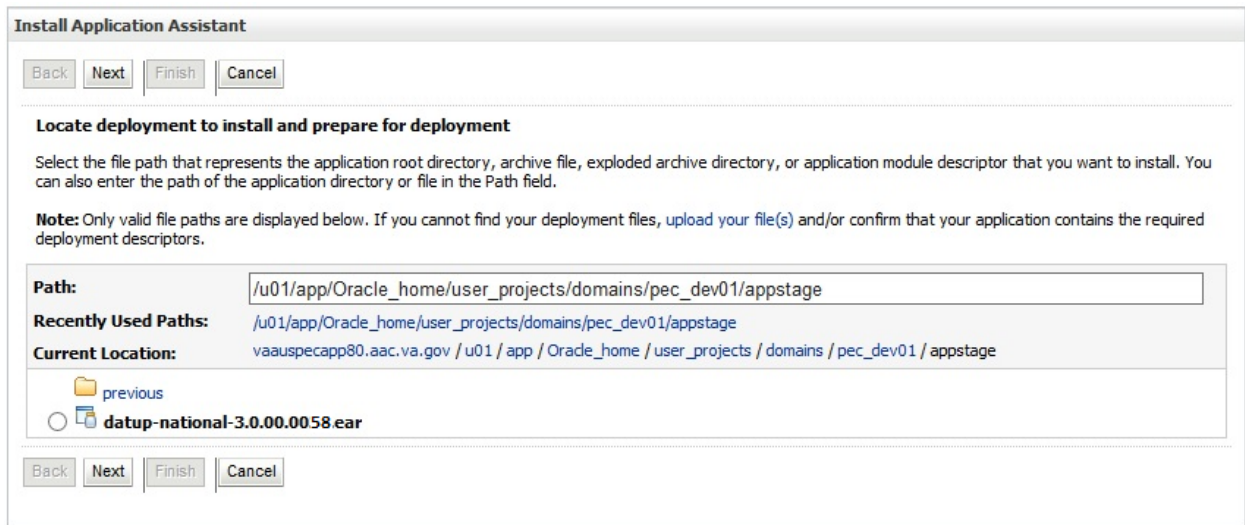


Figure 3-30. Install Application Assistant

- Navigate to the deployment file location using the links and file structure displayed within the Location panel within the `Install Application Assistant` in the right column of the console, and select the DATUP deployment, select the `datup-national-3.0.00.0032.ear` file. (Replace the release number for the current release.)

For reference, see Figure 3-83.

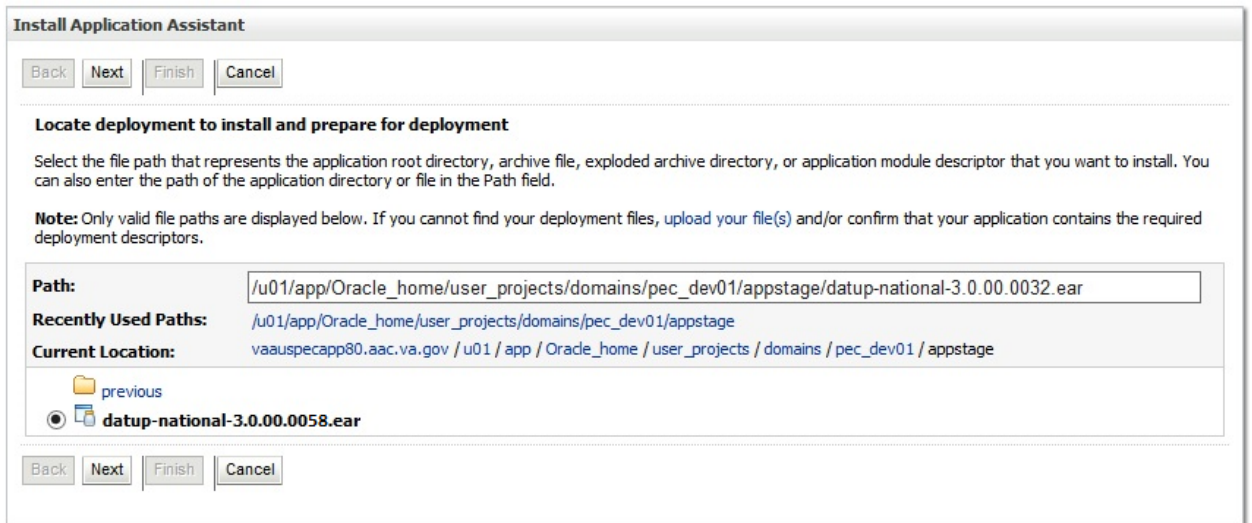


Figure 3-31. Locate Deployment to Install and Prepare for Deployment

- Once the DATUP deployment is located and selected, click `Next`.

- WebLogic will now display the panel `Choose targeting style` within the `Install Application Assistant` in the right column of the console. Leave the default value selected, `Install this deployment as an application`, and click `Next`. For reference, see Figure 3-85.

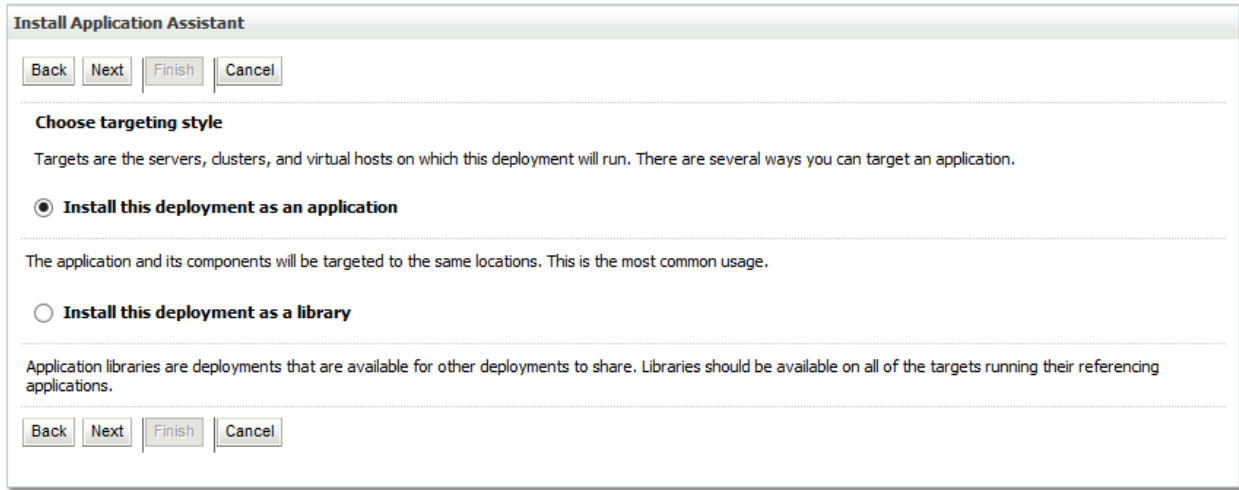


Figure 3-32. Choose Targeting Style

- Within the `Install Application Assistant` in the right column of the console, WebLogic will now display the panel `Select deployment targets`, where the `Deployment Server` will be selected as the target in the next step. For reference, see Figure 3-86.

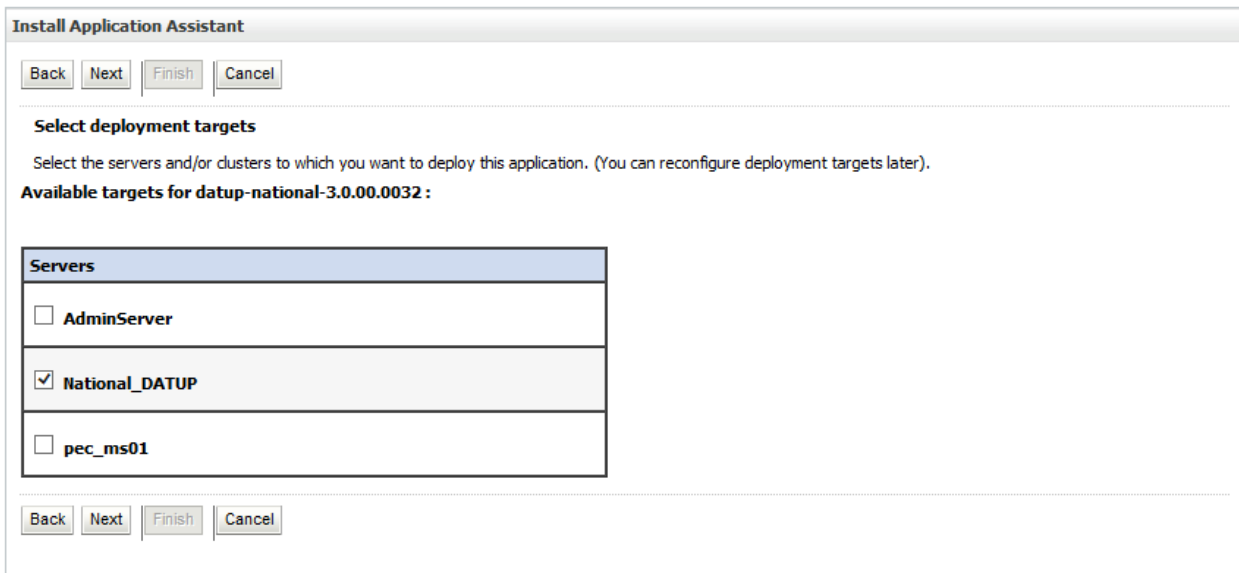


Figure 3-33. Select Deployment Targets

- For the `Target`, select the `Deployment Server`. For example, `NationalPharmacyServer`
- Click `Next`.

12. Within the Install Application Assistant, WebLogic will now display the panel **Optional Settings** in the right column of the console, where the name of the deployment and the copy behavior are chosen. For reference, see Figure 3-87.

Install Application Assistant

Back Next Finish Cancel

Optional Settings

You can modify these settings or accept the defaults

General

What do you want to name this deployment?

Name:

Security

What security model do you want to use with this application?

DD Only: Use only roles and policies that are defined in the deployment descriptors.

Custom Roles: Use roles that are defined in the Administration Console; use policies that are defined in the deployment descriptor.

Custom Roles and Policies: Use only roles and policies that are defined in the Administration Console.

Advanced: Use a custom model that you have configured on the realm's configuration page.

Source accessibility

How should the source files be made accessible?

Use the defaults defined by the deployment's targets

Recommended selection.

Copy this application onto every target for me

During deployment, the files will be copied automatically to the managed servers to which the application is targeted.

I will make the deployment accessible from the following location

Figure 3-34. Optional Settings

13. Enter the Name for the deployment. For example, DATUP.
14. Verify that the following default option for Security is selected:
DD Only: Use only roles and policies that are defined in the deployment descriptors.
15. Verify that the following default option for Source accessibility is selected:
Use the defaults defined by the deployment's targets.
16. Click Next.
17. Within the Install Application Assistant in the right column of the console WebLogic will now display the panel Review your choices and click Finish, which summarizes the steps completed above. For reference, see Figure 3-88.

Install Application Assistant

Back Next **Finish** Cancel

Review your choices and click Finish

Click Finish to complete the deployment. This may take a few moments to complete.

Additional configuration

In order to work successfully, this application may require additional configuration. Do you want to review this application's configuration after completing this assistant?

Yes, take me to the deployment's configuration screen.

No, I will review the configuration later.

Summary

Deployment: /u01/app/Oracle_home/user_projects/domains/pec_dev01/appstage/datup-national-3.0.00.0032.ear

Name: datup-national-3.0.00.0058

Staging mode: Use the defaults defined by the chosen targets

Security Model: DDOnly: Use only roles and policies that are defined in the deployment descriptors.

Target Summary

Components	Targets
datup-national-3.0.00.0058.ear	National_DATUP

Back Next **Finish** Cancel

Figure 3-35. Review Your Choices and Click Finish

18. Verify that the values match those entered in Steps 1 through 17 and click **Finish**.

- WebLogic will now display the panel `Settings` for `DATUP`, in the right column of the console, where the values previously entered are available as well as a setting to change the deployment order. For reference, see Figure 3-89.

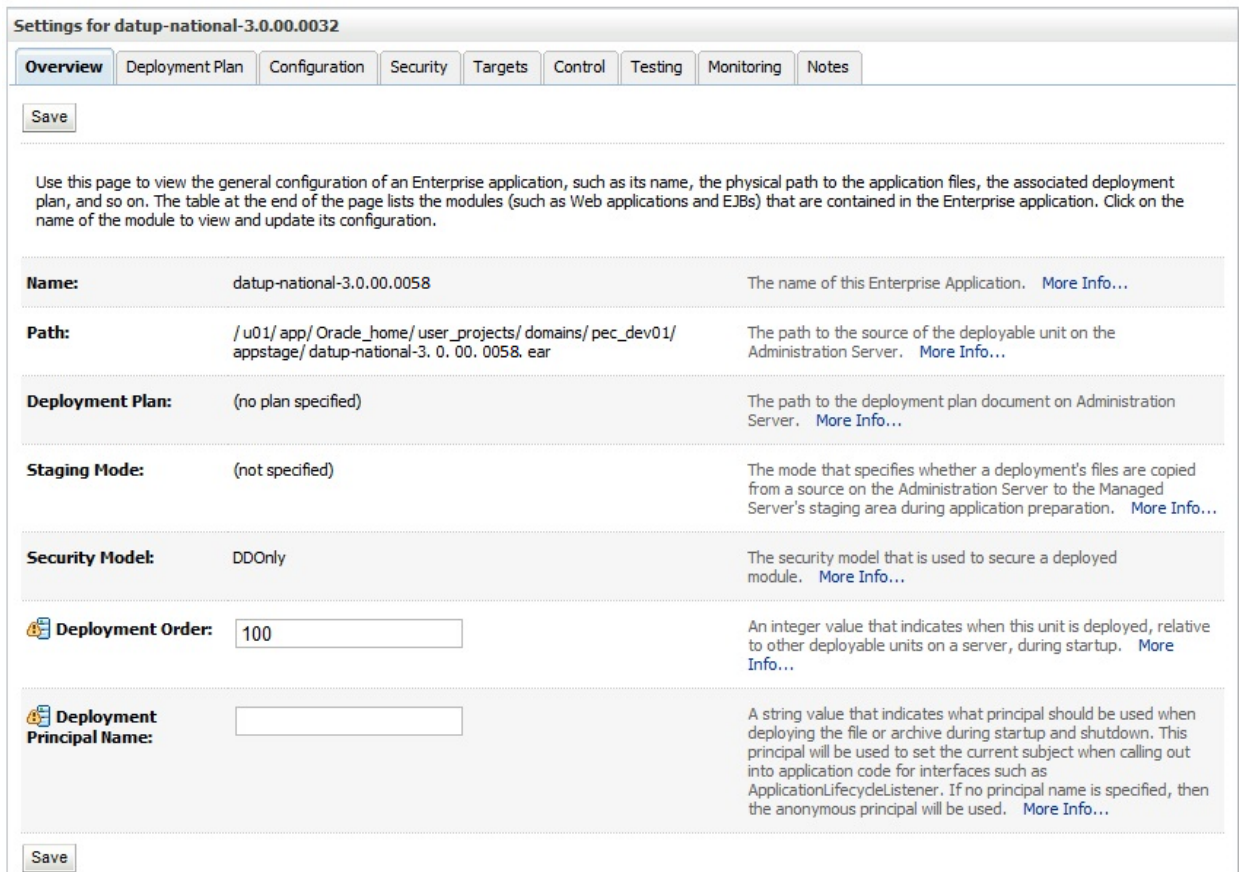


Figure 3-36. Settings for DATUP

- Leave all the values as defaulted by WebLogic and click `Save`.
- Within the `Change Center` panel in the left column of the WebLogic console, click `Activate Changes`. For reference, see Figure 3-90.

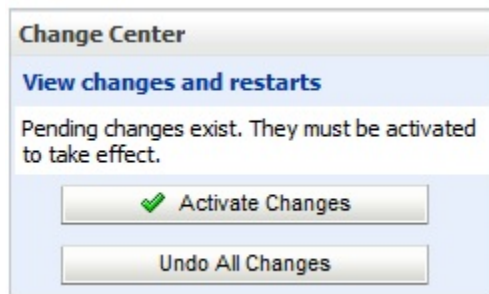


Figure 3-37. Activate Changes

- Within the `Domain Structure` panel in the left column of the WebLogic console, click the `PRE > Deployments` node. For reference, see Figure 3-91.

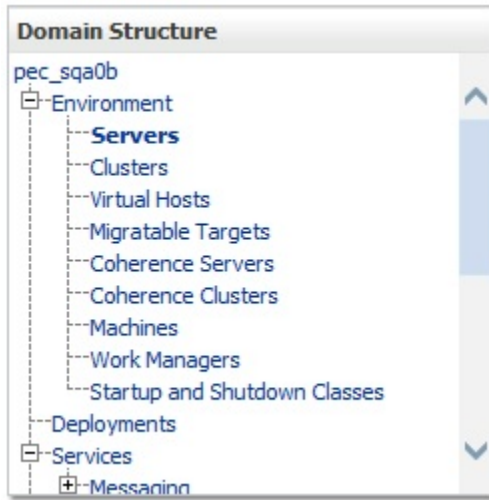


Figure 3-38. Domain Structure

23. WebLogic will now display the panel `Summary of Deployments` in the right column of the console, where all deployments for the WebLogic domain are listed. For reference, see Figure 3-92.

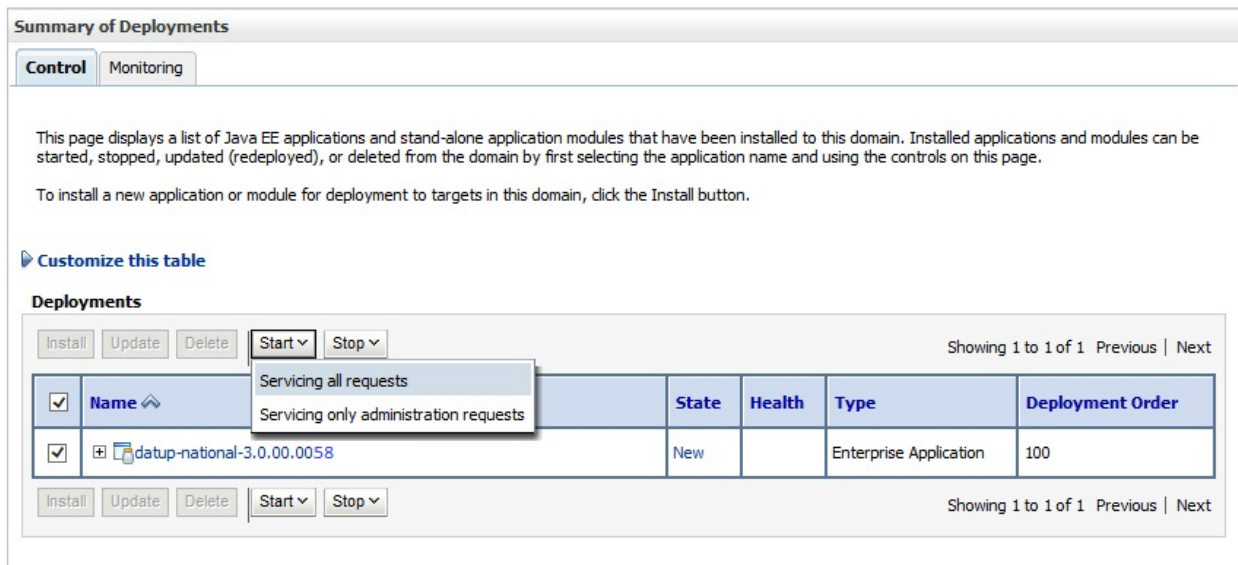


Figure 3-39. Summary of Deployments

24. Select the previously deployed DATUP deployment, click `Start`, and then select `Servicing all requests` from the drop-down list box.
25. WebLogic will now display the panel `Start Application Assistant` in the right column of the console for confirmation to start servicing requests. For reference, see Figure 3-93.

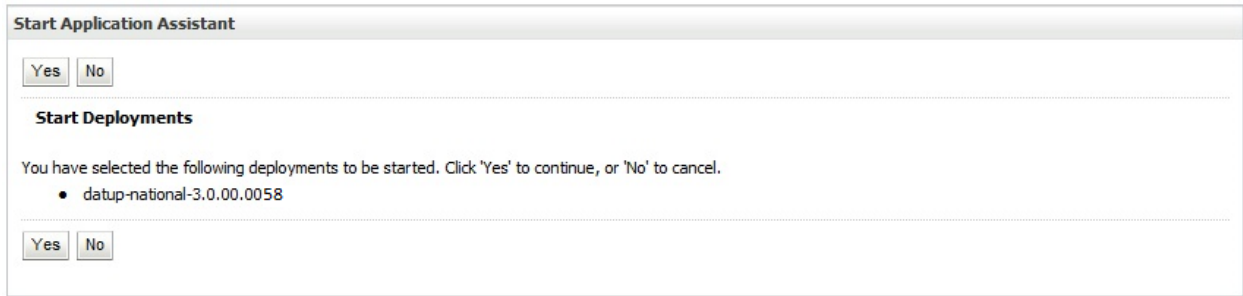


Figure 3-40. Start Application Assistant

26. Click **Yes** in the **Start Application Assistant** panel in the right column of the WebLogic console.
27. WebLogic now returns to the **Summary of Deployments** panel in the right column of the console. For reference, see Figure 3-94.

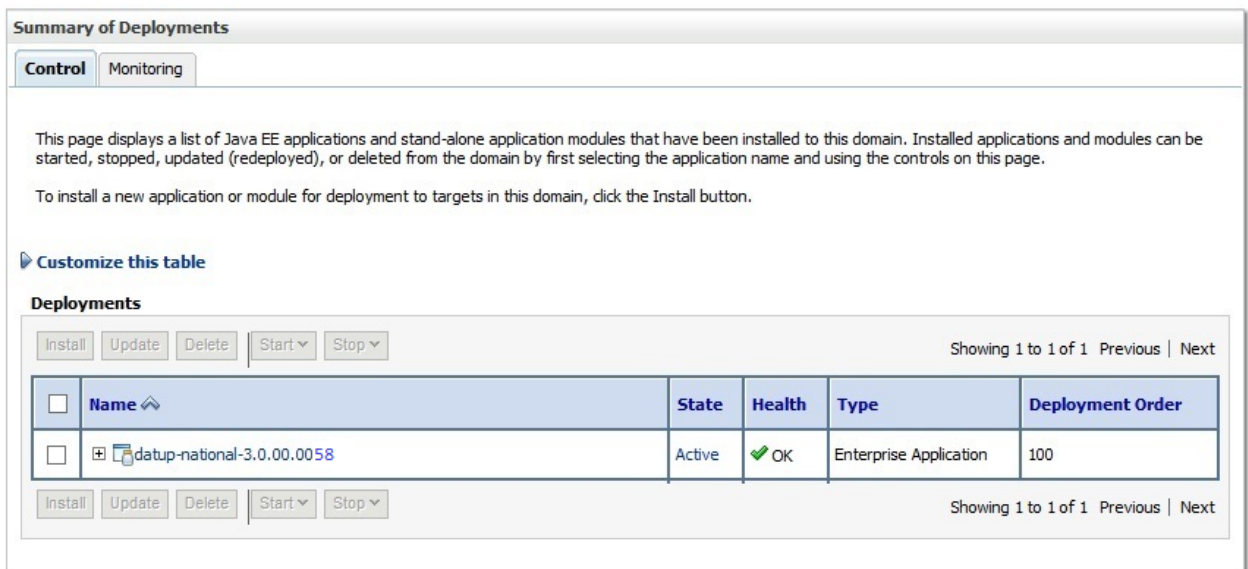


Figure 3-41. Summary of Deployments – DATUP Deployment Active

28. Verify that the **State** of the **DATUP** deployment is **Active**.

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4 Upgrade Installation Instructions

The following instructions detail the steps required to perform an installation of a release for the DATUP software when an existing release is already deployed at a national site. These steps assume a fresh installation has been completed, following the steps in Section 3.

4.1 Uninstall Previous Release

The following steps detail the un-installation of the DATUP application. Prior to completing these steps, the DATUP application must have been deployed following the steps in Section 3. Complete the following steps to un-deploy DATUP:

1. Open and log into the WebLogic console. This is located at: `http://<Deployment Machine>:7001/console`.
2. Within the Domain Structure panel in the left column of the WebLogic console, click the Deployments node. For reference, see Figure 4-1.

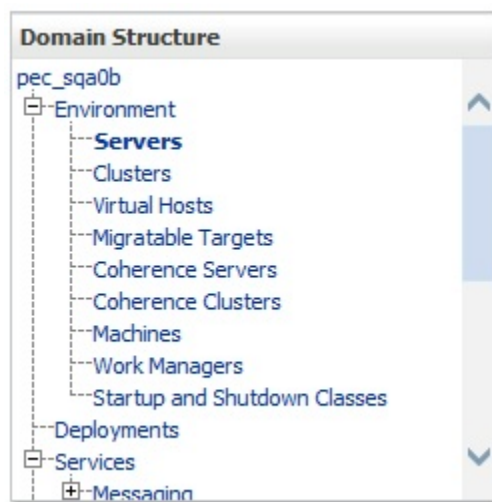


Figure 4-1. Domain Structure

3. Within the Change Center panel in the left column of the WebLogic console, click Lock & Edit. For reference, see Figure 4-2.

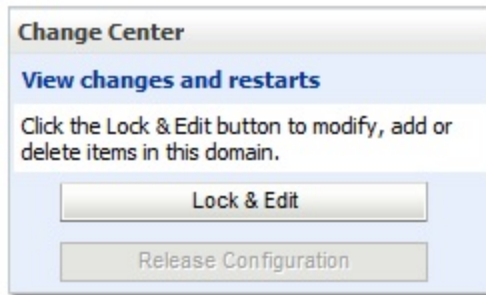


Figure 4-2. Change Center

4. WebLogic will now display the panel Summary of Deployments in the right column of the console, where all deployments for the WebLogic domain are listed. For reference, see Figure 4-3.

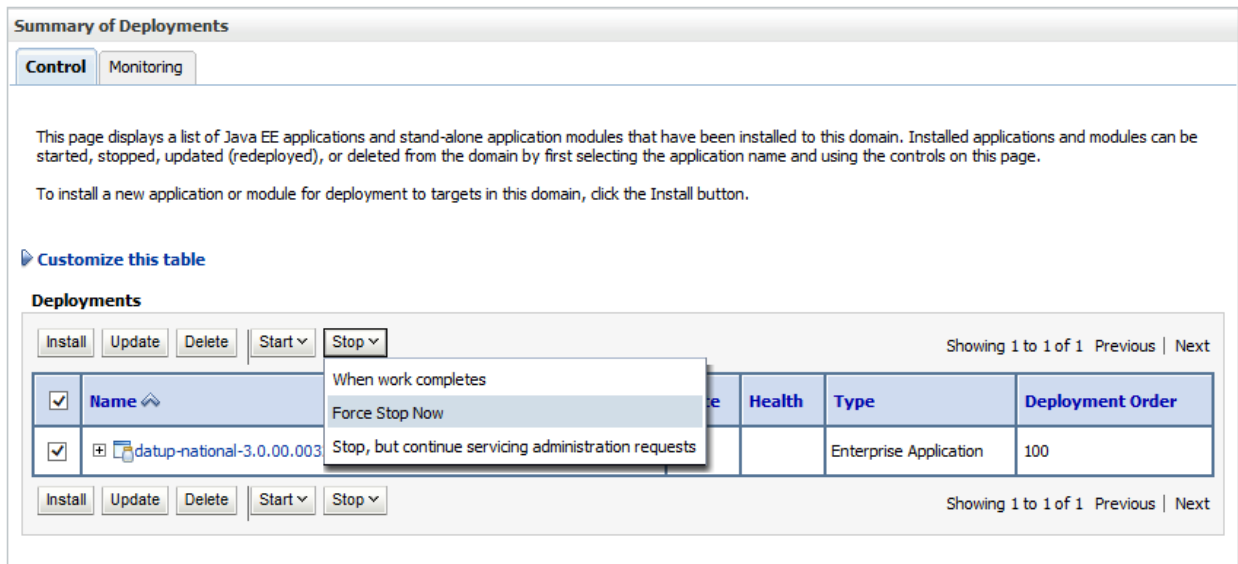


Figure 4-3. Summary of Deployments – Stopping DATUP

5. Select the previously deployed DATUP deployment, click Stop, and then select Force Stop Now from the drop-down list box.

- WebLogic will now display the panel `Force Stop Application Assistant` in the right column of the console for confirmation to start servicing requests. For reference, see Figure 4-4.

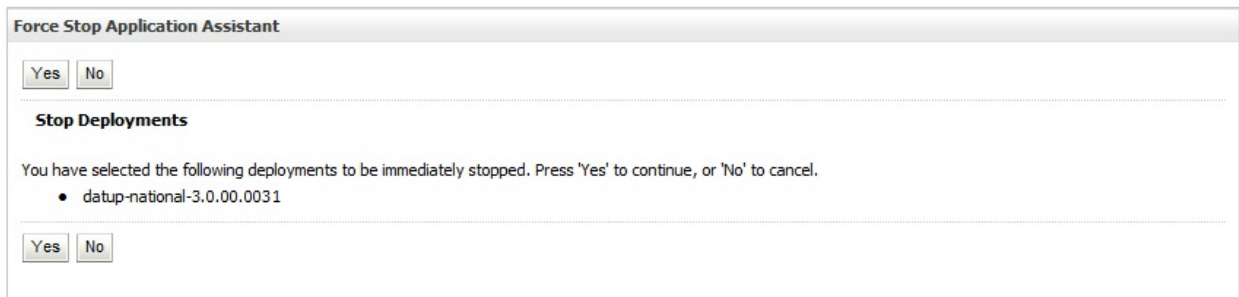


Figure 4-4. Force Stop Application Assistant

- Click `Yes` in the `Force Stop Application Assistant` panel in the right column of the WebLogic console.
- WebLogic now returns to the `Summary of Deployments` panel in the right column of the console. For reference, see Figure 4-5.

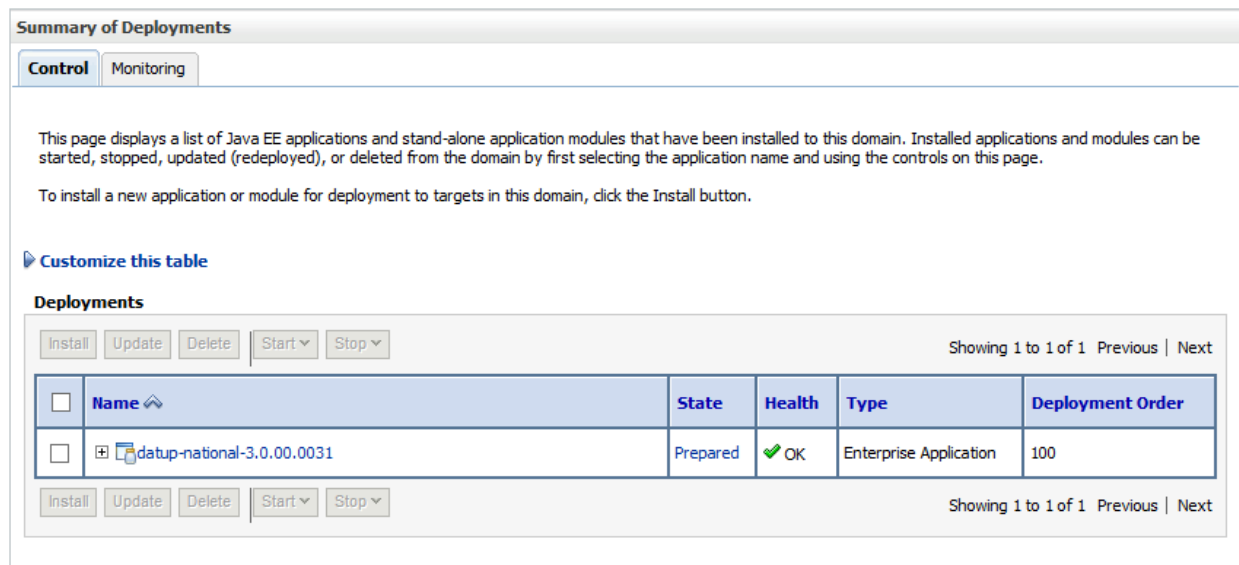


Figure 4-5. Summary of Deployments – DATUP Deployment Prepared

- Verify that the `State` of the DATUP deployment is `Prepared`.
- Select the previously deployed DATUP deployment, and then click `Delete`.

11. WebLogic will now display the panel Delete Application Assistant in the right column of the console for confirmation to start servicing requests. For reference, see Figure 4-6.

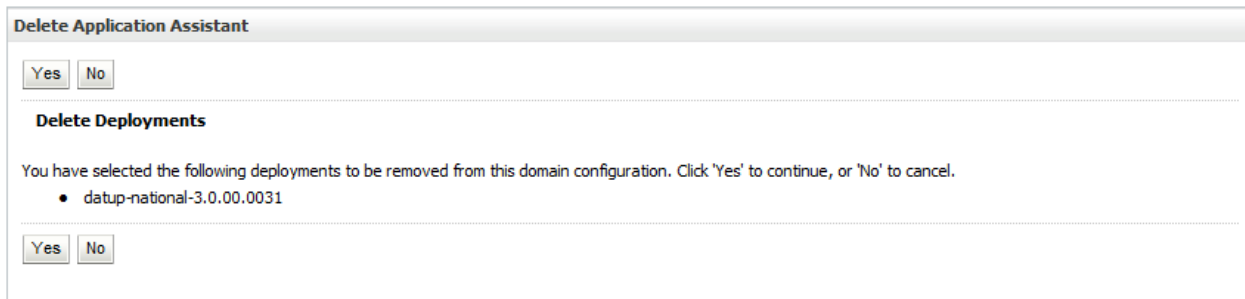


Figure 4-6. Delete Application Assistant

12. Click Yes in the Delete Application Assistant panel in the right column of the WebLogic console.
13. WebLogic now returns to the Summary of Deployments panel in the right column of the console. For reference, see Figure 4-7.

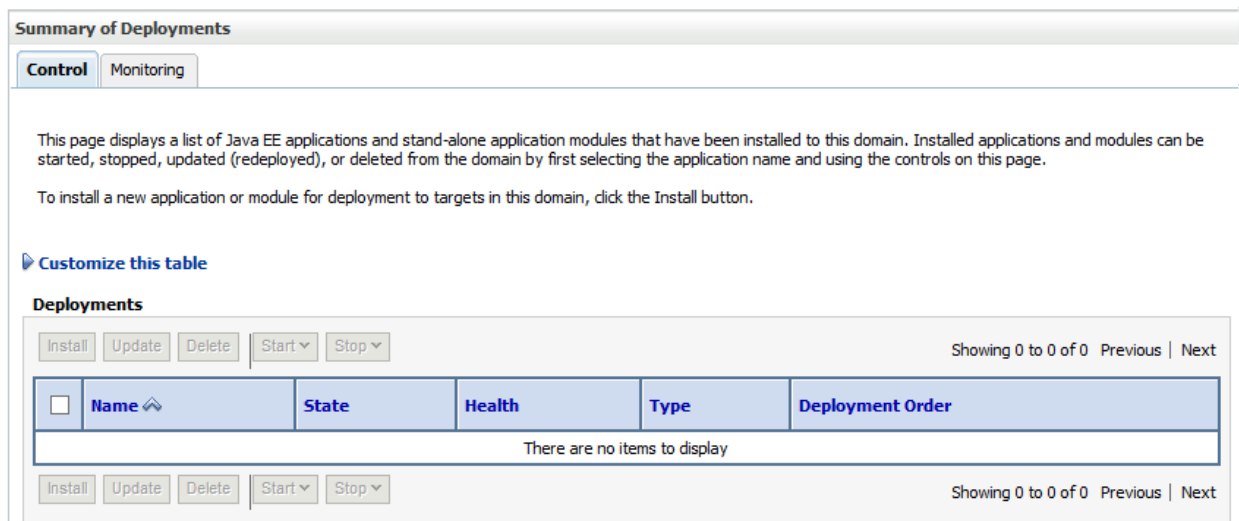


Figure 4-7. Summary of Deployments – DATUP Deployment Deleted

14. Verify that the DATUP deployment is deleted and no longer present.

15. Within the Change Center panel in the left column of the WebLogic console, click Activate Changes. For reference, see Figure 4-8.

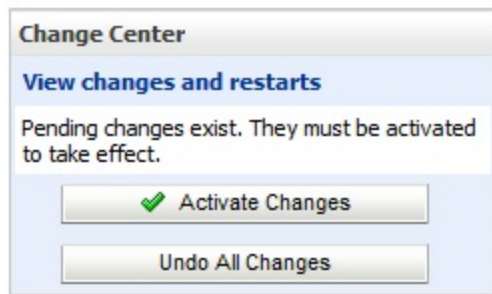


Figure 4-8. Activate Changes

4.2 Deploy New Release

To deploy the new release, follow the same deployment steps found in Section 313.4.8.

4.3 Backout Build

To backout the current DATUP build, follow the steps in Section 4.1 to uninstall the build. Then, follow the steps in Section 4.2 to deploy the previous build.

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5 System Verification

The following section will verify that the DATUP system is up and running at a national site.

5.1 Verification

To verify that the national DATUP installation is up and running, navigate a web-browser to the logs directory on your server, example `http://DATUP-n/logs/NationalDatupServer/logs`.

Verify that the `server.log` file has an entry indicating the next scheduled run time of the DATUP application. The `server.log` entry looks like:

```
DEBUG  
[REDACTEDpharmacy.peps.updater.common.utility.DifUpdateScheduler:scheduleNextTimer]  
Next scheduled DIF update time: Thu, 08/26/2010, 02:45:00 PM, CDT
```

This line indicates that the system is running.

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Appendix A: National DATUP Configuration

This appendix provides National configuration file examples based on the baseline `fdb_datup_configuration.properties` file. Configure the parameters in this file to match the settings of the particular environment into which you are installing. The `sftp.hostname`, `sftp.port`, `sftp.username`, `sftp.password`, `sftp.base.directory`, and `sftp.fdb.directory` much match the configuration of the sftp server.

The `fdb.flag.provider.url` value should be configured with the servername and port where DATUP National is running.

The `file.name.fragment` and `file.search.type` should be configured to match the environment in which DATUP is being installed.

Example National DATUP Configuration File

```
#####
#----- Scheduler -----
#####

#####
# Scheduled nightly update time (military time).
#
# For example, "0230" schedules the nightly update
# for 2:30 am.
#
# *This parameter applies to National and Local.
#####
scheduled.time=0630

#####
#----- sFTP Server -----
#####

#####
# SFTP server hostname
#
# Specify the SFTP server hostname.
#
# *This parameter applies to National and Local.
#####
sftp.hostname=vaauspresftp01.aac.va.gov

#####
# SFTP server port number
#
# Specify the SFTP server port number.
#
# *This parameter applies to National and Local.
#####
sftp.port=22
```

```
#####
# SFTP server username/password.
#
# Specify the anonymous account username/password.
#
# *These parameters apply to National and Local.
#####
sftp.username=presftp
sftp.password=password
```

```
#####
# SFTP server working directory
#
# Specify the SFTP working directory, relative to
# the SFTP root directory.
#
# *This parameter applies to National and Local.
#####
sftp.base.directory=/home/presftp/pecs_preprod/
```

```
#####
# Pending FDB-DIF update storage directory.
#
# Specify the pending directory, relative to the
# working directory, to the location where FDB-DIF
# full, incremental, and custom ZIP files will be
# placed for processing.
#
# *This parameter applies to National.
#####
sftp.fdb.directory=/home/presftp/pecs_preprod/fdb_dif
```

```
#####
# File Name Fragment
#
# Specify the fragment of the file name to be used when searching for
# files to process.
# Production Environment value of "UPD"
# All Other Environments value of "I"
#
# *The search is case insensitive.
# *This parameter is used in conjunction with File Search Type
# (file.search.type)
# *This parameter applies to National.
#####
#file.name.fragment=UPD
file.name.fragment=I
```

```

#####
# File Search Type
#
# Specify the search type that should be used.
#
# Production Environment value of "contains"
# All Other Environments value of "starts_with"
#
# *This parameter is used in conjunction with File Name Fragment
(file.name.fragment)
# *This parameter applies to National.
#####
#file.search.type=contains
file.search.type=starts_with

#####
#----- FDB DIF -----
#####

#####
# Number of random FDB-DIF verification tests
#
# Specify the number of random FDB-DIF verification
# tests to run. 10 is a reasonable number. However,
# do not specify a large number as it will cause an
# unacceptable delay for processing new VistA order
# checks during that time.
#
# *This parameter applies to National and Local.
#####
fdb.verification.test.count=5

#####
# Comparison Reports Property
#
# This property is to be set to true if DATUP will
# need to wait on the PECS Application to finish
# running the Comparison Reports.
#
# In environments where PECS is not installed,
# set this to false to eliminate the dependency
# on PECS Comparison Reports running.
#
# *This parameter applies to National.
#####
comparison.reports=true

#####
# FDB Comparison Report Created Flag
#
# This property sets the default value for a boolean
# JNDI resource that will be created on the Weblogic

```

```

# Domain at startup.
# This boolean value (or flag) will be used by both
# Datup National and PECS to coordinate the processing
# of fdb files so PECS can make appropriate use
# such files before they are deleted by DATUP.
#
# *If this property is not defined, the default value
# will be set to false.
# *This parameter applies to National.
#####
fdb.comparison.report.created.flag=false

#####
#fdb.flag.provider.url
#
# Specifies the URL of the WebLogic Server that
# provides the naming context where the
# fdb_comparison_report_created_flag resource resides.
# i.e. t3://servername:port (t3 is Weblogic's protocol)
# This property is also defined in PECS, so the
# value on both properties should be the same.
#####
fdb.flag.provider.url=t3://vaauspecapp93.aac.va.gov:8007

#####
# FDB wait time for PECS run
#
# Specify the number of minutes that DATUP will
# wait for PECS to generate its FDB Customization
# report before trying to process the FDB-DIF
# files again.
#
# Default value will be 20 minutes
# *This parameter applies to National.
#####
fdb.pecs.wait.time=180

#####
#----- Email Server -----
#####

#####
# Email server hostname
#
# *This parameter applies to National and Local.
#####
email.hostname=SMTP.VA.GOV

```

```

#####
# Email sender name
#
# For example, "noreply@va.gov".
#
# *This parameter applies to National and Local.
#####
email.sender=PECS_PreProd_AITC@med.va.gov

#####
# Email username/password
#
# May be necessary to relay email.
#
# *These parameters apply to National and Local.
#####
email.username=
email.password=

#####
# Email list for success notifications
#
# Include individuals that should be notified about
# successful FDB/FDB-Custom updates.
#
# *This parameter applies to National and Local.
#####
email.list.success=SDDPREArch@med.va.gov

#####
# Email list for failure notifications
#
# Include individuals that should be notified about
# failed FDB/FDB-Custom updates.
#
# *This parameter applies to National and Local.
#####
email.list.failure=SDDPREArch@med.va.gov

#####
# Email list for available update notifications
#
# Include individuals that should be notified about
# available FDB/FDB-Custom updates once they are
# applied and tested and National. This list should
# include the local site managers.
#
# *This parameter applies to National.
#####
email.list.update.available=SDDPREArch@med.va.gov

```

```

#####
#----- Locality -----
#####

#####
# Regional Data Center (RDC) name
#
# Specify the name of the RDC or leave blank if
# this installation is not part of a RDC.
#
# *This parameter applies to Local.
#####
locality.rdc.name=

#####
# Site number(s)
#
# Specify the site number(s) for this installation.
# If more than one site is associated with this
# installation, separate the site numbers with a
# comma (e.g., 423,512,211).
#
# *This parameter applies to Local.
#####
locality.site.number=

#####
# Number of retained FDB-DIF incremental archives
#
# Due to potential site outages, it is necessary
# to retain a certain number of FDB-DIF archives.
#
# *This parameter applies to National.
#####
fdb.retention=20

#####
# Number of statements to batch before commit
#
# Specify the number of statements to batch before
# a commit to the database. This value is database
# vendor and JDBC driver dependent. A reasonable
# batch size is 500. However, tests show that Cache
# may throw system errors with a batch size greater
# than 200.
#
# Specify a batch size of 0 to disable batching. A
# single commit will be issued at the end of the
# incremental update.
#
# *This parameter applies to National and Local.
#####

```

fdb.batch.commit.size=0

```
#####
#----- IMAGE PROCESSING-----
#####
image.processing.national=TRUE
image.processing.local=FALSE
#####
# The location where the image files will be stored
#
#
# *This parameter applies to National only
#####
image.directory.national=/tmp/imaging/

#####
# The location where the image files will be stored
#
#
# *This parameter applies to local only
#####
image.directory.local=/tmp/imaging/

#####
# The email to send to names or group
#
#
# *This parameter applies to National only
#####
image.email.sendto.national=SDDPREArch@med.va.gov

#####
# The email to send to names or group
#
#
# *This parameter applies to local only
#####
image.email.sendto.local=SDDPREArch@med.va.gov
```


Appendix B: Combined DATUP / PECS Architecture

This appendix provides the combined DATUP / PECS architecture diagram for reference. The combined logical system components are:

1. DATUP – Implements the FDB-DIF update business logic.
2. Scheduler – Background process for scheduling DATUP.
3. WebLogic – Application server environment.
4. Configuration File – Defines the DATUP configuration settings.
5. Email Templates – Templated emails for notifications sent to National/Local Managers.
6. Anonymous FTP Server – FTP Server that hosts the FDB-DIF update archives.
7. Email Server – Email relay server.
8. PECS – Implements the FDB-Custom drug business logic.
9. CT Staging Database – Stores PECS FDB-Custom modifications.
10. DATUP Database – Stores DATUP site update history.
11. FDB-DIF Database – Stores the FDB-DIF drug database.
12. Legacy VistA – Existing VistA server.

Figure B-1 illustrates the logical system components for the National and Local environments. The National components are responsible for verifying and publishing FDB-DIF and FDB-Custom updates to the Anonymous FTP Server. The Local components then consume and apply the verified updates in an automated manner.

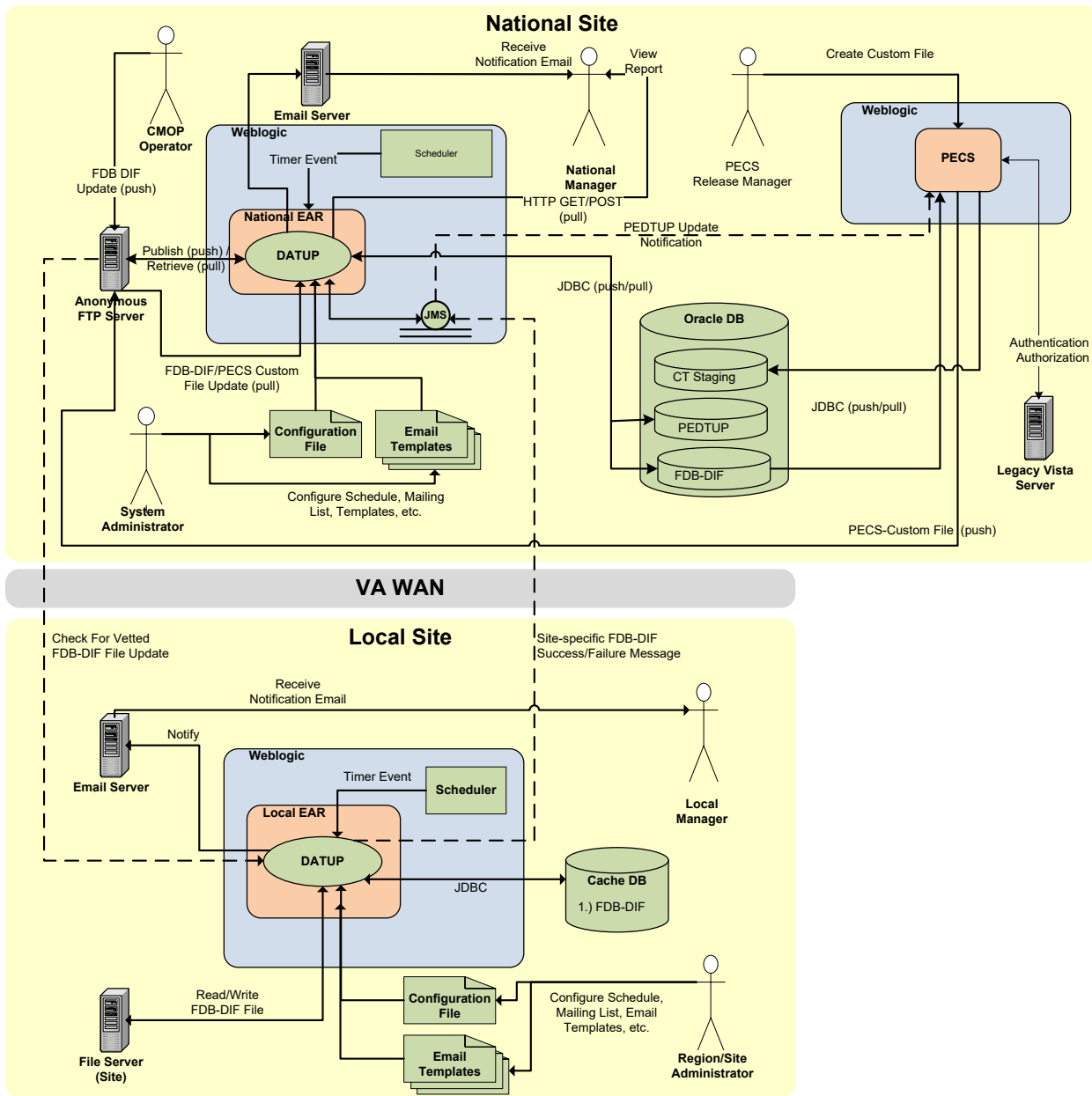


Figure B-1: Combined DATUP/PECS Architecture Diagram

Appendix C: log4j Properties

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
<!DOCTYPE log4j:configuration SYSTEM "log4j.dtd">

<log4j:configuration xmlns:log4j="http://jakarta.apache.org/log4j/">

    <appender name="STDOUT" class="org.apache.log4j.ConsoleAppender">
        <layout class="org.apache.log4j.PatternLayout">
            <param name="ConversionPattern" value="%d %-5p [%t]
%C{2} (%F:%L) - %m%n"/>
        </layout>
    </appender>

    <appender name="PepsAppender"
class="org.apache.log4j.RollingFileAppender">
        <param name="File" value="DATUPLOGS/peps.log"/>
        <param name="Append" value="false"/>
        <param name="MaxBackupIndex" value="10"/>
        <layout class="org.apache.log4j.PatternLayout">
            <param name="ConversionPattern" value="%d{dd MMM yyyy hh:mm:ss
a} %-5p [%c:%M] %m%n"/>
        </layout>
    </appender>

    <appender name="FileAppender"
class="org.apache.log4j.RollingFileAppender">
        <param name="File" value="DATUPLOGS/server.log"/>
        <param name="Append" value="false"/>
        <param name="MaxBackupIndex" value="10"/>
        <layout class="org.apache.log4j.PatternLayout">
            <param name="ConversionPattern" value="%d{dd MMM yyyy hh:mm:ss a}
%-5p [%c:%M] %m%n"/>
        </layout>
    </appender>

    <appender name="HibernateAppender"
class="org.apache.log4j.RollingFileAppender">
        <param name="File" value="DATUPLOGS/hibernate.log"/>
        <param name="Append" value="false"/>
        <param name="MaxBackupIndex" value="10"/>
        <layout class="org.apache.log4j.PatternLayout">
            <param name="ConversionPattern" value="%d{dd MMM yyyy hh:mm:ss a}
%-5p [%c:%M] %m%n"/>
        </layout>
    </appender>

    <appender name="SpringAppender"
class="org.apache.log4j.RollingFileAppender">
        <param name="File" value="DATUPLOGS/spring.log"/>
        <param name="Append" value="false"/>
        <param name="MaxBackupIndex" value="10"/>
        <layout class="org.apache.log4j.PatternLayout">
            <param name="ConversionPattern" value="%d{dd MMM yyyy hh:mm:ss a}
%-5p [%c:%M] %m%n"/>
        </layout>
    </appender>
</log4j:configuration>
```

```

    </layout>
  </appender>

  <appender name="StrutsAppender"
class="org.apache.log4j.RollingFileAppender">
    <param name="File" value="DATUPLUGS/struts.log"/>
    <param name="Append" value="false"/>
    <param name="MaxBackupIndex" value="10"/>
    <layout class="org.apache.log4j.PatternLayout">
      <param name="ConversionPattern" value="%d{dd MMM yyyy hh:mm:ss a}
%-5p [%c:%M] %m%n"/>
    </layout>
  </appender>

  <appender name="CT" class="org.apache.log4j.RollingFileAppender">
    <param name="file" value="DATUPLUGS/ct_prod.log"/>
      <param name="MaxFileSize" value="10000KB"/>
      <param name="MaxBackupIndex" value="10"/>
    <layout class="org.apache.log4j.PatternLayout">
      <param name="ConversionPattern" value="%d %5p %l - %m%n"/>
    </layout>
  </appender>

  <logger name="log4j.logger.REDACTEDpharmacy.ct">
    <level value="debug"/>
    <appender-ref ref="CT" />
  </logger>

  <logger name="log4j.logger.REDACTEDpharmacy.ct.web">
    <level value="debug"/>
    <appender-ref ref="CT" />
  </logger>

  <!-- INFO-level logger: turn on to record timing audit information -->

  <logger name="REDACTEDmonitor.time.AuditTimer" additivity="false" >
    <level value="info" />
    <appender-ref ref="FileAppender"/>
  </logger>

  <logger
name="org.apache.beehive.netui.pageflow.internal.AdapterManager"
additivity="false" >
    <level value="warn" />
    <appender-ref ref="FileAppender"/>
  </logger>

  <logger name="org.apache.log4j">
    <level value="info" />
  </logger>

  <logger name="org.hibernate" additivity="false">
    <level value="info" />
    <appender-ref ref="HibernateAppender"/>
  </logger>

```

```

<logger name="org.hibernate.type" additivity="false">
  <level value="warn" />
  <appender-ref ref="HibernateAppender"/>
</logger>

<logger name="org.hibernate.loader" additivity="false">
  <level value="warn" />
  <appender-ref ref="HibernateAppender"/>
</logger>

<logger name="org.hibernate.impl" additivity="false">
  <level value="warn" />
  <appender-ref ref="HibernateAppender"/>
</logger>

<logger name="org.springframework" additivity="false">
  <level value="error" />
  <appender-ref ref="SpringAppender"/>
</logger>

<logger name="org.apache.struts2" additivity="false">
  <level value="error" />
  <appender-ref ref="StrutsAppender" />
</logger>

<logger name="com.opensymphony.xwork2" additivity="false">
  <level value="error" />
  <appender-ref ref="StrutsAppender" />
</logger>

<logger name="org.apache.commons.digester" additivity="false">
  <level value="error" />
  <appender-ref ref="StrutsAppender" />
</logger>

<logger name="freemarker.cache" additivity="false">
  <level value="error" />
  <appender-ref ref="StrutsAppender" />
</logger>

<logger name="org.apache.tiles" additivity="false">
  <level value="error" />
  <appender-ref ref="StrutsAppender" />
</logger>

<logger name="net.sf.navigator" additivity="false">
  <level value="error" />
  <appender-ref ref="StrutsAppender" />
</logger>

<logger name="org.displaytag" additivity="false">
  <level value="error" />
  <appender-ref ref="StrutsAppender" />
</logger>

<logger name="org.apache.commons">
  <level value="warn" />

```

```
</logger>
<logger name="REDACTEDpharmacy.peps" additivity="false">
  <level value="debug" />
  <appender-ref ref="PepsAppender"/>
</logger>

<root>
  <priority value="error" />
  <appender-ref ref="FileAppender"/>
  <appender-ref ref="PepsAppender"/>
  <appender-ref ref="HibernateAppender"/>
  <appender-ref ref="SpringAppender"/>
  <appender-ref ref="StrutsAppender"/>
  <appender-ref ref="STDOUT"/>
  <appender-ref ref="CT"/>
</root>

</log4j:configuration>
```

Appendix D: Rollback Process

If the installation process must be stopped when updating an environment from a previous version of DATUP National, follow the steps outlined in order to rollback the application.

1. Follow the PECS and PPS-N Rollback Process. The PECS Rollback Process is found in the *PECS Installation Guide.docx*. The PPS-N Rollback Process is found in the PPS-N Install Guide, titled *PPS-N_V1.1.10_IG.docx*. Both documents can be found on the PECS TSPR site: <http://tspr.vista.med.va.gov/warboard/anotebk.asp?proj=1474&Type=Active>
2. Deploy the old DATUP National EAR file.